



Annual PERFORMANCE PLAN 2020-2021







Executive Authority Statement



When we presented the APP in 2020, a year which marked the beginning of a new, important decade, we acknowledged that we faced serious economic challenges that were common to the world and our country, which in KwaZulu-Natal took a particular form. While the economic threats were well documented, we are yet to factor into our programmes the unfolding reality of a new threat, the Corona Virus or Covid-19. With the worst clearly yet to come, the Corona Virus has already impacted normal life in our province and touched every corner, every home and every public space. This is a time for collective action. We call for fortified resilience from all our people so that we can emerge victorious on the

other side ready to make KwaZulu-Natal an even better, safer place to live.

We present this Revised APP having felt the impact of this virus on our Province through the loss of lives, increased infections rates and decreased budget allocations. Within this context we are still planning to ensure Operation Sukuma Sakhe is strengthened and integrated with the new District Delivery Model that brings the three spheres of government together including State Owned Entities to plan, budget and implement jointly. The Office of the Premier will provide oversight, coordination, monitoring and evaluation.

As we become accustomed to the new normal, the implementation of the APP remains our focus, along with the public servants who remain at the forefront of execution.

We thank the Director-General in KwaZulu-Natal and all our dedicated public servants who work tirelessly to align the electoral mandate of the governing party with the NDP, the Medium-Term Strategic Framework as reflected in this Annual Performance Plan.

Let us unite, innovate, and get to work.

Sihle Zikalala

Premier of KwaZulu-Natal

23/08/2020

Accounting Officer Statement



When we commenced this year, little did we understand the immense changes that we would be confronted with as a department, province, country or the world. The COVID-19 pandemic has changed the face of our everyday lives and has forced us to revolutionise the manner in which we think and address issues. For us in KwaZulu Natal provincial government, this has included embracing technology as we work from home, forging partnerships with stakeholders to assist in the fight against the pandemic, and creating a space to consider more flexible approaches in policies, plans and resource utilisation. As a province we have discovered that our approach must be the full harvesting of all existing capacities and capabilities across all government spheres and organs of state. In terms of our mandate of co-ordination of provincial government

services, we have led in the interventions of the province by establishing and holding constant Command Centre meetings, thereby directing resources to the neediest areas in the province.

This plan remains the first plan of a 5- year implementation period. However, we have had to take into consideration the impact of the COVID -19 on the department, terms of budget reductions and outputs and targets that had to be adjusted. As much as we have had a reduction in budget, we remain on track in terms of key deliverables targeted for the financial year and MTEF in aspiring to achieve the outcomes deveined in the 5-year Strategic plan of the Department.

In keeping with the ethos outlined in the high level plan, the revised annual performance plan operationalises the outcome of improved governance and accountability by working towards a clean audit result for the department, implementing consequence management, ensuring the reduction of fruitless & wasteful expenditure and monitoring the performance of departments.

Improved co-ordination, integration and efficiency in our provincial government will be achieved through the implementation of a Provincial ICT Strategy which supports the fourth industrial revolution and we need to intensify programmatic interventions in the mainstreaming of a culture of human rights through integrated plans for vulnerable groups. Inclusive stakeholder engagement & improved partnerships will be enhanced through spearheading the District Development Model and endorsing the One-District, One-Plan, One-Budget philosophy.

The departmental outcome of a professional & ethical provincial administration will include the development and management of a Provincial Hotline which will allow citizens of the province a platform to access provincial government.

We are mindful that our plans provide us with a roadmap, and even the current disasters will not deter us from yielding the call to ensure service delivery is efficient and effective, and the pace of delivery in the Province is accelerated.

-Đĩ Nonhlanhla O. Mkhize Director-General

KwaZulu-Natal Province Date: 21/08/2020

Official Sign-Off

It is hereby certified that this Revised Annual Performance Plan:

- Was developed by the management of the Kwa-Zulu Office of the Premier under the guidance of the Honourable Premier: Mr S Zikalala.
- Takes into account all relevant policies, legislation and other mandates for which the Office of the Premier is responsible.
- Accurately reflects the outcomes and outputs which the Office of the Premier will endeavour to achieve over the period 2020 – 2021.

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Deputy Director-General Strategic Management; and	
Acting Deputy Director-General: Stakeholder Coordination	
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Signature:	Date: 21/8/2020
Mr Z Mnqayi: Deputy Director-General: Institutional	
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Corporate Services	
Signature: Mr S Emslie: Acting Chief Financial Officer	Date: 21/08/2020
Signature: Nung Dr Nonhlanhla O. Mkhize: Director-General	Date: 21/08/20
Approved by:	

Date: 23/08/2020

Signature: __ Mr S Zikalala

Premier: KwaZulu-Natal

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Part A: Our Mandate

1. Constitutional Mandate

The Office of the Premier is in the main not a line function department. It has a coordinating function and is the highest office in the Province. It bridges the gap between the provincial departments, DPSA and DPME and provides strategic leadership and direction to provincial departments.

Its core mandate, derived from the Constitution and Public Service Act and in supporting the Premier is to provide strategic leadership, coordinating functions of the provincial administration and supporting the oversight role through monitoring and evaluation.

The Office of the Premier's responsibility is to lead and coordinate all National and Provincial Priorities applicable to the Province.

The mandates of the Office in its supportive role to the Premier are embodied in the country's Constitution, Public Service Act and other statutory provisions, National and Provincial policy papers and Executive Council Resolutions. The pertinent mandates of the Office of the Premier, with a brief description of what they entail, are as follows:

Chapter 6, Provinces, Constitution of South Africa, 1996, outlines specific functions and responsibilities to the Premier, and the Executive Council, whilst Chapter 10 creates the Public Service and Administration. The following sections are highlighted as key mandatory elements:

Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996		
Section	Description	
125. Executive authority of provinces	The executive authority of a province is vested in the Premier of that province. The section provides for the Premier exercising the executive authority, together with the Executive Council, in the Province by:	
	 Implementing national and provincial legislation. Administering national legislation falling outside legislative competence assigned to province. Developing and implementing provincial policy. Co-ordinating functions of the provincial administration and its departments. Preparing and initiating provincial legislation; and Performing any other function assigned to the Provincial Executive. 	
126. Assignment of functions	A member of the Executive Council of a province may assign any power or function that is to be exercised or performed in terms of an Act of Parliament or a provincial Act, to a Municipal Council.	
127. Powers and functions of Premiers	 The following functions are assigned to the Premier specifically: Assenting to and signing Bills. Referring Bill back to legislature for reconsideration of Bill's constitutionality. Referring Bill to Constitutional Court for a decision on the Bill's constitutionality. 	

Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996	
Section	Description
	 Summoning the legislature to an extraordinary sitting to conduct special business; and Appointing commissions of inquiry; and Calling a referendum in the province in accordance with national legislation.
132. Executive Councils	The Executive Council of a Province consists of the Premier, as head of the Council, no fewer than five and no more than ten Members appointed by the Premier from among Members of the Provincial Legislature. The Premier of a Province appoints Members of the Executive Council (MECs), assigns powers and functions, and may dismiss them.
195. Basic values and principles governing public administration	Defines the values and ethics of the Public administration, including ethical standards, sound resource management, development orientation, impartiality, people centred development and policy making.
197. Public Service	Within public administration, public service Provincial governments are responsible for the recruitment, appointment, promotion, transfer and dismissal of members of the public service in their administrations within a framework of uniform norms and standards applying to the public service.
212. Traditional Leaders	The recognition and continued existence of Traditional Leaders, institutions and customary law.

2. Legislative and Policy Mandates

2.1. Legislative Mandates

Whilst the key mandates are derived directly from the Constitution, and the department is subject to all laws, the mandates are further enhanced by the following legislation:

Legislation	Description
Public Service Act, 1994 and Public Service Regulations, 2001	 The Premier has the following functions: Create or abolish departments. Determines functions of provincial departments. Appoints and manages HOD's. As executing authority exercise competencies and responsibilities regarding the internal organization of department. Establishment of the department; and Human resource management of officials and employees, which are assigned to him under the Act.
Public Service Act, 1994 and Public Service Regulations, 2001	 The Director-General has the following responsibilities: Secretary to the Executive Council (Provincial Cabinet). Intergovernmental relations between departments, other provincial administrations and national government. Co-ordinating conduct and legislation; and Strategic direction to the Provincial Administration, including: Functions and organizational arrangements. Employment, training, human resource management. Salaries and conditions of service. Labour relations. Information management and technology; and

Legislation	Description
	- Transformation and reform.
Public Finance Management Act, 1999 and Treasury Regulations, 2001, and 2005, as amended in 2007	 The Premier must: Ensure that execution of statutory functions take place within available funds. Exercise control of public entities to ensure that it complies with the Act; and Table financial and disciplinary board information to the provincial legislature. The Director-General must: Submit measurable objectives to the legislature in regard to each main division of vote. Ensure and maintain. Systems of financial and risk management and internal control and internal audit and audit committee. Appropriate procurement system and effective and efficient procurement use and disposal of all resources. Evaluation system for evaluating all major capital projects prior to a decision on the matter. Effective, efficient, economical and transparent use of resources of the department. Reporting responsibilities; Submission of required information to Treasury and the Auditor-General, including motivations for expenditure; and
Traditional Leadership and Governance Framework Act No 41 of 2003	 Strategic planning; monitoring and evaluation. This National Framework legislation provides for the recognition of traditional communities. It identifies the various positions within the institution of traditional leadership. It further provides a framework for the traditional leadership recognition process. The directive for the passing of provincial legislation accommodates provincial peculiarities and requirements. The Act effectively introduces a transformation process aimed at aligning the traditional leadership institutions with the requirement of a democratic society in terms of the existing Constitution.
KZN Traditional Leadership and Governance Act No. 5 of 2005	This provincial legislation facilitates the transformation of the institution of traditional leadership taking into account the specific provincial requirements.
KwaZulu-Natal Royal House Trust Act, 2018	The Act further strengthens the deliverables envisaged in terms of the oversight of the Trust with one minor amendment of the wording to reflect the intention of the Act as it no longer uses the term "household", but uses the term "house". The Act re-emphasizes the roles and responsibilities of the Office of the Premier and the Royal House Trust. Whereas the Office of the Premier is responsible for the support services to His Majesty, it also remains the custodian of staff supporting the House and as such, by extension, still provides support to the House. Whilst the Act was enacted from 1 June 2018, several administrative issues regarding implementation was still being resolved as part of the transition, including financial and asset related matters. The KwaZulu-Natal Zulu Royal House Trust Act was assented to on 2 May 2018.

Legislation	Description
KwaZulu-Natal Commissions Act, 1999 (Act No. 3 of 1999)	This Act provides the framework for the appointment of Commissions of Inquiry by the Premier and the functioning of such commissions.
National Youth Commission Act, 1996 (Act No. 19 of 1996)	Section 7A of the Act provides that the Premier, as the Minister responsible for youth matters, be consulted on procedures and programmes to promote and maintain a sound working relationship between the Commission and the Province.
The following generic	legislation also impact on the Office of the Premier:
Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 1997	This Act establishes and makes provision for the regulation of basic conditions of employment in compliance with the obligations of the Republic as a member state of the International Labour Organisation.
Electronic Communications and Transactions Act, 2002	In terms of section 28 of this Act, the Department may specify by notice in the Gazette the manner and format wherein data messages must be filed, the type of electronic signatures required, the appropriate control processes and procedures to ensure adequate security and confidentiality of data messages or payments.
Employment Equity Act, 1998	This legislation prohibits unfair discrimination in the workplace, provides for affirmative action, the submission of an Employment Equity Plan (EEP) and progress reports on monitoring the implementation of the EEP.
Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005 (Act No.13 of 2005)	This Act provides for a framework for the national government, provincial governments and local governments to promote and facilitate intergovernmental relations; to provide for mechanisms and procedures to facilitate the settlement of intergovernmental disputes.
Labour Relations Act, 1995	The Act regulates the relationship between the department as employer and officials as employees and stipulates their respective rights and obligations. In particular, it provides for the collective agreements to be concluded in order to regulate matters such as the conduct of employees.
Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000	In terms of this Act, all administrative decisions must be taken in accordance with the procedure prescribed in the Act or an equivalent procedure stipulated in another law. It also provides for judicial review of administrative action and remedies if any administrative action is not taken in accordance with the Act.
Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000	Provides for access to any information held by the state or any information held by another person and that is required for the exercise or protection of any rights. It further provides for the procedure whereby information may be requested.
Promotion of Equality and Prevention of Unfair Discrimination Act, 2000	This Act binds the Department and prohibits unfair discrimination by it. It also contains a positive obligation on the Department to promote equality.
Skills Development Act, 1998	This Act enjoins the Department to develop a skills development strategy for the department, to implement the strategy and to utilize at least 1% of its payroll for the training and education of its employees with effect from 1 April 2000.
State Information Technology Agency Act, 1999	This law regulates the provision and procurement of goods and services relating to information technology in the Public Service.

Legislation	Description
Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993)	This Act provides for the health and safety of persons at work and for the health and safety of persons in connection with the use of plant and machinery; the protection of persons other than persons at work against hazards to health and safety arising out of or in connection with the activities of persons at work.
Broad Based Black Economic Employment Act (Act No. 53 of 2003)	This Act promotes entrepreneurs from previously disadvantaged groups through affirmative procurement and black economic empowerment strategies.
Protected Disclosures Act (Act No. 26 of 2000)	This Act makes provision for procedures to be followed and allows employees to disclose information regarding unlawful or irregular conduct with impunity.
Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (Act No. 5 of 2000)	This Act gives effect to section 217(3) of the Constitution by providing a framework for the implementation of the procurement policy contemplated in section 217(2) of the Constitution. Organs of state must determine their preferential procurement policy and implement it within the framework as set out in the Act.
Spatial Planning and Land Use Management (Act No. 16 of 2013)	This Act provides for integrated spatial planning. Chapter 3, section 10 provides for provincial support and monitoring, whilst section 15 sets out requirements for the Premier and Executive Council for the development, and review of a provincial spatial development framework, incorporating the strategy.

2.2. Policy Mandates

Government's priority areas and outcomes have been incorporated in the National Development Plan 2030; the Medium Terms Strategic Framework (MTSF), derived also from the manifesto of the ruling party; the Provincial Growth and Development Strategy and Plan (PGDS/P), and MTSF Implementation Plan. The latter is the provincial implementation tool for the NDP and MTSF and is aligned to the National and Provincial imperatives. The National Development Plan and the Provincial Growth and Development Plan were adopted in 2011. The provisions are transversal to the Office of the Premier by virtue of its Constitutional and Legislative mandates outlined above, in the context of its role to coordinate, legislate and provide strategic direction. The following areas are significant:

(a) National Imperatives

Provides a National Framework for of the Prem	I in terms of the mandate of the Office
1 -	nier. Chapter 13 deals with an efficient re development orientated state.
The Medium Terms Strategic Framework (MTSF) which incorporates the 5-Year NDP Implementation Plan and which is also derived from the electoral mandate The Province in but in Pric Development as to some to the co-ordination province: Priority 2: Eccreation Priority 3: E Priority 4: C reliable and Priority 5: S settlements	the Mandate of the Office of the cial Administration focus is embedded ority 1 – A Capable, Ethical and ntal State, is a key focus area, as well extent Priority 7 – A Better Africa and

(b)Provincial Growth Development Strategy and Plan

Description	Relevance to Office of the Premier
Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (PGDS) The PGDS was adopted in principle by the Executive Council in August 2011. The PGDS states the KwaZulu-Natal 2030 Vision as: "A prosperous Province with a healthy, secure and skilled population, acting as a gateway to Africa and the World." It sets a long term (20 year +) vision and direction for development in the province; serves as the overarching strategic framework for development in the Province; and provides the spatial context	
	respects the primary plan for the Province.

Description	Relevance to Office of the Premier
Provincial Growth and Development and Plan The aim of the PGDP is to translate the PGDS into a detailed implementation plan, inclusive of a detailed activity level framework with targets and responsibilities assigned to the appropriate government departments. In addition to the more detailed focus on the interventions identified, the PGDP proposes specific milestones that will have to be achieved in priority sectors.	a Provincial Growth and Development Plan (PGDP) which is reviewed, refined and updated annually, lead and coordinated through the Office of the Premier and would incorporate new priority issues which may have arisen in the previous year and will also have completed interventions and projects removed. The PGDP focusses on implementation through strategic interventions and catalytic projects in pursuance of strategic
KZN Medium Term Strategic Framework Implementation Plan This is derived from the National MTSF Implementation Plan 2020-2021 and incorporates the annual areas of emphasis derived from SONA and SOPA.	incorporated into the provincial plans as the programme of action. Office of the Premier coordinates and monitors the plan.

(c)Premier's Provincial Priorities and key pronouncements

	om inauguration speech delivered by the Premier of KwaZulu- la - 27 May 2019 will contribute to the performance of policy and in the Province
Priority No.1 – Basic Services	 Access to clean portable water. Progress has been made in many areas on the provision of water. However, due to factors like climate change, environmental degradation, ageing and dilapidated infrastructure, the progress has been reversed. The provincial government will coordinate with District Councils to assess their status on provision of water and develop a comprehensive plan to ensure this demand as a key and urgent deliverable is met.
Priority No.2 – Job Creation	 Strengthening of coordination of all skills development programmes to better equip people with relevant skills. Development of a dedicated support mechanism and infrastructure to enhance manufacturing, given that most of the manufacturing activities create more jobs. Development of dedicated support to clothing and textile through exploring possible incentives or establishing a dedicated Special Economic Zone for Textile. Provision of a comprehensive support package to KZN farmers so that they can become more productive and profitable. This will include a dedicated mechanization plan for small scale and subsistence farmers. Engagement with National Government in conducting assessment of all farms that have been returned to communities. A process of reactivation of the repatriated farms within a clear framework based on supporting those who work the land.
Priority No 3 – Growing the Economy	 Ensuring acceleration of the investment drive that the Province led towards the Presidential Investment Conference. Ensuring the implementation of all catalytic investment projects by setting up a permanent coordination mechanism which will support project promoters to fast-track implementation.

	om inauguration speech delivered by the Premier of KwaZulu- la - 27 May 2019 will contribute to the performance of policy and in the Province
	• Ensuring the implementation of District Industrial Hubs and comprehensive support for industrial parks such as KwaSithebe, Ladysmith and Newcastle. All efforts on industrialization will continue to feed and be linked to the two Special Economic Zones namely Dube Trade Port and Richards Bay Economic Development Zones.
Priority No.4 - Growing SMMEs and Cooperative	 Radical economic transformation programme – Operation Vula: Ensuring that government source its required products from local small and micro enterprises and cooperatives. Operation Vula Fund will be launched to provide financial support to feasible SMMEs and Cooperatives.
	 Focus of the programme will be on the development of rural areas and rebuild local areas as engines of national and provincial economic development.
Priority No. 5 – Education and Skills Development	 The provincial government will continue with plans to provide access to education, including ensuring that children at the age of three years attend Early Childhood Development. Secondary education to fully embrace the provision of technical skills and the evolving technological development which is part of Fourth Industrial Revolution.
Priority No. 6 – Human Settlement and sustainable livelihood	 The Province will deliver no less than 125 000 units. A clear plan to provide houses to all people who stay in temporary houses to be developed and implemented. A vigorous approach through establishing war-rooms together with
	affected municipalities to ensure implementation, monitoring and delivery of projects targeting these communities will be used.
Priority No. 7 – Build a Peaceful Province	• Implementation of all recommendations of the Moerane Commission which was tasked to investigate factors behind the killing of political leaders and activists. This will also include support by the National Task Team which is investigating cases related to the killing of political leaders.
	 Functioning of all police stations which have high levels of crime will be monitored and necessary interventions taken.
Priority No. 8 - Build a caring and incorruptible	 All departments are fully functional, effective, and strictly adhere to the public service principles of Batho-Pele. All government employees serve the citizens of KZN with honesty
government	and diligence.Legitimate concerns of public servants to be addressed to ensure
	 focus on service delivery. The Premier's Office will embark on Operation Siyahlola which will focus on the functioning of the departments, government service centres and monitoring the implementation of government projects. Safe communities where vulnerable children, disabled persons, and
	the elderly will live and prosper in an environment free from harm, hunger, and discrimination.

(d) Resolutions of the Provincial Executive Council: Move of the Forensic Unit from Provincial Treasury to the Office of the Premier

Resolution of the Executive Council: Resolution No 3 of the Provincial Executive Council meeting held on 10 June 2020 states that the Executive Council approved the transfer of the Forensic Investigation Unit from Provincial Treasury to the Office of Premier with effect from 01 July 2020.

This resolution has resulted in the movement of the Forensic Unit from the Provincial Treasury to the Office of the Premier. The Forensic Unit is housed under Programme 2B and forms part of the Integrity and Forensic Management Unit. The move of the Forensic Unit to the OTP is relevant in terms of the mandate of the OTP as the central role-player in leading the Provincial Administration in relation to Priority 1 of the MTSF, which is the building of a "Capable, Ethical and Developmental State" aligned to provincial priority no. 8 which directs the "Building of a caring and incorruptible government". The main purpose of the Chief Directorate is to promote a culture of good governance in the Province and manage citizen's complaints on poor service delivery.

The move of the unit included the movement of 36 posts ranging from a Chief Director, Directors, Deputy Directors and support staff. However, at the time of transfer there was a 40% vacancy rate. This, coupled with the budget cuts due to COVID 19, staff with comorbidities having to work from home, affected the unit's ability to be able to achieve the indicators as contained in the Provincial Treasury APP. This necessitated the adjustment of the related APP indicator and the affected indicators were moved to the Chief Directorate's Operational Plan.

3. Institutional Policies and Strategies over the Five-Year Planning Period

- (a) Electoral Mandate includes the following priorities:
- Transform the economy to serve all people.
- Advance social transformation.
- · Build safer communities.
- Fight corruption and promote integrity.
- Strengthen governance and public institutions.
- · Build National unity and embrace our diversity.
- · South Africa, Africa and the world.

(b) National Government Focus Areas - MTSF

In alignment and integration of these, the five-year Medium Terms Strategic Framework, which includes the 5 year Implementation Plan for the NDP and M&E Framework), as well as the priorities derived from the electoral mandate, implementation plan of the **National Development Plan** focuses on the following priority areas:

- Priority 1: Capable, ethical and developmental state
- · Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
- · Priority 3: Education, skills and health
- Priority 4: Consolidating social wage through reliable and basic services
- Priority 5: Spatial development, human settlements and local government
- Priority 6: Social cohesion and safe communities
- Priority 7: A better Africa and a better world

(c) Alignment to the MTSF 2019-24 priorities & State of the Nation- and Province Addresses (SONA & SOPA 2020)

Following the State of the National Address and State of the Province address of 4 March 2020, an exercise was undertaken to ensure the Strategic Plan remains aligned to the national and provincial priorities and MTSF Implementation Plan 2020-21.

The Office of the Premier has a central role in leading the Provincial Administration in relation to Priority 1, Capable, Ethical and Developmental State, whilst also contributing to other priorities through its coordination and monitoring role. This also includes the work coordinated through PGDP Action Workgroup 7 and the Human Resource Development Council and Youth Chief Directorate in preparing our youth with skills aligned to the economic growth needs of the province, and Action Workgroup 13 which drives the ICT and Broadband in KZN. Our Operation Sukuma Sakhe remains key to improving the social wage and health. Where possible, planning for certain identified priorities will be included in the departmental operational plan.

(d) Provincial Growth and Development Strategy

The Provincial Growth and Development Strategy and Plan (PGDS/P is aligned to the NDP, MTSF2019-24 and incorporates the national and provincial policy imperatives. It provides the vision developmental vision for the Province as follows:

By 2030 KwaZulu-Natal will be a prosperous Province with a healthy, secure and skilled population, living in dignity and harmony, acting as a gateway to Africa and the World.

The Office of the Premier as the centre of governance in the Province coordinates, monitors, evaluates and advises on matters relating to the implementation of the PGDS/P. It has a transversal function in the planning, monitoring and evaluation of the plan and provides the secretariat support services to the Provincial Planning Commission which will be undertaking the review of the strategy in this term.

(e) District Development Model

The District Development Model was launched in KZN on 18 October 2019. EThekwini is a pilot Metro and the programme is being rolled out across all districts in KZN. The Office of the Premier is required to provide oversight, coordinate through the Premiers Coordinating Forums and to receive and coordinate monitoring and evaluation reports. The District Development Model is a practical Intergovernmental Relations (IGR) mechanism for all three spheres of government including its State-Owned Entities, business and civil society to work jointly and to plan and act in unison. The model consists of a process by which joint collaborative planning and implementation is undertaken at district and metropolitan level together by all resulting in a single strategically focussed One Plan and One Budget. The Model is very firmly based on the Provincial Operation Sukuma Sakhe wherein developmental change is shaped and owned at local level in partnership with communities, citizens and social partners. The model is integrated with Operation Sukuma Sakhe.

The role of the Office of the Premier is as follows:

- Monitor the effective implementation of District Development Model within the province.
- Oversee provincial policy and provincial sector planning and budgeting coherence according to national priorities and towards district/metro developmental impact.
- Ensure provincial sector alignment in district/metro Intergovernmental Working sessions and approving and adopting District Development Model, capacity building plans and shared resourcing initiatives.
- Facilitate the stakeholder sector organisation and representation in the District Technical Hub and clusters.
- Convene Premier's Coordinating Forum (PCF) Council and provide feedback and strategic guidance to municipalities.
- Receive and engage on-going reports via COGTA and PCF from the District/Metro Coordination Hubs packaged per district/metro.

- · Receive and engage with impact monitoring report; and
- Facilitate the attendance of National Minister at PCF.
- (f) Sector transversal strategies and plans driven by OTP
- Siyahlola was announced by the Premier as a critical initiative conducting unexpected visits
 to improve service delivery interventions, and to provide feedback to communities on
 progress and development initiatives. The Office of the Premier leads the process.
- ii. **Poverty Eradication Master Plan (PEMP)** introduced a framework for a provincial programme of action that targets the poorest households in the poorest wards of this Province. The Poverty Eradication programme lends technical support in the facilitation and coordination of game changing interventions as identified in the Master Plan. The Office of the Premier coordinates and monitors interventions. In 2019, the Executive Council resolved that the PEMP programme be extended to all districts in KZN.
- iii. **Operation Sukuma Sakhe (OSS)** is a service delivery model established to achieve, amongst others the following key objectives:
 - a. Facilitation of improved interaction between the Executive Council Members and Districts Municipal Areas (Deployment of MECs in the District Municipalities).
 - b. Promotion and enhancement of provision of integrated services to the people.
 - c. Support mechanism and approach in addressing high levels of disease.
 - d. Poverty reduction and addressing inequalities in our Province.
 - e. Mobilization of all stakeholders and sectors in the fight against disease and poverty.
 - f. Promote ward-based planning that ensures citizenry participation in the programmes of government; and
 - g. Collective and pooled response to poverty and disease as a necessity.
- iv. **Inkululeko Development** is an approach designed to move into a predetermined area as one Government, plan and deliver with the full involvement of the local stakeholders, capacitate them to take over and continue the process when government has delivered and has to move on.
- v. The KZN Provincial Multi-Sectoral HIV and AIDS, TB and STIs: The Provincial Implementation Plan (PIP) 2017-2022 on HIV and AIDS, TB and STI have guided the provincial response. In order to facilitate and drive tailored implementation at the local level, Multi-Sectoral District Implementation Plans were developed aligned to the PIP 2017-2022. The Provincial HIV and AIDS Programme is driven through the Provincial Council on HIV and AIDS (PCA) which is responsible for coordinating the multi-sectoral HIV, Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and Tuberculosis (TB) response in the Province. In addition to the PCA, AIDS Councils at the District, Local and Ward level have been established.

- vi. **Operation Vula** was adopted to facilitate the utilisation of public procurement process to address deep seated and persistent racial inequalities still prevalent in our economy, thus also linking with Radical Economic Transformation (RET) for Inclusive Economic Growth. Provincial Government therefore resolved that the procurement policy must be amended to empower the historically disadvantaged, Africans in particular, within the ethos of a Developmental State, pro-inclusive economic growth and non-racialism. This Programme is managed by the Department of Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs, in partnership with Provincial Treasury, but the principles apply to all provincial government departments and entities.
- vii. **Provincial Communication Strategy** has been reviewed to more effective in the coordination of provincial government communication services through directing coherent government messaging. This will be done through the provision of media liaison and communication service to the Premier, corporate and marketing communication services, the formulation of a provincial communication strategy and plan and communication research services. The strategy aims to achieve the enhanced reputation and increased recognition of the province, improved stakeholder relations and the improved utilisation of resources by provincial government through the sharing of technical and financial resources within the sphere of communications.
- viii. Strategies supporting vulnerable groups (gender, women, people with disability, elderly, children and LGBT+). The Democracy Support Directorate is the core co-ordinator of the development of the consolidated plan for the province that focuses on the development and monitoring of the mainstreaming of human rights into government programmes and co-ordinating the establishment of GDCSC forums & joint forums and facilitating capacity building of human rights. This includes the gender-based violence strategy which is being developed & implemented to combat the rising GBV in the province.
- ix. Human Resource Development Strategy (HRD) Strategy: The strategic focus taken in crafting the Provincial HRD Strategy is that of ensuring an appropriate strategic fit with other strategic developments in the Province and maximizing policy relevance to the developmental needs and priorities. In this regard, the HRD Strategy is aligned with the strategic direction and policy sentiments in associated policy thrusts, and it seeks to fulfil its role as a keystone and catalyst on the agenda of social and economic development. The purpose of the HRD Strategy for the Province, is to develop, on the basis of contextual realities and policy priorities, a comprehensive set of initiatives which could be undertaken by the Province to build, sustain and properly utilize the capacity of people in creating a better life for all through citizenship and commitment to social responsibilities, and through peoples' ready contribution to the social and economic development agenda of the Province.
- x. **Human Resource Management (HRM) Turn-Around Strategy** outlines the intentions of the Province in relation to how it should manage its human capital. It deals with the following:
 - a. Sets the tone for the repositioning of HR as a Strategic Partner to the PGDS.
 - b. Develops guidelines to strengthen leadership and offer quality HR services.
 - c. Develops guidelines to improve effectiveness and efficiencies in all HR components.

- d. Provides a framework to unlock the economic potential of the Province by utilising the available human capital.
- e. Ensures that all initiatives of the Province in the form of programmes, are adequately staffed with the right number of people with the relevant requisite skills.
- f. Ensures that the strategic objectives of HR are fully aligned with those of the Province.
- g. Clarifies the role of line function managers vis-a-vis the role of HR practitioners in managing people.
- xi. **The Youth Development Strategy** is in place and it is based on the Youth Policy. The strategy is underpinned by five pillars which are.
 - a. Economic Participation and Transformation: aimed to promote the participation of youth and integration into mainstream economy through employment or business opportunities.
 - b. Education, Skills and Second Chances: aimed at promoting skills development that is in line with the labour market for easy absorption, also promoting the matric rewrites program for unsuccessful matriculants.
 - c. Health Care and Combating Substance Abuse: intends to promote a healthy lifestyle amongst youth and to raise awareness on the substance abuse.
 - d. Social Cohesion and Nation Building: promotes the patronage amongst youth and promote voluntarism and nation building.
 - e. Optimising the Youth Development Machinery: youth development machinery to be intensified in order to champion youth development in the province.
- xii. The Provincial Stakeholder Co-ordination Strategy is a strategic framework that guides formal engagements of provincial government with the external stakeholder with the view to forge partnerships and collaborations in shared areas of responsibilities and amongst partners. The substantive content of the Provincial Stakeholder Coordination Strategy includes stakeholders' coordination strategies that are deployed by government interaction, interrelations and engagements with the external stakeholders.
- xiii. Intergovernmental Strategy: Provincial International Relations Strategy: This strategy intends to contribute to an enhanced understanding of KwaZulu-Natal's International Relations and how best it could be conducted to achieve optimal impact in support of achieving our shared goal of the KwaZulu-Natal Provincial Growth Development Plan as well as the National Development Plan. KwaZulu-Natal is committed to the effective and efficient implementation of international exchanges to assist in the huge task of creating a healthy, educated and skilled population as well as boosting economic growth and addressing various social challenges. Specifically, the strategy aims to empower stakeholders and practitioners in the quest to establish KwaZulu-Natal led International Cooperation partnerships, as a prerequisite for International Relations to fully support the Provincial and National priorities. Further, the strategy renders direction to our partners in the international community for their investments in KwaZulu-Natal's future to be managed in a coherent, transparent and efficient manner.

- xiv. **Social Cohesion and Moral Regeneration Strategy**: This strategy has been developed by the Department of Arts and Culture, but it is jointly driven by the Office of the Premier in partnership with the department. This is a programme which aims at enhancing moral values, Ubuntu, nation building, unity and promotion of social cohesion within various communities to ensure peace throughout the country.
- xv. **Digital Transformation Strategy**: The purpose of this citizen centric strategy is to guide the digital transformation of the KZN Provincial Government into an all-inclusive digital Province where all citizens can benefit from the opportunities offered by technology. The development of this strategy is a result of the 4th Industrial Revolution, and how the KZN Provincial Government can become a Digitally Transformed Citizen Centric Province. This will be done through the close partnerships with all Government departments within the Province.

4. Relevant Court Rulings

There are no specific Court Rulings that have a significant impact on the operations and service delivery obligations of the Department.

Part B: Our Strategic Focus

1. Vision

The Office of the Premier will be the centre of governance, providing leadership towards achieving KZN Vision 2030.

2. Mission

To support the Premier in carrying out his Constitutional mandate through:

- Enhancing good and cooperative governance within the Province.
- · Promoting an integrated service delivery model.
- · Effective stakeholder management and communication; and
- Enhancing performance management and accountability through monitoring and evaluation.

3. Values

In addition to the Batho Pele principles, the Office of the Premier will embrace the values of:

- Integrity
- Professionalism
- Accountability
- Ubuntu.

4. Situational Analysis

The need for this revised Annual Performance Plan 2002-2021 for the Office of the Premier was necessitated by priortisation of the national government of interventions to address the COVID-19 pandemic. This re-prioritisation of the budget led to a national all-provincial decrease of budget from 649 billion to 645 billion. In KZN the COVID re-priortisation has led to cutting of all departments budget to supplement the Department of Health's budget and some further budget allocation to Social Development, Department of Education, and Department of Transport. Thus, the revised APP reflects the OTP COVID re-prioritisation and interventions.

4.1. External Environment Analysis

The vision of the Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (PGDS) which is, "By 2030 KwaZulu-Natal will be a prosperous Province with a healthy, secure and skilled population, living in dignity and harmony, acting as a gateway to Africa and the World", emphasizes the need to promote social cohesion and mutual respect amongst all citizens of the Province as we strive to eradicate poverty, inequality and unemployment. The PGDS does not only set the overall Vision for the Province, but it also sketches the anticipated outcomes in respect of each of the 7 Goals and each of the 31 Strategic Objectives of the PGDS. This was then further supported by setting specific targets to be achieved within each of the five-year intervals of the 20-year Vision. Specific interventions have been adopted and these have formed the basis of the Provincial Programme of Action assigned to the respective Clusters of the Executive Council, as well as key departments and non-government stakeholder clustered together in PGDS Action Work Groups.

(a) Observations from Kwazulu-Natal Provincial Government 5 Year Review Report for the 2014 to 2019 term

In preparation for the 2020 – 2025 cycle, an analysis in review of the past planning & electoral cycle is required to ensure that the work that has commenced can be used as foundation to build on for future plans. The purpose of the five (5) year review report was to provide a high-level overview of the background and context of salient issues the 2014/19 Term of Office. This included provincial governance structures related to the structuring of the Provincial Executive, transversal programmes, departments and entities, stakeholder engagement structures, commissions of enquiry and special investigations; municipal and traditional governance matters and landscapes, significant achievements, challenges and observations that may be taken into consideration in forward planning.

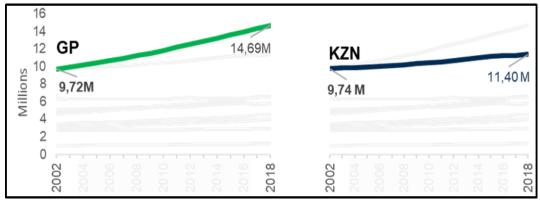
Some of the macro-environmental considerations, reflecting on statistics and the reporting against the implementation of the Provincial Growth and Development Strategy and Plan, in summary, reflected on:

(i) Macro-environment

• Poor economic growth has impacted on deliver. In order for the Province to achieve the lower expenditure ceiling and to improve efficiency, certain strategies had to be implemented,

which included a process to rationalise Provincial Public Entities. The declining investment in infrastructure development is having a wide-ranging impact on social and economic development prospects and job creation.

• In the case of the KwaZulu-Natal Province there has been a continued decline in this population ratio over the last decade. This has already resulted in a decrease of the percentage National allocation to this Province and if this rate is to endure, it will most certainly lead to further reductions in National allocations.



Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal Population Growth Trends (Stats SA)

- There are many contributing factors which underpin this trend. Significant factors driving this trend are directly related to the rural nature of our Province, high levels of unemployment, in particular youth unemployment, linked to a rapid urbanisation rate, which was intensified in recent times as a result of the drought situation. This has resulted in the migration and urbanisation of a significant portion of the KZN population, either migrating permanently or in many cases partially to Gauteng urban centres. This movement was also reported in the 2019 mid-year population statistics conducted by Stats SA.
- The last five years were also marred by violent and destructive service delivery protests, outbreaks of xenophobia and political intolerance, which in some instances escalated to political killings.
- Drought and floods have resulted in a need for funds to be redirected to provide relief to affected communities, damaged infrastructure and protect food security.
- Energy security and the negative impacts of the current constraints on our electricity grid has impacted negatively on investment confidence, business interests as well as social service.
- · Youth unemployment is a major challenge.
- Educational output alignment to economic development needs is still a challenge.
- Literacy and numeracy international benchmarks are not being met.

- Statistics SA population dynamics have an impact as lower population figures in KZN has reduced the equitable share (fortunately social grants were protected in that our poverty ration in KZN is still high).
- Statistics SA Household survey indicates that households are smaller but there are more of them, thus impacting on the ability to meet basic service needs and connectivity.
- KZN Province is responsible for the second largest contribution to the growth of the economy of our Country and we are home to the second largest share of our Country's population.
- The number of grant dependent persons and households are increasing.
- Life expectancy is starting to decline again which is largely due to unnatural deaths and noncommunicable or lifestyle diseases.
- New HIV infections are spiralling out of control.
- The housing backlog is slowly declining but the percentage of households with registrable form of land tenure is still very low.
- · Drug related crimes and murder is on the rise.
- Spatial integration is critical to facilitate equity.

(ii) Successes

Some positive highlights identified include:

- Headcount poverty has reduced, but the intensity of how persons experience poverty has increased.
- OSS Service Delivery Model has National and International recognition.
- Inkululeko Project at Ndumo has reconfigured the area to progress towards a Rural Service Centre.
- PEMP had several projects which yielded results with 43 projects identified and packaged and over 3000 beneficiaries linked to game changer interventions.
- HIV and AIDS has had several success stories related to research and increased and improved interventions, thus also contributing to a 22% reduction in new HIV infections: and a 45% reduction in mother-to-child transmission of HIV.

(iii) Governance Challenges

A high-level overview of the most significant governance challenges experienced during the 2014/19 term and possible considerations in relation thereto are:

- Improve the status of intergovernmental relations to promote improved alignment in service delivery between the respective sphere of government.
- Improve stakeholder and in particular community engagement and participation processes to ensure that this takes place in a structured manner where engagements will produce tangible outcomes.
- Maintain a delicate balance between allocation of scarce resources to capacitate Provincial Departments at the risk of having to redirect resources from service delivery.
- Audit outcomes and Management Performance Assessments (MPAT) provide a clear indication of the state of governance in the Province, and also highlight areas requiring urgent attention.
- Stricter consequence management to ensure that accountability principles are enforced.
- The appropriateness and application of systems, processes and structures aimed at the transformation of government machinery and its ability to deliver effectively and efficiently.
- Continues capacity and skills development programmes for government officials to ensure that the best use is made of the existing workforce.
- Improve professionalism, work ethic (poor discipline and work ethic) and management of employees and resources (including time management) and impact on effective delivery; and
- Improve information management and systems to enhance the credibility and usefulness of intelligence and information gathered. This implies the strengthening of monitoring and evaluation to move beyond compliance reporting to qualitative reporting.

(b) Citizen Satisfaction Survey (Stats SA) 2018

- Citizen Satisfaction Survey 2018 compared to the 2015 results indicated areas of concern in how citizens perceived the level of satisfaction with overall performance of provincial government (from 36% to 39% outright dissatisfied and outright satisfaction from 33% to 29,1%).
- Outright satisfaction reduced from 33% to 28.8%. In terms of the Batho Pele principle "Value for money" the outright agree category declined from 34% to 22%. The rating on the response of provincial government to addressing fraud and corruption, was a rating of poor and showed a regression with 49% to 52,8%. The promotion of accountable government regressed from 34% to 39%.

- Services with the highest rating of satisfaction were education at 86%, health care at 80% and maintenance of provincial roads at 70% of the respondents being overall satisfied with the rendering of these services.
- Services with the highest rating of dissatisfactions were fighting fraud and corruption at 53% enhancing entrepreneurial development and SMME's at 41% and promoting accountable governance at 39% of the respondents being outright dissatisfied with our performance in these areas.
- Job creation is still rated as the highest priority our citizens expect us to attend to, followed by a need for housing and thirdly a need for enhanced and quality education and skills development.

The Mid-Year population estimates 2019 conducted by Statistics South Africa indicated that whereas KwaZulu-Natal was the most populace Province in South Africa in 2011 it has been overtaken by the Gauteng Province. KZN population in 2011 was 10.27million and now stands at 11.3 million, while the Gauteng population now stands on 15.2 million. This proportional decline in the Province's population was already given rise to and may still lead to further reduction of the Province's equitable share.

Whilst the level of poverty has decreased the intensity thereof has increased, thus continued support in the coordination of the Poverty Eradication Master Plan (PEMP) and monitoring of the implementation thereof through the office of the Premier need to consider areas being priorities for the roll out of the subsequent phases of the programmes as well as intensifying the coordination and reporting aspects (OTP Annual Report 2018/2019:15).

(c) PGDS/P Implementation

Drawing on statistics (Stats SA and other key indicators) and linked to the M&E Framework of the PGDS/P, key observations on the report (as at the end of 2018), include:

• Goal 1: Inclusive Economic Growth

- Targets set were initially based on an assumption of an average annual GDP growth rate of 5%, however it became evident that three growth scenarios had to be developed for realistic reporting. An optimistic scenario of 6%, a moderate scenario of 3% and a low scenario of 1% was subsequently developed;
- Poor performance of KZN key growth sectors such as agriculture, manufacturing and tourism is of serious concern;
- Rising unemployment, and in particular youth employment poses serious risks for socioeconomic stability;
- Slow delivery of appropriately serviced and zoned land for industrial development outside SEZs is delaying and limiting uptake of investment interest;
- Poor performance and inefficiencies in management of government led job creation programmes;

- Slow progress with Techno-hubs is limiting opportunities to explore and exploit 4th Industrial Revolution opportunities;
- Unlawful business intimidation is negatively affecting investment confidence; and
- Greater emphasis on and support for catalytic projects is required.

• Goal 2: Human resource development

- There has been no significant progress in reading skills;
- 78% of South African Grade 4 learners do not reach the international benchmarks and therefore do not have basic reading skills by the end of the Grade 4 school year;
- universal access to primary and secondary education has been achieved but universal access to quality education remains a challenge;
- There is an unacceptably high dropout rate from Grade 1 12;
- Poor performance in math and science; and;
- The Education outcomes are struggling to bridge the skills gap.
- However, the matric pass rate in KwaZulu Natal increased to 81.3% for 2019,

Goal 3: Human and community development

- Although absolute poverty is decreasing, it is at a slow rate;
- The number of grant dependent persons and households are increasing;
- Life expectancy is starting to decline again which is largely due to unnatural deaths and non-communicable or lifestyle diseases;
- New HIV infections is spiraling out of control;
- There is a huge shortage of medical professionals:
- The housing backlog is slowly declining but the percentage of households with registrable form of land tenure is still very low;
- Drug related crimes and murder is on the rise; and
- The Social cohesion and moral regeneration objectives are not being achieved.

• Goal 4: Strategic infrastructure

- The declining investment in infrastructure development is having a wide- ranging impact on economic development prospects and job creation;
- Air and sea freight volumes are down so infrastructure development is being delayed. This could lead to serious capacity constraints as and when the economy recovers;
- Road to rail ratio, in particular on the N3 Corridor remains a serious cause for concern, therefore emphasizing the need for multi-modal facilities on this corridor to improve efficiencies;
- Water infrastructure is declining rapidly and the aftereffects of recent drought is still lingering;
- Shortage of bulk infrastructure due to high capital cost and poor maintenance is slowing down the rate of household connections; and
- ICT connectivity and speed are still very poor and expensive, stifling participation in 4th Industrial Revolution opportunities.

• Goal 5: Environmental sustainability

- Delays in concluding environmental impact assessments and monitoring compliance with environmental standards has a negative impact on the pace and sustainability of development;
- There is slow progress in improving waste management services and exploiting recycling opportunities;
- The declining Green Drop Rating is a cause of concern for the sustainability of water resources which is already under pressure; and
- The slow progress with renewable energy projects and the persistent reliance of old technology fossil fuels energy generation is contributing to negative carbon footprint.

Goal 6: Governance and policy

- The intergovernmental relations and the lack of alignment and coordination across the spheres of government remains a serious cause for concern;
- The slow progress with the District Growth and Development Plans is symptomatic of a lack of commitment to improve inter-sphere alignment and integration;
- A high vacancy rate of funded posts is an indication of high staff turnover and loss of continuity following municipal elections, resulting in weakening of capacity to deliver services;
- Good governance is compromised by mismanagement and maladministration with resultant fraud and corruption as well as poor audit outcomes (provincial and municipal); and
- Lack of consequence management where there is clear evidence of non-compliance with regulatory requirements.

Goal 7: Spatial equity

- Lack of appropriately serviced and zoned land outside of the SEZs is hampering regional development and is contributing to rapid urbanization to primary and secondary cities;
- Tensions between municipalities and traditional leadership regarding land management responsibilities is impacting negatively on spatial planning;
- Slow progress in concluding land reform projects and resultant negative impact on commercial farming is exacerbating urbanization trends; and
- Pre 1994 land ownership and tenure practices are perpetuating discrimination and marginalisation of rural communities.

The Office of the Premier will continue to coordinate the Action Working Groups (AWG's) and reporting will be monitored through the Provincial Planning Commission (PPC) and as part of the monitoring reports. Although OTP is not the lead department, it is actively participating in the Social cohesion initiatives through the task teams and interdepartmental forums and participates in the Action Workgroup responsible for implementing the PGDP.

The National Spatial Development Framework is in draft stage. OTP is working with COGTA in the review of the Provincial Spatial Development Framework and District Spatial Development Framework to promote alignment and strengthen delivery on the District Development Model. Further, the OTP provides secretariat support services to the Provincial Planning Commission who will assist to drive the process. The Nerve Centre at the OTP is also be re-positioned with strengthened GIS to improve co-ordination of spatial plans and to monitor interventions. Structures are in place to monitor this through AWG 18 which OTP will continue to monitor and support.

(d) HIV and AIDS and TB

The impact of HIV and AIDS and TB cuts across most sectors hence the multisectoral response is crucial. The Province has a Multisectoral Provincial Implementation Plan for HIV, TB and STI 2017-2022 and a Provincial Council on AIDS which is fully functional and coordinates and monitors the response. All Districts AIDS Councils are submitting quarterly reports and the advocacy for the response at ward level through Operation Sukuma Sakhe continues. Progress has been made in the fight against HIV and AIDS and TB e.g. more than 1 million patients on ART contributing to increase life expectancy. More than 1 million circumcisions have been conducted. The Province has succeeded in keeping the PCR positivity rate below 1% at 6-10 weeks over the last 5 years (2014/2015-2017/2018). The province is still concerned with high rate of new HIV infections especially among girls and young women.

KwaZulu-Natal remains the epicentre of HIV and TB in South Africa hosting 25% of 7.9 million people living with HIV in South Africa. The HIV prevalence is 27% among adults 15-49 years. Overall, new HIV infections have been on the decline since 2010. The mobilisation of resources is a key pillar in the response. Through Global Fund programmes, 92 707 Adolescent Girls and Young Women (AGYW) have been reached with HIV prevention programmes (HTS) at King Cetshwayo and Zululand districts over the last 3 years (2016/17-2018/19). PEPFAR also supported the Province. The Office of the Premier will continue to coordinate the Provincial Council on Aids.

(e) Women, Children, Youth and People with Disabilities

The MTSF 2019-2024 mainstreamed Women, Youth and People with Disabilities. The Province has also mainstreamed into the Provincial MTSF Implementation Plan. The Office of the Premier will prioritise the monitoring of the mainstreaming for Women, Youth, People with Disability. The Children, Senior Citizens and Military Veterans programmes will also be monitored.

Policies and legislations related to women, children, youth and people with disabilities that inform the strategy of the institution are:

- Gender and Disability Strategic Plans (DPSA).
- National Gender Policy Framework 2000: page (vii) institutional arrangement.
- Disability White Paper Strategic Pillar 7: Building a Disability Equitable State Machinery.
- National Development Plan 2012: "Disability must be integrated into all facets of planning, recognizing that there is no one-size-fits-all approach".
- Older Persons Act 13 of 1996: Chapter 6, Delegation and Supplementary Provisions

(f) Audit outcomes

Provincial Departments				
Findings	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Unqualified with no findings (clean)	1	2	1	2
Unqualified with findings	11	10	10	7
Qualified	3	3	3	5 (excl. Legislature)
Adverse	0	0	0	0
Disclaimed	0	0	0	0
Departmental Public Entities				
Finding	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Unqualified with no findings (clean)	10	7	2	3
Unqualified with findings	5	7	5	3
Qualified	1	2	1	
Adverse	1	0		
Disclaimed	0	0		
Departmental outcomes showed a sl an improvement in the audit outcome				2 entity audits still outstanding as at 2 Sept

- The AG findings for 2018/19 show that whilst one more department received a clean audit (2 in total), the qualified audits for departments increased from 4 to 6 (26% to 40%).
- There was one improvement from unqualified to clean and 2 regressions from unqualified to qualified.
- There has been an increase in findings relating to the management of procurement management and consequence management and a decline in performance information.
- Expenditure management and quality of reports improved.
- Irregular expenditure has increased from R251 million to R1,7 billion (3% increase to 14%). With regard to internal controls governance has regressed from 81% to 57% and leadership has also regressed from 48% to 38%.

(g) Internal audits

Between 41 to 50% of audits (internal) were rated either unsatisfactory or weak. Steps have been taken to address this. A fully capacitated Audit and Risk Committee has been established as a critical governance structure.

(h) Issues related to Forensic Investigations in the Province

The Table below provides a breakdown of investigations received, finalized and in-progress per year for the past 5 years:

Forensic Cases	2014/2015	2015/2016	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019
Number of cases received during	46	44	17	31	34
the year					
Number of investigations finalised	25	35	54	33	58
during the year					

A number of challenges in the timeous finalisation of forensic investigations are being experienced relating to capacity, capability and cumbersome processes, hence there is still currently a backlog with the reviewing of reports. The 2019/24 MTSF directs the strengthening of capacity of the

Judiciary. In OTP, the Integrity Management Unit has been rolling out provincial workshops on ethics and integrity in a preventative approach. This will continue in the new planning cycle. The Labour Relations unit also held workshops to train presiding officers in order to increase the pool of capacitated individuals who can deal with disciplinary cases.

(i) Evaluations

Rapid evaluations have been conducted with no evidence of recommendations implemented. There has been an institutional weakness in terms of evaluations due to a lack of capacity in the unit. The Provincial Evaluation Manager post has since been filled. The Provincial Evaluation Plan will be reviewed and monitored so that we can better inform strategies moving forward.

(i) Equity

KWAZULU - NATAL PROVINCIAL ADMINISTRATION
A3. Statistics of Race ,Gender, Disabled and Vacant posts per Salary Level - January 2020

Table 1 reflects employees appointed on the Persal system

									H	HUMA	N RE	SOUR	CES										EST	ABLISHM	ENT
POST/		AFRI				COLO				INDI				WH				T01	ΓAL			Employees	No. of	Total No.	%
SALARY	FEMA		MA			MALE		ALE	FEM	ALE		LE		ALE	MA		FEMA	ALE	M.	ALE	TOTAL	with a	VACANT	of Posts	VACANT
LEVEL	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%		disability	Posts		Posts
01	796	64	412	33	2	2 0	2	0	10		14	1	1	0	2	0	809	65	430	35	1239	9	254	1493	
02	4973	64	2453	32	40	1	18	0	116	2	109	1	8	0	13	0	5137	66	2593	34	7730	40	950	8680	11
03	6736	47	6899	49		_	43	0	200	1	183	1	45	0	29	0	7047	50	7154	50	14201	74	2732	16933	16
04	4918	62	2705	34	34	(21	0	85	1	152	2	24	0	8	0	5061	64	2886	36	7947	75	880	8827	10
05	14196	67	5581	26	166	1	59	0	614	3	301	1	149	1	19	0	15125	72	5960	28	21085	208	2528	23613	11
06	7438	59	3307	26	143	3 1	51	0	828	7	516	4	320	3	47	0	8729	69	3921	31	12650	55	2371	15021	16
07	33139	65	12663	25	383	3 1	75	0	3102	6	835	2	941	2	165	0	37565	73	13738	27	51303	88	4286	55589	8
08	20694	69	5593	19	252		75	0	1937	6	557	2	655	2	145	0	23538	79	6370	21	29908	44	2552	32460	8
09	11360	59	4517	23	273	3 1	77	0	1747	9	703	4	452	2	127	1	13832	72	5424	28	19256	33	3150	22406	14
10	4781	49	2473	25	136	1	36	0	1217	13	698	7	272	3	118	1	6406	66	3325	34	9731	30	1269	11000	12
11	1953	31	2265	36	76	1	61	1	759	12	644	10	279	4	245	4	3067	49	3215	51	6282	16	1211	7493	16
12	928	26	1130	31	42	2 1	39	1	554	15	558	15	161	4	225	6	1685	46	1952	54	3637	29	802	4439	18
Sub-Tot	111912	61	49998	27	1613	1	557	0	11169	6	5270	3	3307	2	1143	1	128001	69	56968	31	184969	701	22985	207954	11
13	163	36	194	43	7	2	2	0	32	7	22	5	15	3	19	4	217	48	237	52	454	5	153	607	25
14	36	30	60	50	() (0	0	8	7	9	7	3	2	5	4	47	39	74	61	121	1	53	174	30
15	8	24	19	56	() (0	0	1	3	2	6	0	0	4	12	9	26	25	74	34	0	14	48	29
16	4	29	9	64	() (1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	29	10	71	14	0	3	17	18
Sub-Tot	211	34	282	45	7	1	3	0	41	7	33	5	18	3	28	4	277	44	346	56	623	6	223	846	26
TOTAL	112123	60	50280	27	1620	1	560	0	11210	6	5303	3	3325	2	1171	- 1	128278	69	57314	31	185592	707	23208	208800	11

Table 2, for statistical purposes, reflects employees / officials not counted as part of the fixed establishment

	HUMAN RESOURCES																	EST	ENT						
		AFRI	CAN			COLO	URED)		INDI	AN			WH	ITE			TO	ΓAL			Employees	No. of	Total No.	%
	FEMA	\LE	MA	LE	FEM	IALE	M.	ALE	FEM	ALE	M/	ALE	FEN	IALE	MA	LE	FEMA	ALE	MA	ALE	TOTAL	with a	VACANT	of Posts	VACANT
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%		disability	Posts	ULFUSIS	Posts
MINISTER	3	27	6	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	- 1	9	0	0	4	36	7	64	- 11	0	0	11	0
PERIODIC	4287	65	2176	33	13	0	2	0	43	1	41	1	17	0	21	0	4360	66	2240	34	6600	0	0	0	0
ABNORMAL	62203	88	8090	11	71	0	6	0	388	1	26	0	83	0	10	0	62745	89	8132	11	70877	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	66493	86	10272	13	84	0	8	0	431	1	68	0	101	0	31	0	67109	87	10379	13	77488	0	0	77488	0

KEY:

PERIODIC PERIODICAL APPOINTMENT (NATURE OF APPOINTMENT 17)
ABNORMAL ABNORMAL APPOINTMENT (NATURE OF APPOINTMENT 32)

The tables display that KZN provincially is not meeting equity targets for female SMS women appointed at 44% and the disabled at 0,4%.

(k) Demand for Services

The demand for services as determined by the analysis above, is provided by the Office of the Premier through the following programmes:

- Public Service Training offered by the KZN Training Academy
- Coordination of HIV and AIDS, TB Programmes
- Coordination of Youth Programmes
- Coordination of Provincial and Departmental Strategic Planning
- Coordination of Provincial Monitoring and Evaluation
- Coordination of Customer Complaints through the Service delivery complaints hotline

- Coordination of Inter-governmental relations in the province
- Coordination of integrity awareness through provincial ethics workshops
- Co-ordination of Gender, Youth, Women, People with Disabilities, Children and Senor Citizens

(I) Factors which informs the development of the Strategic Plan

The contents of the following documents form factors that informs development of the Strategic plan:

- Constitution of the RSA and other Legislations
- National Development Plan and Provincial Growth and Development Strategy and Plan
- MTSF 2019-2024 / NDP Five Year Implementation Plan 2019-2024
- Provincial Priorities pronounced by the Premier
- Adopted Manifesto Resolutions
- National/Provincial Lekgotla Resolutions
- SONA/SOPA/Budget and Premier inauguration speech
- Budget Allocated

(m) International Relations

International Relations plays a strategic role in the growth and development of an economy. Some of the Province's major benefits of International Relations are access to markets, advantages of cost, economies of scale, technology and skills transfer, training and educational opportunities, exchanges, sharing of best practices as well as promoting people to people relations.

Although the scope of KwaZulu-Natal's international relations is global, our concrete efforts are focused on emerging economies, which can boost our economy as well as on regions where KwaZulu-Natal can make a difference on the African Agenda.

Over the past few years, there has been unprecedented growth in international relations for the Province of KwaZulu-Natal. There are currently 18 cooperation arrangements spanning the globe since 2005. With every cooperation arrangement there are on average 4 focus areas, mainly in the trade and investment, tourism, education and agricultural sectors.

It is worth mentioning that through the support of the provincial government (Office of the Premier), the following impactful projects were implemented to date:

- o Participation of local students in the annual student exchange programme in Shanghai.
- The opening of the Dongguan Commodity South Africa Display Centre in Anton Lembede Street in central Durban in July 2016. In total, an initial investment of US\$ 5 million was made. The centre serves as a hub for niche products coming in from China to South Africa. Products like high-end office furniture, ceramic tiles and wallpaper produced in China, is displayed and sold. It will also act as an Export hub into the SADC region. The Dongguan Commodity South Africa Display Centre is not only a commodity display centre for Chinese products but also the conduit through which issues related to Agriculture, Cultural Exchange and Education between Guangdong and KZN Province can be pursued.
- South African Police Services in the province have drastically reduced the cross-border crime statistics through their collaboration with the Maputo Authorities.

- The East 3 Route, an initiative with Mozambique, Swaziland and Seychelles have promoted and boosted tourism between KwaZulu-Natal and these regions.
- Through participation in various exhibition platforms Angola, DRC, China, Europe and United States of America, the province has been placed on the map as the preferred destination for trade and tourism. This has opened up business opportunities for several our local business enterprises.
- Stimulation of the economy by airlines that introduced new flight routes from Durban i.e.:
 Emirates Airlines, Turkish Airlines, British Airways, Qatar Airways, Air Mauritius and Air Namibia.
- The Province is also a signatory and active participant in the Under2Coalition. The Under2Coalition is a global community of state and regional governments who are committed to ambitious climate action. Signatories commit to keeping global temperature rises to well below 2°C with efforts to reach 1.5°C. Although not legally binding, the Under2 MOU demonstrates a clear and lasting commitment from signatories to reduce emissions in the decades to come. The Premier of KwaZulu-Natal is the chairperson for the African region, and this therefore holds the Province in good stead through representation at the Global Climate Forums.

(n) COVID-19 (Corona Virus) Pandemic

On 31 December 2019, China alerted the World Health Organisation to several cases of unusual pneumonia in Wuhan, a city of 11 million people. The virus was unknown. Several of those infected worked at the city's Huanan Seafood Wholesale Market, which was shut down on 1 January 2020. As health experts worked to identify the virus amid growing alarm, the number of infections exceeded 40.

On Thursday March 5, the National Institute for Communicable Diseases confirmed that a suspected case of COVID-19 had tested positive. The patient who hailed from KwaZulu-Natal was a 38-year-old male who travelled to Italy with his wife. They were part of a group of 10 people and they arrived back in South Africa on 1 March 2020.

On 23 March 2020, President Cyril Ramaphosa announced a new measure to combat the spread of the Covid-19 coronavirus in South Africa – a three-week nationwide lockdown with severe restrictions on travel and movement, supported by the South African National Defence Force – from midnight on Thursday, 26 March, to midnight on Thursday, 16 April. The President said more needed to be done to avoid "an enormous catastrophe" among the population.

KwaZulu-Natal recorded 1811 new cases as at the 13/7/2020. The province contributed only 16% of the new cases reported nationally and continued to be the fourth highest countrywide. The province continued to experience an upsurge of cases with eThekwini's and Umgungundlovu Districts recording 60% of the daily cases and had contributed 8% (n=313) of the deaths countrywide.

Table 1: Expenditure summary by Vote

			Special adjustmer	nts appropriation	n			
	Main		Significant and	d unavoidable	Sect. 16 of the	Total special	Adjusted	
R thousand	Main appropriation	Virements	Suspension of funds	Allocation of funds	PFMA (use of funds in emergency)	adjustments appropriation	appropriation	
1. Office of the Premier	800 198	-	(119 346)	-	-	(119 346)	680 852	
2. Provincial Legislature	556 397	-	` - ′	-	-	` - ′	556 397	
Agriculture and Rural Development	2 548 157	-	(112 419)	-	(61 658)	(174 077)	2 374 080	
4. Economic Dev., Tourism and Enviro Affairs	3 346 813	-	(619 349)	201 691		(417 658)	2 929 155	
5. Education	57 246 803	-	· - ´	1 000 000	(517 375)	482 625	57 729 428	
6. Provincial Treasury	718 763	-	(114 354)	-	-	(114 354)	604 409	
7. Health	48 057 681	-	· - ´	4 496 347	585 682	5 082 029	53 139 710	
8. Human Settlements	3 929 897	-	(11 443)	-	(427 700)	(439 143)	3 490 754	
9. Community Safety and Liaison	249 103	-	(38 908)	-	-	(38 908)	210 195	
10. Sport and Recreation	481 217	-	(126 445)	-	(48 878)	(175 323)	305 894	
11. Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs	1 879 146	-	(408 164)	-	-	(408 164)	1 470 982	
12. Transport	11 635 486	-	(2 071 002)	414 000	(314 503)	(1 971 505)	9 663 981	
13. Social Development	3 836 327	-	(64 202)	-	-	(64 202)	3 772 125	
14. Public Works	1 778 409	-	(76 563)	-	-	(76 563)	1 701 846	
15. Arts and Culture	1 021 062	-	(178 963)	-	(34 700)	(213 663)	807 399	
Sub-total	138 085 459	-	(3 941 158)	6 112 038	(819 132)	1 351 748	139 437 207	
Statutory payments	96 705	-	-	-	-	-	96 705	
Total	138 182 164	-	(3 941 158)	6 112 038	(819 132)	1 351 748	139 533 912	
Amount to be voted	,						1 351 748	

The Province had to conduct a re-allocation exercise due to the pandemic and having to provide further funds for Departments of Health, Education and Social Development. This re-allocation exercise has resulted in a decrease in budget for most departments (as per budget table made available by Treasury 24/7/2020).

The Provincial Employee Wellness Unit in the OTP led the response in COVID- 19 by ensuring that health and safety parameters (people, buildings and equipment) where prioritised by all provincial departments and state owned entities through the implementation of COVID approved plans in line with the Employee Health and Wellness Strategy. This has also been included as an indicator in the APP with quarterly reporting to the GSCID Cluster. As at the end of quarter one, a total of 1375 of public servants tested positive for COVID-19.

4.2. Internal Environment Analysis

a) The capacity of the institution to deliver on the mandate includes:

(i) <u>Human Resources</u>

As at 31 January 2020 the vacancy rate at senior management level was 8.45%, while the vacancy rate for all other levels was **7.3%.** The overall vacancy rate of the department is 7% which is within the acceptable norms for vacancies which is 10%. The attrition rate as at the end of January 2020 was 1% which is also within an acceptable level. However, the vacancy rate is calculated based on funded posts. Unfunded posts are not included in this calculation. Due to cost containment measures and strict austerity measures, the process of filling of vacancies means that the department is unable to fill all attrition posts and as a result the human resources gap is increasing.

The 2018/19 Annual Report of the OTP outlined the audit report findings and recommendations. One of the major challenges identified was the issue of the absence of an Internal Audit unit and poorly capacitated risk management unit. The new departmental structure provides for an Internal Control unit and strengthens the risk management unit. The process has been initiated to seek Provincial Treasury's approval for identified posts. The department currently relies on Provincial Internal Audit Services to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls and to provide advice where deficiencies are detected.

The department intends to improve its overall organisational capability by implementing its proposed realigned organisational structure and reduce the current vacancy rate further. Such realignment includes the reorganisation of units through regrouping units targeting similar deliverables.

OFFICE OF THE PREMIER A3. Statistics of Race ,Gender, Disabled and Vacant posts per Salary Level - January 2020

Table 1 reflects employees appointed on the Persal system

										HUM/	۱NF	RESO	URCE	S									EST	ABLISHN	MENT
POST/		AFRI	CAN		(COLO	URED			INDI	ΑN			WH	IITE			TOT	AL			Employees	No. of	Total	%
SALARY	FEM	ALE	MA	LE	FEM	ALE	MAL	E	FEM	ALE	M/	\LE	FEM	ALE	MA	LE	FEMA	LE	MAL	E	TOTAL	with a	VACANT	No. of	VACANT
LEVEL	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%		disability	Posts	Posts	Posts
01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02	11	31	24	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	11	31	24	69	35	0	0	35	0
03	37	59	26	41	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	Ŭ	0	37	59	26	41	63	0	1	64	2
04	6	40	9	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	_	40	9	60	15	0	2	17	12
05	26	43	33	54	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ŭ	0	26	43	35	57	61	0	1	62	2
06	23	62	13	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	24	65	13	35	37	0	0	37	0
07	66	67	28	28	3	3	0	0	- 1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	70	71	29	29		1	8	107	7
08	20	47	12	28	1	2	0	0	5	12	3	7	2	5	0	0	28	65	15	35		0	3	46	7
09	20	51	11	28	4	10	0	0	3	8	1	3	0	0	0	0	27	69	12	31	39	3	_	47	17
10	4	27	9	60	0	0	0	0	1	7	1	7	0	0	0	0	5	33	10	67	15	0	2	17	12
11	13	48	8	30	0	0	0	0	3	11	0	0	1	4	2	7	17	63	10	37	27	3	,	34	21
12	16	34	16	34	0	0	0	0	6	13	3	6	4	9	2	4	26	55	21	45	47	2	6		11
Sub-Tot	242	50	189	39	8	2	2	0	19	4	9	2	8	2	4	1	277	58	204	42	481	9	38	519	7
13	17	40	19	44	0		0	0	4	9	1	2	1	2	1	2	22	51	21	49		2	2		4
14	2	13	9	60	0	_	U	0	1	7	1	7	1	7	1	7	4	27	11	73	15	0	2	17	12
15	1	20	4	80	0	0	Ü	0	0	0	0		ŭ	0	ŭ	0	1	20	4	80	5	0	2		29
16	2	67	1	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	67	1	33		0	0		0
Sub-Tot	22	33	33	50	0	0	0	0	5	8	2	3	2	3	2	3		44	37	56		2	6		8
TOTAL	264	48	222	41	8	1	2	0	24	4	11	2	10	2	6	1	306	56	241	44	547	11	44	591	7

Table 2, for statistical purposes, reflects employees not counted as part of the fixed establishment

										HUM	AN F	RESO	URCE	S									EST	ABLISHN	/IENT
		AFRI	CAN		(COLO	URED			INDIA		AN		WH	ITE		TOTAL					Employees	No. of	Total	%
	FEM	ALE	M/	\LE	FEM	ALE	MA	LE	FEN	IALE	M/	\LE	FEN	IALE	MA	Ī	FEMA	Ē	MAL	m	TOTAL	with a	VACANT	No. of	VACANT
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%		disability	Posts	Posts	Posts
MINISTER	0	0	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	100	1	0	0	1	(
PERIODIC	1	33	0	0	0	0	1	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	33	1	33	2	67	3	0	0	0	0
ABNORMAL	0	0	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	100	1	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	18	4	457	5	0	0	5	(

KEY:

PERIODIC PERIODICAL APPOINTMENT (NATURE OF APPOINTMENT 17)
ABNORMAL ABNORMAL APPOINTMENT (NATURE OF APPOINTMENT 32)

The current staff establishment of the Office of the Premier indicated per salary level and respective demographics.

The Office of the Premier has a total number of 22 internal bursary holders. The number includes employees who have been awarded this year (2020). The department is also undertaking an internal Skills Audit which is currently in progress and is about 80% complete. Analysis of the questionnaires will commence shortly. Once this completed, the Departmental Skills development plan will be finalised.

(ii) Information Technology

The Office of the Premier co-ordinated the Provincial Digital Transformation Strategy and Implementation plan. The Office of the Premier is repositioning the Nerve Centre. The Office of the Premier recognises that data is growing in an unprecedent rate, big data management is a priority in the Province. This requires the big data integration, governance and security. The office of the Premier is best placed to achieve this therefore is undertaking this work through Repositioning of the Nerve Centre. The integration requires automation of processes, service delivery information to be co-ordinated and integrated and all this data ultimately to apply big data analytics, provide deep insight and ultimately optimise through artificial intelligence.

The department's digital transformation implementation plan includes projects that will automate leave system, approval of submissions, recruitment systems and processes, case management system, service delivery application with a view to improving the management thereof. It is envisaged that system will be implemented from 2020/21 financial year onwards.

The Digital Transformation Strategy and Plan are citizens centric to guide the digital transformation of the KZN Provincial Government into an all-inclusive digital Province where all citizens can benefit from the opportunities offered by technology. This will be done through the close partnerships with all government departments, state owned entities, business and citizens within the Province.

(iii) Financial Resources

The Department is Budget Vote 1. However, the current economic climate and pressures to reprioritise budgets resulting from fiscal constraints and COVID-19 means that the department must re-consider critical posts and delivery priorities.

The financial close-out report for the 2018/19 financial year is summarised as follows:

Programmes		Expenditure as at	Variance	% Spent
	2018/19	31 March 2019		
	R'000	R'000	R'000	%
P1: Administration	95 030	93 132	1 898	98%
P2: Institutional Development	479 433	421 324	58 109	88%
P3: Policy and Governance	279 829	274 559	5 270	98%
Total	854 292	789 015	65 277	92%

Reasons for underspending is summarised as follows:

- Compensation of Employees attributed to the filling of posts later than originally anticipated
 as a result of stricter control measures for the approval to fill posts via the Premier and
 Provincial Treasury. A number of staff exits as a result of resignations and promotional
 transfers also contributed to the underspending. The underspending also includes an amount
 of R506 thousand for vacated posts that were not filled and was specifically and exclusively
 appropriated under the Poverty Eradication unit.
- Goods and Services were underspent as a result of cost containment measures implemented on administrative items.
- Payments for Capital Assets that was not undertaken as a result of the additional office accommodation being put on hold. The leaking roof repair at the Moses Mabhida Building commenced in terms of site inspections and quotations but no expenditure was incurred in 2018/19. Furthermore, furniture and equipment (R904 thousand) was not purchased due to the additional office accommodation not being acquired.
- Transfers and Subsidies were underspent by R50,327 million dues to overpayments for bursary recipients (R326 thousand) as well as R50 million that was treated as an advance payment to the KZN Growth Fund.
- Heritage Assets: An amount of R2,129 million was underspent due to challenges experienced with reaching consensus amongst the various stakeholders on the design and layout of monuments. The statues of the former iconic figures of Fatima Meer and Solomon Linda were therefore not undertaken.

(iv) Office Accommodation

In August 2019 the Office of the Premier was advised that the refurbishment of the Mayors Walk facility, which was to be used to accommodate departmental staff, would cost the department an amount of R187 million. Department of Public Works submitted a proposal for a R187 million construction project for new offices and parking facilities at the Mayors Walk state facility to accommodate departmental staff. In view of the cost, the Office of the Premier decided to look at utilising space at the Government Precinct for office accommodation. In this regard, the Department of Public Works is putting together a project plan to develop the Government Precinct by March 2022.

In the interim the Department of Public Works will be going to tender for office accommodation to house the officials when the lease expires until such time that the Government Precinct accommodation is available.

b) Other internal factors that have informed the development of the Strategic Plan

(i) Audit outcomes 2018/19

In 2018/19 audit, the Office of the Premier obtained a qualified audit opinion, and this was noted with great concern by the Governance, State Capacity and Institutional Development (GSCID) Cluster Audit & Risk Committee (GISCID - CARC).

As a corrective action or measure, the department developed an audit improvement plan to ensure that the issues raised by the Auditor General are corrected. The audit improvement plan will be monitored through MANCO, EXCO, departmental Risk Committee and CARC to ensure progress and accountability. The Performance Agreements of all senior managers include risk management as a key performance indicator and improvement of audit outcomes

(ii) Performance Information

The 2018/19 report shows steady progress with the achievement of targets against the APP (79%) In 2019/20, Business Units focused on reporting on the operational plans to ensure that key activities and projects (building up to the APP indicators) are being undertaken to achieve targeted outputs and outcomes of the Department. QPR action plans will be monitored on a quarterly basis to track implementation of corrective action on areas of under-performance.

(iii) Internal Control

The lack of internal controls has been noted in the following areas: supply chain management, procurement and contract management, budget and expenditure management, asset management, high staff vacancy rate, and failure to prevent irregular expenditure. However, interventions have been planned to improve the overall control environment and avoid the recurrence of audit findings.

(iv) Service Delivery Improvement Plan (SDIP)

In 2017/18, the department identified four main services that it would want to improve, i.e. supply chain management (SCM), inter-governmental relations (IGR), security and youth. Noting that 1 to 3 services can be included in the SDIP and that the IGR services had not improved as expected between 2015/16 to 2017/18 period, the department decided to continue focusing on the improvement of IGR services. As a result, the department completed the SDIP on the service "facilitation and coordination services of integrated planning, implementation and resource mobilisation through functional IGR structures" for 2018/19 to 2020/21 MTEF period. Going forward, the remaining key services will be considered for the next MTEF.

c) The status of the institution regarding women and people with disabilities

Regarding the employment equity, the department aims to implement internal programmes that will improve the representation of women at senior management and that of People with Disabilities (PWDs). It will continue to fill posts in line with the Employment Equity targets to improve on the current 43.94% representation of women at SMS to the acceptable 50%. Furthermore, although the department has not reached the acceptable target of 2% representation of PWDs, there are plans to improve the current situation. The plans represents the critical link between the current workforce profile and possible barriers in employment policies and procedures, and the implementation of remedial steps to ultimately result in employment equity in the workplace. The plan seeks to implement EE related strategies and initiatives within the Office of the Premier with such strategies and initiatives that will include, but are not limited to the following:

- Recruitment, selection and placement
- Training and development of members of the designated groups
- Mentorship programmes
- Bursaries, scholarships, internships
- Retention of people from designated groups
- Diversity management initiatives
- Reasonable accommodation for people with disabilities

(i) Achievements:

- The Provincial Public Service Training Academy won the National Skills Gold Award for the Best AET Programme in the Country run by a Provincial Department in 2017; and Best Public Service Training Institution in 2015.
- The Moerane Commission was established on 28 October 2016 following a spate of politically related killings that escalated rapidly during 2016 and recommendations are being implemented.
- Ethics and Fraud prevention programmes initiated, including Integrity Leadership Summit and I DO RIGHT campaign.
- Three Councils have been established and led by the Office of the Premier:
 - 1) Provincial Council on Moral Regeneration and Social Cohesion was established to address challenges in the Province relating to xenophobia, racism, and social ills.
 - 2) Provincial Council on HIV and AIDS (PCA) is fully functional and is responsible for coordinating the multi-sectoral HIV, Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and Tuberculosis (TB) response in the province. AIDS Councils at the District, Local and Ward level have been established.
 - 3) KwaZulu-Natal was the first Province after the establishment of the National HRD Council to establish a Human Resource Development Council (HRDC).
- Youth Development and Coordination Unit was established, and the bursary programme was centralized. The Province has provided bursaries to 16 089 students from 2014 to 2018 at a total cost of R1.8 billion.
- Women Economic Empowerment plan to support women to work towards improving livelihoods of women, their families and communities has been developed and implemented by all government Departments. Partnerships with ASIME Women of Economic Liberty yielded positive results in transforming the agriculture and agri- products value chain, e.g. the Wonder-bag has been listed as one of Time Magazine's Top 50 genius products in 2018
- The Anti-Gender Based Violence Campaign Programme was rolled-out in 2015 and 2016.
 This included the Women in Media Breakfast and Provincial Summit, prevention and
 awareness raising through billboards, radio promotional messages, video messages and
 television SABC 404), and Response and Care and Support: picketing and provision of care
 and support to victims of sexual violence and gender-based violence victims.
- The Anti- Gender Based Violence Implementation Plan was implemented across departments in partnership with community and civil society organisations and mainstreamed in all provincial events.

- Several commemoration / celebration campaigns have been held to raise awareness, including: Human Rights Day (March); Child Protection Week (May); Youth Day (June); Pan African Women's Day (July); National Women's Day (August); International Rural Women's Day (October); Sixteen Days of Activism Against Gender Based Violence (November to December); World Aids Day (December); and International Day for Disabled People.
- Operation Sukuma Sakhe (OSS) service delivery model was reconfigured. The model is considered to be the best practice in the country with several provinces and other countries having come to learn from the Province.
- Poverty Eradication Master Plan (PEMP) facilitated a number of ward-based projects in the fields of Enterprise Development, Agriculture Development, Skills and Work Creation. There are 43 projects identified and package with over 3000 beneficiaries that have been linked to the following game changer interventions:
 - 1) The Nkandla Essential Oils project comprised of eleven (11) cooperatives, which was the major out-grower scheme in the area and the second largest producer of geranium oil in the Province.
 - 2) The Digital Terrestrial Television programme which is the migration of the South Africa from analogue to digital television broadcasting has trained 465 unemployed youth from the poor municipalities.
 - 3) Artisan Development: 410 identified unemployed youth have been trained in bricklaying, plastering and carpentry, they have been linked to housing projects within their local municipalities e.g. Maphumulo (Mkhonto Rural Housing project, Umdoni (Vulamehlo Wards 5&7 Rural Housing project and Umzumbe (Ifafa Rural Housing project) etc.
 - 4) Food Handlers: 90 unemployed youth from the most deprived wards have been recruited for Schools Nutrition Programme (Dept. of Education).
- Several stakeholder engagement initiatives were conducted to promote active citizenry, e.g. Forums established at a District level (uMkhanyakude, uThukela, uGu and Harry Gwala) with a clear-cut programme on Multi-sectorial stakeholder coordination & engagement with various sectors (e. Business, Labour, Religious, Traditional, Academics and Civil Society), engagement with the youth and Scout movement aimed at developing young boys, girls and young adults in achieving their full potential as individuals, as responsible citizens and as members of their local, national and international communities, engagement with community of uMkhanyakude on car theft, cross boarder and illegal immigrant concerns, and Community Dialogue in the Harry Gwala District in December 2017 to address challenges regarding killing of people living with albinism, political intolerance, woman abuse, corruption, lack of service delivery and lack of ethical leadership.
- Institutionalisation of short, medium- and long-term planning including the establishment and
 institutionalization of the Provincial Planning Commission (KZN is still the only Province to
 have institutionalised this) and Provincial Growth and Development Strategy and Plan
 (PGDS/P) are examples of leading planning in the Province. Several benchmarking
 engagements from other Provinces have been hosted (Eastern Cape, Western Cape,
 Gauteng, Mpumalanga, North West, Free State). This KZN Strategy, plan and implementation

framework is also being used as a benchmark in other Provinces and National Departments, including the DPME, to inform long terms planning.

 Citizen Satisfaction Survey (CSS) 2015 and 2018. KZN is still the only Province that have engaged with its citizens at a large scale to solicit feedback on how well we are performing in meeting the expectations and aspirations of our people.

(ii) Macro Challenges requiring OTP intervention:

- Levels of gender-based violence in the province of KwaZulu-Natal remain unacceptably high, requiring a change in strategy and greater collaboration between all stakeholders in our province to address and eradicate this scourge.
- Functionality of OSS war rooms in certain wards (War Rooms) are problematic.
- The domestic economy is under severe pressure as a result of subdued global economic performance. The combination of factors like high debt service costs, high costs of compensation of employees and contracting tax base, places a severe strain on the fiscus.
- Launching of the Premier's Hotline was committed to but experienced challenges. A new Call Centre is still to be procured as the previous one was not properly functioning.
- Moral decay remains a challenge and the violent and destructive nature of protests is a concern.
- Fragmented and/or poor responses to service delivery and slow progress with addressing service delivery complaints must be eradicated.
- The Internship Programme has not been as successful as hoped, as the absorption of the youth into formal employment is low.
- Optimal policy, research and monitoring and evaluation capacity in the Office of the Premier, as well as in all Departments and Entities is required.
- Communication, IGR and Stakeholder engagement has not been optimised to strengthen partnerships for inclusive growth and nation building.

(iii) Management of COVID-19 (Corona virus) in KwaZulu-Natal

In line with the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa and the Disaster Management Act, South Africa implemented a 21-day lockdown country-wide in order to prevent the COVID-19 virus from decimating its population or overwhelming its health services.

This required a radical shift in the Provincial Administration's approach to service delivery, evoking emergencies responses and structures, coordinated by the Office of the Premier. The Provincial Command Council was constituted co-ordinating the Provincial Response to COVID-19 and is chaired by the Premier. This is supported through the Clusters. The Provincial Command Council Response is through the Operation Sukuma Sakhe and District Development Model Approach. The Province developed the Provincial Plan on COVID-19

Following the adoption of the risk-adjusted strategy, each Cluster developed recovery plans for all levels (five to one), and these were adopted as an integrated approach by the Executive Council to further supplement the Provincial Plan. The response of each level takes into account the health, social, justice, economic and governance impact of COVID-19 in each of the level.

There was also an agreement of one Provincial M&E team with experts (internally from Health, and externally) and for central data integration in the Provincial Nerve Centre in the Office of the Premier. The team was formed from all clusters, with key experts and IT personnel.

The co-ordination of the management of the provincial response to COVID-19, necessitated the need for the Provincial Command Council to meet more regularly with the purpose of addressing COVID-19 related interventions and to alter its modus operandi by extending engagements via virtual means.

The Annual Performance Plan of the OTP has included these adjustments for outputs, related indicators and targets.

COVID-19 interventions required government to review its budget allocation and prioritisation of interventions. In keeping with the National Minister's adjusted budget, the Provincial budget was also revised and reductions were required to contribute towards national and provincial reprioritisation processes. The OTP budget was subsequently reduced by 15%. This reduction has also resulted in the adjustment of some of the targets and outputs that were set initially in the APP tabled and applicable to the first quarter of the financial year 2020/21, whilst also considering alternative means of engagements through refined systems and virtual platforms.

Adjusted Budget as at 30 July 20/21:

	Original Budget 2020/21	Budget Cuts	Final Budget 2020/21						
	R'000	R'000	R'000						
PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION									
Premier Support	30 809	-2 800	27 009						
Executive Council Support	9 154	-454	9 700						
Director-General	15 851	-2 044	13 807						
Financial Management	55 155	-5 343	49 812						
Intergovernmental Relations	25 162	-8 968	16 194						
Total Programme 1	136 131	-19 609	116 522						

		Original Budget 2020/21	Budget Cuts	Final Budget 2020/21
		R'000	R'000	R'000
	PROGRAMME 2: IN:	STITUTIONAL DEVE	LOPMENT	
	Strategic Human Resources	97 629	-9 597	88 032
	Information Communication Technology	93 593	-168	93 425
	Communication Services	67 507	-740	66 767
	Legal Services	13 462	-128	13 334
	Special Programmes	165 341	-27 070	138 271
To	tal Programme 2	437 532	-37 703	399 829
	PROGRAMME 3: 1	POLICY AND GOVE	RNANCE	
	Provincial Policy Management	57 575	-4 454	53 121
	Premier's Priority Programmes	97 616	-50 980	46 636
	Royal Household	71 344	-6 600	64 744
To	tal Programme 3	226 535	-62 034	164 501
To	tal: Department	800 198	-119 346	680 852

This is the budget adjustment due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This resulted in some units having to decrease targets for the 20/21 financial year. The example is the number of training sessions were originally 150 training sessions, this has been reduced to 50 training sessions for 20/21 due to the budget cuts and social distancing measures put in place due to COVID-19.

The OTP Employee Wellness Unit led the response in COVID-19 by ensuring that health and safety parameters (people, buildings and equipment) where prioritised in the department through the implementation of a COVID-19 approved plan in line with the Employee Health and Wellness Strategy.

Whilst COVID-19 has caused many challenges, there are many lessons to be learnt and these need to be recorded to improve service delivery. These include:

- Improving utilisation of untapped potential, e.g. CSIR data collection, monitoring and mapping. The State has been able to mobilise government services like water and waste removal more efficiently. This shows that we need to revisit at how we can use existing capacities differently and consider more flexible approaches in policies, plans and resource utilisation. It is about fully harvesting all existing capacities and capabilities across spheres and organs of the state.
- The need to address the capacity of the state head on COVID-19 has driven digital transformation – we need to use digital platforms to work differently and deliver services efficiently, use the District Development Model to work differently in partnering with local communities and other stakeholders. We also need to make better use of Regulations for ease of doing business and to intervene on behalf of the people.
- Increased and better coordination across spheres and the ability to mobilise response across spheres and social actors, not just a narrow departmental or national government response.
- Capitalising on our partnerships and goodwill demonstrated by stakeholders in mobilising communities and support. The Provincial response will be informed by the National process that is unfolding as key decisions of Cabinet on the planning and implementation (short, medium, long term) that need to be put in place will cascade to the Province. The effects of COVID will linger for some time. Government must continue to lead and work with its partners to mitigate its effects and build on the positive innovations that arising as new opportunities for the people of KwaZulu-Natal.

Part C: Measuring Our Performance

5. Institutional Programme Performance Information

NB: It must be noted that ALL quarter 1 targets are contained in the first approved 20/21 Annual Performance Plan for the Office of the Premier. This section will only contain Quarters 2, 3 & 4 performance information and therefore the balance of the annual targets for the total sum of quarters 2 to and including 4). Reporting on the annual performance for 2021-2022 will be done against the targets set for quarter 1 in the first approved APP and Quarters 2 to 4 as indicated in this re-tabled plan.

PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION

The objective of Programme 1 is to provide administrative support to the Premier, Executive Council and the Director–General in fulfilling their legislative and oversight function and in promoting good corporate governance. The programme consists of the following sub-programmes:

Sub-Programme 1: Premier Support

The objective of this sub-programme is to provide technical, administrative and advisory support to the Premier in executing the constitutional mandate.

Sub-Programme 2: Executive Council Support

The objective of this sub-programme is to render secretariat support services to the Executive Council, clusters and key provincial committees.

Sub-Programme 3: Director-General Support

The objective of this sub-programme is to provide operational support to the Director-General in strategically managing the province. The Internal Control and Organisational Risk Management Directorate is part of this sub-programme.

Sub-Programme 4: Financial Management

The objective of this sub-programme is to provide financial management support and advisory services to the Premier and the Director- General in fulfilling their legislative and oversight functions and in promoting good corporate governance.

This sub-programme is responsible for presenting the main budget aggregates both to the Provincial Treasury and the Department, highlighting spending trends within the Medium-Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF). The sub-programme is also responsible for implementing financial and accounting policies and controls that are driven by strategic goals and objectives of the Department in order to formulate the budget. The Chief Financial Officer heads the financial management units and is responsible to ensure overall economic, effective and efficient application of government resources, internal control and compliance with all government financial and supply chain prescripts, and the Public Finance Management Act. The Financial Accounting and Management Accounting Services directorates ensure effective, efficient and transparent financial management support to the Department. These Directorates monitor expenditure, cash flows and ensures efficient revenue generation. These directorates ensure accurate reporting to the Provincial Treasury. The Supply Chain Management directorate ensures compliance with procurement, legislative requirements, policies, delegations and processes. The directorate is responsible for demand management, acquisition and logistics management and contract management.

Sub-Programme 5: Inter-Governmental Relations

Purpose: To improve inter— and intragovernmental relations and promote effective cooperative governance through implementation of the Intergovernmental Framework Relations Act, 13 of 2005). The Act provides within the principle of co-operative government set out in Chapter 3 of the Constitution a framework for the national government, provincial governments and local governments, and all organs of state within those governments, to facilitate co-ordination in the implementation of policy and legislation. The unit coordinates with all departments to ensure effective delivery of all National and Provincial priorities.

Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Annual Targets								
			Audit	ted /Actual	Performance	Estimated Performance 2019/20	Med	ium Term Tar	gets		
		2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2020/2021 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23			
1. Improved	Functional	Sub-Programme: Executive Council Suppo	ort		<u> </u>			L	L		
governance & accountability	Executive Council	Number of Executive Council decision matrix implementation progress reports submitted to the Executive Council	13	19	20	20	9	20	20		
		Number of Special Executive Council decision matrix implementation progress reports submitted to the Executive Council (COVID 19 related)	New	New	New	New	9	TBD	TBD		
	Audit	Sub-Programme: Financial Management									
	Improvement	Percentage of invoices paid within 30 days	New	88%	100%	90%	90%	100%	100%		
		Percentage reduction of wasteful and fruitless expenditure	New	New	R4000	50% from 2018/19	25% from 2019 baseline	25% from 2020 baseline	100%		
		Percentage reduction of irregular expenditure	New	New	R137.9 million rands irregular exp)	50% from 2018/19 (approx. R70 mil)	20% from 2019 baseline	25% from 2020 baseline	25% from 2021 baseline		
2. Improved co-	Strengthening	Sub-Programme: Intergovernmental Relati	ons		. ,	,					
ordination, integration and	IGR Structures	Number of PCF decision matrix implementation reports	5	5	4	4	3	4	4		
efficiency in government		 Number of COHOD meeting decision matrixes implementation reports 	7	10	12	12	9	12	12		
		Number of Special COHOD meeting decision matrixes implementation reports (COVID 19 related)	New	New	New	New	9	TBD	TBD		
3. Inclusive	International	Sub-Programme: Intergovernmental Relati	ons	•			ı		1		
stakeholder engagement & improved	Relations strategy implementation	Number of International Relations and ODA Strategy implementation monitoring reports	New	New	New	Strategy Approved	1	4	4		
partnerships		Number of Twinning Agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign policy	New	New	New	20	8	8	8		

Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets

Output Indicators	Annual Target (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	Q2	Q3	Q4
 Number of Executive Council decision matrix implementation progress reports submitted to the Executive Council 	9	3	3	3
Number of Special Executive Council decision matrix implementation progress reports submitted to the Executive Council (COVID 19 related)	9	3	3	3
3. Percentage of invoices paid within 30 days	90%	90%	90%	90%
Percentage reduction of wasteful and fruitless expenditure	25% from 2019 baseline	0	0	25% from 2019 baseline
5. Percentage reduction of irregular expenditure	20% from 2019 baseline	0	0	20% from 2019 baseline
Number of PCF decision matrix implementation reports	3	1	1	1
7. Number of COHOD meeting decision matrixes implementation reports	9	3	3	3
8. Number of Special COHOD meeting decision matrixes implementation reports (COVID 19 related)	9	3	3	3
9. Number of International Relations and ODA Strategy implementation monitoring reports	1	0	0	1
10. Number of Twinning Agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign policy	8	0	0	8

PROGRAMME 2: INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

BRANCH: CORPORATE SERVICES

The purpose of this programme is to coordinate the transformation of the public service and

provide institutional development and support to the KwaZulu-Natal Provincial Government.

It comprises of the following sub-programmes:

Strategic Human Resources

Information Technology

Communication Services

Sub-Programme 1: Strategic Human Resources

The purpose of the sub-programme is to facilitate, coordinate, monitor and promote

Strategic Human Resource Management and Development Services within the Provincial

Government and the Office of the Premier. The sub-programme includes the Human

Resource Management and Human Resource Development (Provincial Public Service

Training Academy) units.

Sub-Programme 2: Information Technology

The purpose of this sub-programme is to coordinate provincial Government Information and

Communication Technology (ICT) in the Province and render internal ICT support and

auxiliary services to the Office of the Premier.

Sub-Programme 3: Communication Services

The Communication Services sub-programme provides an integrated and coordinated

government communication service within the Provincial Government and the Office of the

Premier. It is responsible for the creation of a vibrant dialogue between the Office of the

Premier and the community by promoting a citizenship with positive moral values and

enhancing synergy with other Government Departments in service delivery.

Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Annual Targets									
			Audited	/Actual Pe	rformance	Estimated	ı	Medium Term Targ	ets			
			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Performance 2019/20	2020/2021 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23			
1. Improved	Strengthened Labour Relations	Sub-Programme: Strategic Human I	Resource M	lanagement	•	•	1		1			
governance & accountability	(Note this Output also links to the Outcome Ethical Professional & ethical provincial administration)	Number of quarterly reports on labour and disciplinary cases submitted to the Executive Council	New	New	New	3	1	2	2			
	Transversal Provincial HR Policies (Note this Output also links to the Outcome Ethical Professional & ethical provincial administration)	12. Number of reports on Technical HR support services on KZN HR policy matters	3	4	4	4	3	4	4			
		13. Number of Human Resource compliance monitoring reports	22	15	15	15	11	15	15			
	ICT Governance	Sub-Programme: ICT										
		14. Number of annual provincial ICT Governance assessment reports	1	2	2	1	1	1	1			
2. Improved	Operations management	Sub-Programme: Strategic Human I	Resource N	/lanagement								
co-ordination, integration and efficiency in government	productivity assessment reports (Note this Output also links to the Outcome Ethical Professional & ethical provincial administration)	15. Number of reports on the implementation of the Operations Management Framework	New	New	New	New	3	4	4			
		16. Number of reports on productivity assessments	New	New	New	Concept development	3	4	4			
	Compliance with COVID-19 measures and other occupational diseases	17. Number of COVID-19 Occupational Health and Safety Compliance Reports	New	New	New	New	3	4	4			
	Digital Transformation (ICT	Sub-Programme: ICT			1	1	1	1				
	Strategy)	18. Number of ICT Strategy Implementation monitoring reports	New	New	New	Draft Concept	2	4	4			
		19. Strategy for Optimisation and Utilisation of Nerve Centre	New	New	New	Draft Concept	1 Strategy Developed	Implementation and monitoring	Implementati on and monitoring			

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Annual Targets										
			Audited	/Actual Per	formance	Estimated Performance	Medium Term Targets						
			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/2021 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23				
3. Inclusive	Annual Provincial &	Sub-Programme: Communica	tion Service	S	1	I			I				
stakeholder engagement & Departmer Communic initiatives	Communication support	20. Number of monitoring reports on implementation of Provincial Communication Plan	New	New	New	3	3	4	4				
		21. Number of reports on provincial campaigns communicated	New	New	New	New	4	4	4				
4. Professional	Public Service Development:	Sub-Programme: Strategic Human Resource Management											
& ethical provincial administration	Public Service Training Academy Revitalisation Strategy	22. Number of Public Service Training Academy Revitalisation Plan's developed	New	New	New	Draft Concept	1 plan developed	Implementation and monitoring	Implementation and monitoring				
	Public Service Development: Mentorship Programme	23. Number of mentorship Programme developed	New	New	New	Draft Concept	1	Implementation and monitoring	Implementation and monitoring				
		24. Number of training sessions co-ordinated by the Provincial Training Academy	190	217	200	100	50	180	200				
	service	25. Number of structured partnerships established with institutions of higher learning	New	New	New	5	1	10	10				
-	Public Service Development: HRD Council meetings	26. Number of reports on the implementation of the HRD Council resolutions	New	New	New	3	2	3	3				
	Transversal Provincial HR Pol (Note this Output and targets	s s and targets also link to the Out	l Professior	nal & ethical	provincial ad	lministration) - See	No. 12 and 1						

Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets

Output Indicators	Annual Target (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	Q2	Q3	Q4
11. Number of quarterly reports on labour and disciplinary cases submitted to the Executive Council	1	0	1	0
12. Number of reports on Technical HR support services on KZN HR policy matters	3	1	1	1
13. Number of Human Resource compliance monitoring reports	11	4	4	3
14. Number of annual provincial ICT Governance assessment reports	1	0	0	1
15. Number of reports on the implementation of the Operations Management Framework	3	1	1	1
16. Number of reports on productivity assessments	3	1	1	1
17. Number of COVID-19 Occupational Health and Safety Compliance Reports	3	1	1	1
18. Number of ICT Strategy Implementation monitoring reports	2	0	1	1
19. Strategy for Optimisation and Utilisation of Nerve Centre	1	0	0	1
20. Number of monitoring reports on implementation of Provincial Communication Plan	3	1	1	1
21. Number of reports on provincial campaigns communicated	3	1	1	1
22. Number of Public Service Training Academy Revitalisation plan's developed	1	0	1	0
23. Number of mentorship programmes developed	1	0	0	1
24. Number of training sessions co-ordinated by the Provincial Training Academy	50	24	13	13
25. Number of structured partnerships established with institutions of higher learning	1	0	1	0
26. Number of reports on the implementation of the HRD Council resolutions	2	0	1	1

PROGRAMME 2: INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

BRANCH: INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND INTEGRITY MANAGEMENT

This Branch coordinates transformation and focusses on constitutional compliance,

democracy support and sound integrity management and service delivery complaints

handling. It comprises of the following sub-programmes:

Legal Services; and

Special Programmes (including Forensic Investigations, Integrity Management,

Democracy Support Services, Youth Development & Security Services & Protocol).

Sub-Programme 4: Legal Services

The role and responsibility of the Chief Directorate: State Law Advisory Services is to provide

a comprehensive and professional internal legal support service to the Office of the Premier;

and to provide a comprehensive, professional, inter-departmental, transversal state law

advisory service to the respective provincial line function Departments protecting the

interests of the entire Province. In pursuance of Strategic Goal 6 of the PGDP and Strategic

Objective 6.4 thereof (to promote participative, facilitative and accountable governance), the

Chief Directorate: State Law Advisory Services, strives to –

(i) promote good governance and adherence to the principles of constitutionalism and the

Rule of Law;

(ii) ensure that constitutionally compliant Provincial Laws (Bills, Regulations and

Proclamations) which reflect policy are drafted and certified;

(iii) ensure a well-regulated legislative environment in the Province;

(iv) establish the most appropriate legal framework for service delivery; and

(v) establish the legal basis and authority for every structure, function and activity of the

Provincial Government.

Sub-Programme 5: Special Programmes

The Programme supports two (2) units, namely, Integrity Management and Democracy Support Services.

The purpose of Integrity Management is to mitigate and eliminate incidence of unethical conduct by government officials with a view to improving good governance. This programme strives to inculcate the culture of high moral standards and integrity through the demonstration of best practice by all government officials. This includes the Forensics Investigations Chief Directorate which transferred from Provincial Treasury to the Office of the Premier. The unit Service Delivery Improvement from Programme 3a will be linked to Integrity Management as part of the re-organisation process.

The purpose of the Democracy Support Services unit is to ensure that government translates its constitutional, political and global commitments into measurable and meaningful programmes. Special Programmes (Democracy Support) will be linked to Programme 3: Policy and Governance – Branch Stakeholder Coordination as part of the reorganisation process.

The sub-programme also includes the responsibility of Security and Protocol.

Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators				Annual ⁻	Targets		
		·	Audited /	Actual Per	formance	Estimated Performance	Mediu	ım Term Tarç	jets
			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/2021 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23
1. Improved	Appropriate and	Sub Programme: Legal Services	I	l	I .	l	I .		
governance & accountability	constitutionally compliant Provincial Legislation	27. Number of quarterly reports on Provincial Legislative programme	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
	the Public Service	28. Number of Premier's Reports on the status of Provincial Investigations	New	New	New	New	3	4	4
	Provincial Security	Sub-Programme: Special Programm	nes (Securi		and Protoc				
	Co-ordination Framework	 Number of Provincial Security Co-ordination Framework developed 	New	New	New	Draft Concept	1 Framework Developed	Implement ation and monitoring	Implementati on and monitoring
		30. Number of quarterly Minimum Physical Security Standards (MPSS) monitoring coordination reports	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
2. Improved co-	Sub-Programme: Spec	ial Programmes (Integrity)							
ordination, integration and efficiency in government	Service delivery monitoring	31. Number of quarterly intervention reports on the resolution of service delivery complaints	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
	Ombudsperson Coordination	32. Number of OTP Ombudsperson reports	2	2	4	2	3	4	4
	Mainstreaming a culture of human	Sub-Programme: Special Programme: Stakeholder Coordination as part of	nes (Demo	cracy Suppo ganisation p	ort) - These process	will be linked to l	Programme 3: Polic	y and Govern	ance – Branch
	rights through integrated plans for vulnerable groups (Note this output also links with Outcome	33. Number of updated 5-year strategic plans for each target group: 1 x gender equality; 1 x disability, 1 x children; and 1 x senior citizens	1 per group, 4 totals	1 per group, 4 total	1 per group, 4 total	1 per group, 4 total	1 per group, 4 total	1 per group, 4 total	1 per group, 4 total
	yielding Inclusive stakeholder engagement & improved partnerships)	34. Number of coordination reports on the protection and empowerment of designated groups (1 x Women, 1 x Senior Citizens, 1 x Children and 1 x People with disabilities).	New	New	New	12	12	16	16

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators				Annual Ta	rgets						
			Audited	/Actual Per	formance	Estimated		Medium Term Ta	rgets				
			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Performance 2019/20	2020/2021 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23				
2. Improved co- ordination, integration and efficiency in government	Mainstreaming a culture of human rights through integrated plans for vulnerable groups	35. Number of monitoring reports on the implementation of 365 days visible campaigns against GBV as part of the Provincial anti GBV and Femicide Plan	New	New	New	Plan Developed	3	4	4				
		36. Number of consolidated human rights violation monitoring reports	2	2	2	4	3	4	4				
	Youth Programmes		•										
	Coordination (Note this output also links to the Outcome Inclusive	37. Number of Integrated Provincial Youth Development Strategy Implementation plans	New	New	New	1	1	1	1				
	stakeholder engagement & improved partnerships)	38. Number of coordination reports on the 'implementation of provincial youth development plan	New	New	New	3	3	4	4				
		39. Number of progress reports on the rollout of the Youth Empowerment Fund	New	New	New	3	3	4	4				
Inclusive stakeholder engagement &	Ethics and Integrity (Sub-Programme 5 Special Programmes (Integrity) Ethics and Integrity Campaign – "Number of departmental awareness workshops on anti-fraud and anti-corruption" Note this Output, its indicator and targets also link to the Outcome Professional & ethical provincial administration- See No. 45, below.											
engagement & improved partnerships	Sub-Programme: Sp Mainstreaming a cult Note this Output, its These will be linked	Sub-Programme: Special Programmes (Democracy Support) Mainstreaming a culture of human rights through integrated plans for vulnerable groups Note this Output, its indicator and targets also link to the Outcome Improved co-ordination, integration and efficiency in government – See No. 33 to 36 above. These will be linked to Programme 3: Policy and Governance – Branch Stakeholder Coordination as part of the Re-Organisation process											
		Coordination and its indicator: indicator and targets also link			o-ordination, int	egration and efficie	ency in governme	<i>nt</i> – See No. 37 to	o 39 above.				

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators				Annual Ta	rgets		
			Audited	I /Actual Per	formance	Estimated Performance 2019/20	ľ	Medium Term Tarç	gets
			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/2021 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23
4. Professional &	Sub-Programme: Sp	pecial Programmes (Integrity)	•	•	•	•	1	1	
ethical provincial administration	Ethics and Integrity campaign (I Do Right)	40. Number of reports on the "I Do Right Even When No-one is Looking" campaign	New	New	New	New	3	4	4
		41. Number of quarterly progress reports (National Anti-Corruption Hotline KZN cases)	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
		42. Percentage of provincial cases resolved from the National Anti-Corruption hotline (PSC)	New	New	New	80%	80%	80%	80%
		43. Provincial Hotline established (linked to re-positioning of the Nerve Centre)	New	New	New	New	1	Implementation & reporting	Implementation & reporting
		44. Number of ethics workshops	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
		45. Number of departmental awareness workshops on anti-fraud and anti-corruption	New	New	New	6	7	14	14
		46. Number of Fraud and Corruption reports	3	4	4	4	3	4	4
		47. Number of capacity building sessions conducted for security managers in provincial departments	New	New	New	3	3	4	4
		48. Number of Lifestyle Audit reports	New	New	New	New	3	4	4

Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets

Output Indicators	Annual Target (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	Q2	Q3	Q4
27. Number of quarterly reports on Provincial Legislative programme	3	1	1	1
28. Number of Premier's Reports on the status of Provincial Investigations	3	1	1	1
29. Number of Provincial Security Framework developed	1	0	0	1
30. Number of quarterly Minimum Physical Security Standards (MPSS) monitoring coordination reports	3	1	1	1
31. Number of intervention reports on the resolution of service delivery complaints	3	1	1	1
32. Number of OTP Ombudsperson reports	3	1	1	1
33. Number of updated 5-year strategic plans for each target group: 1 x gender equality; 1 x disability, 1 x children; and 1 x senior citizens	0*	0	0	0
34. Number of coordination reports on the protection and empowerment of designated groups (1 x Women, 1 x Senior Citizens, 1 x Children and 1 x People with disabilities).	12	4	4	4
35. Number of monitoring reports on the implementation of 365 days visible campaigns against GBV as part of the Provincial anti GBV and Femicide Plan	3	1	1	1
36. Number of consolidated human rights monitoring reports	3	1	1	1
37. Number of Integrated Provincial Youth Development Strategy Implementation plans	0**	0	0	0
38. Number of coordination reports on the implementation of provincial youth development plan	3	1	1	1
39. Number of progress reports on the rollout of the Youth Empowerment Fund	3	1	1	1
40. Number of reports on the "I Do Right Even When No-one is Looking" campaign	3	1	1	1
41. Number of quarterly progress reports (National Anti-Corruption Hotline KZN cases)	3	1	1	1
42. Percentage of provincial cases resolved from the National Anti-Corruption hotline (PSC)	80%	80%	80%	80%
43. Provincial Hotline established	1	0	0	1
44. Number of ethics workshops	3	1	1	1
45. Number of departmental awareness workshops on anti-fraud and anti-corruption	7	2	3	2
46. Number of Fraud and Corruption reports	3	1	1	1
47. Number of capacity building sessions conducted for security managers in Provincial Departments	3	1	1	1
48. Number of Lifestyle Audit reports	3	1	1	1

^{*(}Annual target of 4 in Q1)

^{**(}Annual target of 1 in Q1)

PROGRAMME 3: POLICY AND GOVERNANCE

BRANCH: MACRO POLICY & STRATEGIC PLANNING

The purpose of this programme is to improve and facilitate the coordination and alignment of the transversal policies, strategies, short- and long-term plans and programmes as well as the reporting and monitoring of these for the Provincial Government. The programme also provides a co-ordinating role for all provincial stakeholders.

Sub-Programme 1: Provincial Policy Management

The purpose of this sub-programme is to improve the Public Policy & Research Management System and Planning Coordination in the province and within the organisation. Further the sub-programme seeks to improve and facilitate the coordination and alignment of the transversal policies, strategies, short- and long-term plans and programmes as well as the reporting and monitoring of these for the Provincial Government. The sub-programme also oversees the implementation of the government wide monitoring and evaluation framework in the province through the Monitoring & Evaluation programmes, Provincial Performance Reporting, the Provincial Nerve Centre and the Service Delivery Improvement (SDIP) units. The SDIP unit & indicators will be linked to Programme 2: Institutional Development and Integrity Management: Special Programmes as part of the reorganisation process.

Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators	Annual Targets									
			Audit	ed /Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated Performance	Medium	Term Targe	ets			
			2016/17	2017/18			2020/21 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23			
1. Improved	Performance Reports	Sub-Programme: Provincial Policy	Management -	- Monitoring and	l Evaluation	Į.	I .	1				
governance and accountability	of Departments	49. Number of Performance Reports on departments	New	New	New	New	3	4	4			
	Priority Programmes Monitoring reports	50. Number of reports on Provincial Priority Programmes	New	New	New	New	3	4	4			
2. Improved co-	SDIP reports	Sub-Programme: Provincial Policy	Management -	- Monitoring and	l Evaluation							
ordination, integration and efficiency in government		51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports.	4	2	4	4	1	4	4			
	Siyahlola Reports	52. Number of Siyahlola reports	New	New	New	New	3	4	4			
	Co-ordination of Provincial Evaluation	53. Number of reports on the Provincial Evaluation plan	New	New	New	2	2	2	2			
	Integrated MTSF report	54. Number of MTSF reports	New	New	New	1	1	1	1			
	District Development	Sub-Programme: Provincial Policy	Management -	- Monitoring and	l Evaluation	•		· ·				
	Model reports	55. Number of oversight reports on the District Development Model /OSS	New	New	New	New	3	4	4			
	Policy and Research	Sub-Programme: Provincial Policy	/ Management -	 Strategic Plann 	ning, Policy and F	Research Co-ordina	ation					
	Coordination: Macro Policy & Research inventory	56. Number of macro policy & research inventory reports	2	2	2	2	1	2	2			
	Integrated Planning System: Consolidated planning alignment report	57. Number of consolidated provincial strategic planning alignment reports	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators			An	nual Targets			
			Audited	/Actual Perfor	mance	Estimated Performance	Medium Term Targets		
			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/2020	2020/21 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23
	Integrated Planning System: Functional Planning Commission	58. Number of reports on the implementation of the Provincial Planning Commission business plan	New	New	New	3	3	4	4
	Integrated Planning System: Reviewed Provincial Growth & development Strategy	59. PGDS reviewed	PGDS 2011 Reviewed 2016 - Annual Review of PGDP thereafter	Annual Review of PGDP	Annual Review of PGDP	Annual Review of PGDP and Situational Analysis Update	1	Annual Review of PGDP	Annual Review of PGDP
4.	Batho Pele compliance	Sub-Programme: Provincial Policy Ma	anagement – Monito	oring and Evalu	ation			•	
Professional & ethical provincial	reports	60. Number of reports on level of compliance with Batho Pele principles.	4	4	2	2	2	2	2
administration		Siyahola Reports" & "Batho Pele Complia grammes as part of the Re-Organisation		nd 52 & 60. will	be linked to Pr	ogramme 2: Institu	utional Develop	ment and In	tegrity

Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets

Output Indicators	Annual Target	Q2	Q3	Q4
	(with effect from			
	1/7/2020 for Q2 to			
	4)			
49. Number of Performance Reports on departments	3	1	1	1
50. Number of reports on Provincial Priority Programmes	3	1	1	1
51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports.	1	0	0	1
52. Number of Siyahlola reports	3	1	1	1
53. Number of reports on the Provincial Evaluation plan	2	1	0	1
54. Number of MTSF reports	1	1	0	0
55. Number of oversight reports on the District Development Model /OSS	3	1	1	1
56. Number of macro policy & research inventory reports	1	0	1	0
57. Number of consolidated provincial strategic planning alignment reports.	1	0	0	1
58. Number of reports on the implementation of the Provincial Planning Commission business plan.	3	1	1	1
59. PGDS reviewed.	1	0	0	1
60. Number of reports on level of compliance with Batho Pele principles.	2	1	0	1

BRANCH: STAKEHOLDER COORDINATION (Sub-programmes 2 & 3)

Sub-Programme 2: Premier's Priority Programmes

The purpose of this sub-programme is to promote the culture of engagement, by coordinating stakeholder participation, and priority programmes. The sub-programme Democracy Support from Programme 2b will be linked to this sub-programme as part of the re-organisation process.

Sub-Programme 3: King's Support and Royal Household

The purpose of the Sub-Programme is to promote inclusive and synergistic governance by providing support services to his Majesty and the Royal Household. This function was transferred to the department in 2015 following the disestablishment of the former Department of Royal Household (Vote 10).

Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators				Annual Targets			
			Audit	ed /Actual Perf	ormance	Estimated	Me	dium Term Ta	rgets
			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Performance 2019/2020	2020/21 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23
1. Improved	Sub-Programme 3: h	King's Support and Royal Housel	nold					1	1
governance & accountability	Entity Oversight: KZN Zulu Royal House Trust quarterly monitoring reports	61. Number of KZN Zulu Royal House Trust quarterly monitoring reports	1	4	4	4	3	4	4
	Entity Oversight: KZN Zulu Royal House Trust Annual Performance Plan Assessment report	62. KZN Zulu Royal House Trust Annual Performance Plan assessment report	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Entity Oversight: Support Plan to His Majesty developed & linked to the budget	63. Number of His Majesty the King's support plans developed	New	New	New	1	1	1	1
2. Improved co-		Premier's Priority Programmes						•	
ordination, integration and efficiency in government	PEMP Co- ordination	64. Number of annual Implementation report on Phase IV of the PEMP Master Plan	New	New	New	Quarterly reports on PEMP implementation	1	1	1
		65. Number of quarterly coordination reports on progress with PEMP implementation by departments	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
	Reviewed OSS implemented	66. Number of quarterly reports on the implementation of the revitalisation strategy of OSS	4	4	4	4	3	4	4

Outcome	Outputs	Output Indicators				Annual Targets			
			Audit	ted /Actual Perfo	rmance	Estimated	Me	dium Term Ta	rgets
		C7 Number of consolidated	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Performance 2019/2020	2020/21 (with effect from 1/7/2020 for Q2 to 4)	2021/22	2022/23
3. Inclusive stakeholder engagement & improved partnerships	Priority Programmes Co- ordinated	67. Number of consolidated multi-sectorial intervention monitoring and coordination reports on HIV and AIDS & TB	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
		68. Number of quarterly coordination reports on Inkululeko Development projects	New	New	New	New	3	4	4
		69. Number of Veteran support services coordination reports	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
		70. Number of reports on the interventions of the Rapid Response programme	0	0	0	4	3	4	4
	Strategic Partnership co- ordination reports	71. Number of quarterly reports of District Multi- Sectoral Stakeholder engagements	4	4	4	16	3	4	4
		72. Number of reports on strategic engagements held with farm workers and farm dwellers	New	New	4	4	3	4	4
		73. Number of MRM coordination reports	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
	Izimbizo co- ordinated	74. Number of Izimbizo, Sector & Stakeholder engagement co-ordination reports	New	3	4	4	3	4	4

Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets

Output Indicators	Annual Target (with effect from 1/7/2020)	Q2	Q3	Q4
61. Number of KZN Zulu Royal House Trust quarterly monitoring reports	3	1	1	1
62. KZN Zulu Royal House Trust Annual Performance Plan assessment reports	1	0	0	1
63. Number of His Majesty the King's support plans developed	0*	0	0	0
64. Number of annual implementation reports on PEMP programme	0**	0	0	0
65. Number of quarterly coordination reports on progress with PEMP implementation by departments	3	1	1	1
66. Number of quarterly reports on the implementation of the revitalisation strategy of OSS	3	1	1	1
67. Number of consolidated multi-sectorial intervention monitoring and coordination reports on HIV and Aids and TB	3	1	1	1
68. Number of quarterly coordination reports on Inkululeko Development projects	3	1	1	1
69. Number of Veteran support services coordination reports	3	1	1	1
70. Number of reports on the interventions of the Rapid Response programme	3	1	1	1
71. Number of quarterly reports of District Multi-Sectoral Stakeholder engagements	3	1	1	1
72. Number of reports on strategic engagements held with farm workers and farm dwellers	3	1	1	1
73. Number of MRM coordination reports	3	1	1	1
74. Number of Izimbizo, Sector & Stakeholder engagement co-ordination reports	3	1	1	1

^{*(}target of 1 in Q1)

^{**(}target of Q4 changed to Q1 of next financial year (21/22) due to retrospective reporting)

6. Explanation of planned performance over the medium-term period

The development of the Department's Impact and Outcome is addressed in the Strategic Plan 2020-2025. The document outlines the interventions and the methodology that was applied. This Annual Performance Plan further unpacks the interventions identified in developing the strategic plan.

Whilst the plans have been prepared based on the directive and Draft Guidelines from the Department of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation (DPME), these plans are also informed by the processes that unfolded as part of the transitional arrangements post elections. Annual Performance Plans (and by implication the strategic plans) were realigned post elections to the new national and provincial priorities, as also informed by the electoral mandate. New outputs were incorporated in the post elections Annual Performance Plans that were tabled in the Legislature during July and August. The relevance of these have been interrogated and where appropriate, have been retained in the 2020/2021Annual Performance Plan.

7. Programme Recourse Considerations

Table: Budget Allocation for programme and sub programmes as per the ENE and / or EPRE.

Narrative: Explanation of the contribution of resources towards achievement of outputs.

7.1. Financial Resources

The Department is Budget Vote 1. The current economic climate and pressures to reprioritise budgets resulting from fiscal constraints and COVID-19 impacts on service delivery such that the department has to reconsider critical posts and delivery priorities.

The budget and MTEF projections are as follows:

Table 1.6 : Summary of payments and estimates by programme: Office of the Premier

	Au	dited Outcon	ne	Main Appropriation	Adjusted Appropriation	Revised Estimate	Mediu	ım-term Estin	nates
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
1. Administration	98 883	107 807	157 892	138 137	144 426	144 426	116 522	142 043	149 436
2. Institutional Development	298 227	292 579	309 642	362 365	350 562	350 562	399 829	401 534	422 157
3. Policy and Governance	214 259	234 098	223 522	213 502	219 984	219 984	164 501	231 811	240 697
Total	611 369	634 484	691 056	714 004	714 972	714 972	680 852	775 388	812 290
Unauth. Exp. (1st charge) not available for spending	(2 194)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baseline available for spending after 1st charge	609 175	634 484	691 056	714 004	714 972	714 972	680 852	775 388	812 290

Table 1.7: Summary of payments and estimates by economic classification: Office of the Premier

	Au	dited Outcom	ie	Main Appropriation	Adjusted Appropriation	Revised Estimate	Medium-term Estimates		
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Current payments	519 106	574 867	634 252	650 084	670 804	670 070	590 642	736 836	771 887
Compensation of employees	248 647	268 766	280 962	326 671	301 099	300 443	338 388	368 635	390 397
Goods and services	270 459	306 101	353 290	323 413	369 705	369 627	252 254	368 201	381 490
Interest and rent on land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers and subsidies to:	59 022	46 176	43 131	42 616	23 481	24 171	71 522	22 705	23 795
Provinces and municipalities	136	80	175	63	86	93	66	70	73
Departmental agencies and accounts	22 977	19 869	18 040	19 086	19 086	19 086	20 136	21 243	22 263
Higher education institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Foreign governments and international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-profit institutions	27	-	-	-	-	-	50 000	-	
Households	35 882	26 227	24 916	23 467	4 309	4 992	1 320	1 392	1 459
Payments for capital assets	31 001	13 354	13 446	21 304	20 515	20 545	18 688	15 847	16 608
Buildings and other fixed structures	16 823	1 710	4 414	9 796	7 864	7 864	8 900	4 322	4 529
Machinery and equipment	14 178	11 644	9 032	11 508	12 651	12 681	9 788	11 525	12 079
Heritage assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Specialised military assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Land and sub-soil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Payments for financial assets	2 240	87	227		172	186	-	-	
Total	611 369	634 484	691 056	714 004	714 972	714 972	680 852	775 388	812 290
Unauth. Exp. (1st charge) not available for spending	(2 194)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Baseline available for spending after 1st charge	609 175	634 484	691 056	714 004	714 972	714 972	680 852	775 388	812 290

Table 1.11 : Summary of payments and estimates by sub-programme: Administration

	Au	idited Outcom	ne	Main Appropriation	Adjusted Appropriation	Revised Estimate	Mediu	ım-term Estim	nates
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
1. Premier Support	35 866	25 102	27 589	28 570	35 670	35 670	27 009	32 532	34 097
2. Executive Council Support	9 546	9 792	8 478	8 482	15 655	15 655	9 700	9 657	10 123
3. Director-General Support	9 743	13 534	20 870	15 171	17 652	17 652	13 807	16 750	17 558
4. Financial Management	29 712	41 741	36 195	53 562	42 059	42 059	49 812	58 160	62 295
5. Intergovernmental Relations	14 016	17 638	64 760	32 352	33 390	33 390	16 194	24 944	25 363
Total	98 883	107 807	157 892	138 137	144 426	144 426	116 522	142 043	149 436

Table 1.12 : Summary of payments and estimates by economic classification: Administration

	Au	idited Outcom	ne	Main Appropriation	Main Adjusted Appropriation Appropriation		Medium-term Estimates		
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Current payments	94 963	106 245	155 852	135 028	137 682	137 682	113 664	139 028	146 275
Compensation of employees	64 383	64 772	67 023	86 148	80 624	80 624	87 415	95 098	101 015
Goods and services	30 580	41 473	88 829	48 880	57 058	57 058	26 249	43 930	45 260
Interest and rent on land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers and subsidies to:	2 486	1 024	1 290	1 248	3 829	3 829	1 317	1 389	1 456
Provinces and municipalities	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Departmental agencies and accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Higher education institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Foreign governments and international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-profit institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Households	2 486	1 024	1 290	1 248	3 829	3 829	1 317	1 389	1 456
Payments for capital assets	1 434	538	686	1 861	2 915	2 915	1 541	1 626	1 705
Buildings and other fixed structures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Machinery and equipment	1 434	538	686	1 861	2 915	2 915	1 541	1 626	1 705
Heritage assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Specialised military assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Land and sub-soil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Payments for financial assets		•	64	-	•			•	
Total	98 883	107 807	157 892	138 137	144 426	144 426	116 522	142 043	149 436

Table 1.14 : Summary of payments and estimates by sub-programme: Institutional Development

	Au	dited Outcon	ne	Main Appropriation	Adjusted Appropriation	Revised Estimate	Mediu	ım-term Estin	nates
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
1. Strategic Human Resources	93 542	84 474	72 188	90 754	81 332	81 332	88 032	102 997	109 295
2. Information Communication Technology (ICT)	74 542	72 623	69 294	87 454	86 392	86 392	93 425	91 427	95 812
3. Legal Services	10 478	15 166	13 568	12 439	12 439	12 439	13 334	14 202	14 883
4. Communication Services	47 626	57 062	56 127	63 699	69 010	69 010	66 767	71 221	74 639
5. Special Programmes	72 039	63 254	98 465	108 019	101 389	101 389	138 271	121 687	127 528
Total	298 227	292 579	309 642	362 365	350 562	350 562	399 829	401 534	422 157

Table 1.15 : Summary of payments and estimates by economic classification: Institutional Development

	Audited Outcome			Main Adjusted Appropriation Appropriation		Revised Estimate	Medium-term Estimates		
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Current payments	247 802	262 055	276 315	327 772	343 070	342 992	339 037	395 177	415 497
Compensation of employees	103 207	112 769	125 695	150 920	137 385	137 385	155 153	172 443	182 077
Goods and services	144 595	149 286	150 620	176 852	205 685	205 607	183 884	222 734	233 420
Interest and rent on land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies to:	33 350	24 959	22 672	22 282	453	487	50 069	73	76
Provinces and municipalities	136	80	175	63	86	93	66	70	73
Departmental agencies and accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Higher education institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign governments and international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-profit institutions	27	-	-	-	-	-	50 000	-	-
Households	33 187	24 879	22 497	22 219	367	394	3	3	3
Payments for capital assets	17 074	5 564	10 496	12 311	6 868	6 898	10 723	6 284	6 584
Buildings and other fixed structures	10 905	333	2 854	8 293	2 361	2 361	6 550	1 817	1 904
Machinery and equipment	6 169	5 231	7 642	4 018	4 507	4 537	4 173	4 467	4 680
Heritage assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specialised military assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land and sub-soil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets	1	1	159		171	185	•	•	
Total	298 227	292 579	309 642	362 365	350 562	350 562	399 829	401 534	422 157

Table 1.17 : Summary of payments and estimates by sub-programme: Policy and Governance

	Audited Outcome		Main Appropriation	Adjusted Appropriation	Revised Estimate	Medium-term Estimates		nates	
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Provincial Policy Management	40 746	42 375	39 026	54 928	48 219	48 219	53 121	58 745	62 919
2. Premier's Priority Programmes	100 179	119 555	115 633	91 855	99 979	99 979	46 636	97 800	98 901
3. Royal Household	73 334	72 168	68 863	66 719	71 786	71 786	64 744	75 266	78 877
Total	214 259	234 098	223 522	213 502	219 984	219 984	164 501	231 811	240 697
Unauth. Exp. (1st charge) not available for spending	(2 194)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baseline available for spending after 1st charge	212 065	234 098	223 522	213 502	219 984	219 984	164 501	231 811	240 697

Table 1.18: Summary of payments and estimates by economic classification: Policy and Governance

	Audited Outcome			Main Adjusted Appropriation Appropriation		Revised n Estimate	Medium-term Estimates		
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Current payments	176 341	206 567	202 085	187 284	190 052	189 396	137 941	202 631	210 115
Compensation of employees	81 057	91 225	88 244	89 603	83 090	82 434	95 820	101 094	107 305
Goods and services	95 284	115 342	113 841	97 681	106 962	106 962	42 121	101 537	102 810
Interest and rent on land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies to:	23 186	20 193	19 169	19 086	19 199	19 855	20 136	21 243	22 263
Provinces and municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Departmental agencies and accounts	22 977	19 869	18 040	19 086	19 086	19 086	20 136	21 243	22 263
Higher education institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign governments and international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-profit institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	209	324	1 129	-	113	769	-	-	-
Payments for capital assets	12 493	7 252	2 264	7 132	10 732	10 732	6 424	7 937	8 319
Buildings and other fixed structures	5 918	1 377	1 560	1 503	5 503	5 503	2 350	2 505	2 625
Machinery and equipment	6 575	5 875	704	5 629	5 229	5 229	4 074	5 432	5 694
Heritage assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specialised military assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Biological assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land and sub-soil assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments for financial assets	2 239	86	4	-	1	1			
Total	214 259	234 098	223 522	213 502	219 984	219 984	164 501	231 811	240 697
Unauth. Exp. (1st charge) not available for spending	(2 194)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baseline available for spending after 1st charge	212 065	234 098	223 522	213 502	219 984	219 984	164 501	231 811	240 697

7.2. Human Resources

The department intends to improve its overall organisational capability by implementing its proposed realigned organisational structure and reduce the current vacancy rate to the acceptable 10% by ensuring that all posts approved by the Premier are advertised promptly and selection panels adhere to confirmed short listing and interview dates.

Regarding employment equity the department will develop and implement internal programmes that aim at improving representation of Women, People with Disability and Youth in the Office of the Premier at all levels. It will fill posts in line with the Employment Equity targets to improve on the current 42.00% representation of women at SMS to the acceptable 50%. Furthermore, although the department has not reached the acceptable target of 2% representation of PWDs, there are plans to improve the current situation.

	RE AND PROPOSED HR STRUCT	URE REORGANISATION			
Programme 1: Admi					
	SP: PREMIER SUPPORT	Office of The Chief of Staff	REORGANISAITON		
	SP: EXECUTIVE COUNCIL SUPPORT	Cabinet Office			
	SP: DIRECTOR GENERAL	Office of the DG			
		Internal Control and	To be strengthened to		
		Organisational Risk	deal with audit		
		Management	improvement		
	SP: FINANCIAL	Chief Financial Officer			
	MANAGEMENT	Financial Accounting			
		Management Accounting			
		Supply Chain Management			
	SP: INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS:	Intergovernmental Relations			
Programme 2: Institu					
BRANCH:	SP: STRATEGIC HUMAN	HR Policies and Practices			
CORPORATE	RESOURCES	Labour Relations			
MGT:		Prov Organisation Dev			
		Persal Management			
		HR Support			
		Prov Employee, Health &			
		Wellness			
		Corporate Mgt			
		Provincial Public Service			
		Training Academy Security Services and Protocol			
		Programme Support -			
		Institutional Development			
	SP: INFORMATION COM.	PGITO (ITC)			
	TECH.(ICT)	Office Supp & Auxiliary Services			
	1201(101)	Cines Supp a riaxinary Services			
BRANCH: INST	SP: LEGAL SERVICES	State Law Advisory Services			
DEV & INTEGRITY:	SP: COMMUNICATION	Provincial Government			
	SERVICES	Communications			
	SP: SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	Integrity Management			
		Democracy Support Services			
		Youth Development			
Programme 3: Policy					
BRANCH: MACRO	SP: PROVINCIAL POLICY	Strat Planning, Research &			
POL & STRAT PLANNING	MANAGEMENT	Policy Co-Ord			
		Monitoring and Evaluation			
BRANCH:	SP: PREMIER'S PRIORITY	Stakeholder Mgt			
STAKEHOLDER	PROGRAMMES	Priority Programmes			
COORDINATION:		Poverty Eradication	To be Institutionalised		
	SP: ROYAL HOUSEHOLD	King's Support and Royal			
		Household			

7.3. Information Technology

The Office of the Premier will continue to co-ordinate the implementation of the Provincial Digital Transformation Strategy and Implementation Plan. The Office of the Premier will reposition the Nerve Centre which will play its role of being a data centre for the Province. The potential offered by the Fourth Industrial revolution to be able to use artificial intelligence to analyse the large amount of data will assist in improving efficiency, effectiveness of government whilst being a responsive government. Building a capable, ethical and developmental state requires an Office of the Premier that is able to use the available tools such as deep learning, machine learning, artificial intelligence, internet of things provided by the Fourth Industrial Revolution.

8. Updated Key Risks

The Key Risks have been updated to include the COVID-19 related risks in the OTP.

Outcome	Programme	Key Risks	Risk Mitigation
Improved governance and accountability	1: Administration	manual	Training and workshops with all staff in Ministries and HOD Offices, as well as training in Departments.
		1	Implementation of Audit Improvement Plan to be monitored by Audit Task Team
	2b: Institutional development and integrity management	Non compliance to Security Standards	Monitoring reports through Cluster

Outcome	Programme	Key Risks	Risk Mitigation
Improved coordination, integration and efficiency	2a: Corporate Services	Non availability of skilled facilitators for training at the Training Academy	Implement a trainer development model
		Increase in spread of COVID-19 in the workplace	Training/workshops for targeted groups (e.g. Compliance Officers, SHERQ Committee, SMS officials, cleaners).
			Submit amended procurement plan for PPE, sanitizers etc.
			Maintain register for distribution of masks, sanitizers etc.
		may present challenges in responding to	Additional tools of trade to be procured for staff to work remotely in line with needs assessment (to be procured through ICT Steering Committee to take advantage of economies of scale).
		effectiveness in service delivery	Automation of processes (e-Submission, Leave). Migration of email to Cloud Platform.
			Develop a Cyber Security Strategy
	2b: Institutional development and integrity management	No effective integrated monitoring tool for service delivery challenges	Repositioning the nerve centre and IT Strategy
		Lack of coordination of youth interventions	Revitalise Youth Coordinating Forum

Outcome	Programme	Key Risks	Risk Mitigation
Improved coordination, integration and efficiency	3a: Policy, Planning & Research Coordination	Limited capacity in departments on policy development and analysis	SHRM through the DPSA to provide a generic structure for policy units in departments.
		Lack of understanding & correct implementation of the new provincial planning framework	Workshopping of stakeholders by DPME through the Academy
		Inability to achieve APP and operational plan targets due to the impact of COVID-19.	APP to be re-tabled and include COVID-19 responses (after reprioritisation) and Operational Plan to be reprioritised to include COVID-19 responses (after reprioritisation).
	3b: Stakeholder Co-ordination	Non-alignment of government programmes to the identified vulnerable communities	Alignment of government programmes and resources to vulnerable communities
Inclusive stakeholder engagement and improved partnerships	2b: Institutional development and integrity management	Lack of involvement/participation of stakeholders (departments, municipalities, partners) in the development, implementation and monitoring of interventions	Stakeholder Engagement Strategy Implementation, and monitoring of compacts and partnership agreements, - reports through DG to COHOD where required.
		Limited resources due to fiscal constraints	Strengthen partnerships and create new partnerships.
			Reprioritisation of projects
	3b: Stakeholder Co-ordination	Lack of institutionalisation of OSS	Strengthening of OSS at all levels
		Polarisation of communities due to local politics which results in non-participation in the programmes	Strengthening of consultation and community engagement
		Lack of human capacity against the increase in social ills and ineffective social cohesion	Filling critical vacant posts & strengthening of wellness programmes.
		Austerity measures	Re-prioritise projects and improve monitoring

Outcome	Programme	Key Risks	Risk Mitigation
Professional and ethical provincial administration	Prog 1: Administration	Increased opportunity for unethical behaviour due to COVID-19	Fill vacant Internal Control posts. Review of Fraud Prevention Plan.
			Increase awareness initiatives for fraud and ethics through online platforms.
			Fill 2 vacant posts in Acquisitions and 1 in Logistics.
			Consult with Provincial Treasury regarding ways to professionalize SCM, e.g. through membership of Professional Body with Code of Ethics
	2b: Institutional development and integrity management	Inefficient Fraud and corruption programmes and interventions	Implementation of reviewed anti- fraud and corruption strategy
			"Evaluation of I Do Right Campaign"
			Implement consequence management
		Increased number of walk-in service delivery complainants could jeopardize	Develop a Service Delivery Complaints Call Centre in partnership with SITA.
		measures to prevent the spread of COVID- 19	Promote the use of the service delivery complaints hotline number.

9. Public Entities

Name of Public Entity	Mandate	Outcomes	2019/2020 Budget
KZN Zulu Royal House Trust	Objectives of the Trust: 1. The Trust must, in a manner, within the provisions of the Act and within the available budget and resources – a. Be administered for the benefit of the Royal Monarch	Improved governance & accountability	R 19 086 000
	and the other members of the Zulu Royal House, including their – i. Material welfare; ii. Educational needs; iii. Aspirations and; iv. Social well-being, Benefitting their status and;		
	b. Provide for the administration, maintenance and management of the assets of the Trust, including the Royal Palaces and the Royal Farms.		
	2. The Trust may by any lawful means – a. Generate: i. Revenue ii. Income iii. Business, and; iv. Goodwill; and b. Acquire Assets For the Trust		

Links to Office of the Premier Outcome: Improved governance and accountability; Output relates to Entity Oversight through: KZN Zulu Royal House Trust quarterly monitoring reports; KZN Zulu Royal House Trust Annual Performance Plan Assessment report; and Support Plan to His Majesty developed & linked to the budget

Table 1.9: Summary of departmental transfers to public entities (listed i.t.o. Schedule 3 of the PFMA) and other entities

		Au	dited Outcon	ne	Main Appropriation	Adjusted Appropriation	Revised Estimate	Mediu	m-term Estin	nates
R thousand	-	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Transfers to public entities	s	22 977	19 869	18 040	19 086	19 086	19 086	20 136	21 243	22 263
Zulu Royal House Trust	Prog. 3.3: Royal Household	22 977	19 869	18 040	19 086	19 086	19 086	20 136	21 243	22 263
Transfers to other entities		27						50 000		•
KZN Law Society	Prog. 2.4: Legal Services	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KZN Growth Fund Trust	Prog. 2.5: Special Programmes	-	=	-	-	÷	-	50 000	=	-
Total		23 004	19 869	18 040	19 086	19 086	19 086	70 136	21 243	22 263

10. Infrastructure Projects

The Office of the Premier is not an implementing department. Capital budget is set aside for the office accommodation. This will be driven through the Department of Public Works in relation to:

- The Government precinct (Msunduzi Municipality); and
- Renovations to existing offices (Msunduzi Municipality).

Table 1.8: Summary of infrastructure payments and estimates by category

	Audited Outcome			Main Appropriation			Medium-term Estimates		
R thousand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Existing infrastructure assets	7 284	3 339	5 465	13 521	7 589	7 589	14 468	7 244	8 829
Maintenance and repair: Current	1 366	1 629	1 051	3 725	3 725	3 725	3 468	2 922	4 300
Upgrades and additions: Capital	-	-	2 104	503	503	503	-	-	-
Refurbishment and rehabilitation: Capital	5 918	1 710	2 310	9 293	3 361	3 361	11 000	4 322	4 529
New infrastructure assets	10 905				4 000	4 000			
Infrastructure transfers	-			-					
Infrastructure transfers: Current	-	-	-	-	-			-	-
Infrastructure transfers: Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure: Payments for financial assets	•								
Infrastructure: Leases	2 013	7 285	8 033	12 169	12 169	12 169	8 395	9 233	9 676
Non infrastructure ¹	-								
Total	20 202	10 624	13 498	25 690	23 758	23 758	22 863	16 477	18 505
Capital infrastructure	16 823	1 710	4 414	9 796	7 864	7 864	11 000	4 322	4 529
Current infrastructure	3 379	8 914	9 084	15 894	15 894	15 894	11 863	12 155	13 976

^{1.} Non infrastructure is a stand-alone item, and is therefore excluded from Capital infrastructure and Current infrastructure, but it is included in the overall total

11. Public Private Partnerships

N/A

12. Technical Indicator Descriptors

NB: Please note that for means of verification for all relevant TIDS: All reports unless otherwise stated is retrospective - the quarterly report is based on the previous quarter e.g. Q2 report will reflect on Q1, Q3 report will reflect on Q2, etc. Further, unless otherwise specified, reports are due by the end of the quarter on the preceding quarter.

Programme 1

Indicator Title	Number of Executive Council decision matrix implementation progress reports submitted to the Executive Council
Definition	Executive Council matrices implementation reports circulated at least 3 working days prior to the next meeting.
Source of data	Copies of implementation reports from Secretariat
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Count of each type of report per quarter
Means of verification	Copies of implementation reports, and proof of circulation (proof of circulation can include proof of electronic distribution (e-mail; and/or register signed by recipients)
Assumptions	Executive Council meetings are held.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Timely reports
Indicator Responsibility	Head of Executive Council Secretariat
Indicator Title	2. Number of Special Executive Council (Provincial Command Council COVID-19) decision matrix implementation progress reports submitted to the Executive Council
Definition	Special Executive Council (Provincial Command Council - COVID-19 related) matrices implementation reports circulated at least 3 working days prior to the next meeting.
Source of data	Copies of implementation reports from Secretariat
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Count of each type of report per quarter
Means of verification	Copies of implementation reports, and proof of circulation (proof of circulation can include proof of electronic distribution (e-mail; and/or register signed by recipients)
Assumptions	Special Executive Council meetings are held to discuss issues related to COVID 19.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Timely reports
Indicator Responsibility	Head of Executive Council Secretariat

Indicator Title	3. Percentage of invoices paid within 30 days
Definition	The number of valid invoices paid within 30 days of receipt by the institution
	against the total number of valid invoices received by the institution.
Source of data	BAS and Emapp
Method of Calculation /	4 reports per year on percentage of invoices paid within 30 days.
Assessment	Note the target is informed by the principle that all invoices should be paid
	within 30 Days.
Means of verification	Quarterly 30-day report signed by CFO (information for report obtained from
	BAS and Emapp) and content to be screened for compliance to desired
	standard and submitted to the Director-General. Report to include percentage
A	of invoices paid within 30 days.
Assumptions	Suppliers submit valid and accurate invoices to the institution.
Disaggregation of	N/A
Beneficiaries (where	
applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	IN/A
Calculation Type	Cumulative and non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	100% Compliance with S38 of the PFMA. The aim is to ensure that there 30-
Desired performance	day payment period is improved to reach 100% compliance
Indicator Responsibility	Chief Financial Officer
maleator responsibility	Cilici i ilialiciai Cilicci
Indicator Title	4. Percentage reduction of wasteful and fruitless expenditure
Definition	In terms of Section 1 of the PFMA, wasteful and fruitless expenditure refers to
Domination	the expenditure which could have been avoided had reasonable care been
	taken. The report on reduction of wasteful and fruitless expenditure will suggest
	that the department is in compliance with the relevant government prescripts
	including PFMA, Treasury Regulations, Practice Notes, Circulars, Instruction
	Notes and other prescripts
Source of data	Wasteful and fruitless expenditure register, payment invoices and supplier
	statements.
Method of Calculation /	The percentage will be calculated by taking actual expenditure incurred in the
Assessment	current financial year over the actual wasteful and fruitless expenditure
	incurred in the previous financial year. The amount incurred in 2019/20
	financial year will be used as a base.
Means of verification	The report which will be derived from the register of wasteful and fruitless
	expenditure compiled on a monthly basis and reported quarterly to oversight
	committees especially CARC, (Cluster on Audit Risk). Report to include
	percentage reduction of wasteful and fruitless expenditure.
Assumptions	Invoices received from suppliers timeously.
Disaggregation of	N/A
Beneficiaries (where	
applicable)	NIA
Spatial Transformation	N/A
(where applicable) Calculation Type	Cumulativa
	Cumulative
Reporting Cycle Desired performance	Annually
Desired periormance	100% reduction of wasteful and fruitless expenditure. Investigate and implement consequence management on all wasteful and fruitless expenditure
	cases reported in prior years.
Indicator Responsibility	Chief Financial Officer
inuicator nesponsibility	Chief i mancial Chice

Indicator Title	5. Percentage reduction of irregular expenditure
Definition	In terms of Section 1 of the PFMA, Irregular expenditure refers to the
Bennuon	expenditure incurred in violation of the prevailing prescripts. The report on
	reduction of irregular expenditure will suggest that the department is in
	compliance with the relevant government prescripts including PFMA, Treasury
	Regulations, Practice Notes, Circulars, Instruction Notes and other prescripts.
Source of data	Irregular expenditure register, payment invoices, register of contracts and
	deviation register.
Method of Calculation /	The percentage will be calculated by looking at actual expenditure incurred in
Assessment	the current financial year over the actual irregular expenditure incurred in the
	previous financial year. The financial year 2019/20 will be used as a base year.
Means of verification	The report will be derived from the register of irregular expenditure compiled on
	a monthly basis and submitted to DG and reported quarterly to CARC. Reports
	to include percentage reduction of irregular expenditure
Assumptions	Late pronouncements of events which impact on compliance on SCM
5:	processes.
Disaggregation of	N/A
Beneficiaries (where	
applicable) Spatial Transformation	N/A
(where applicable)	IN/A
Calculation Type	Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Annually
Desired performance	100% reduction by 31 March 2021. Investigate and implement consequence
2 com car por com amos	management on all irregular expenditure cases reported in the previous years.
Indicator Responsibility	Chief Financial Officer
,	
Indicator Title	6. Number of PCF decision matrix implementation reports
Definition	Premier's Coordinating Forum meetings at least quarterly. At these meetings
	strategic decisions are taken that require implementation. This report will be
	on the progress made to the implementation of those decisions including all
	COVID 19 related issues.
Source of data	Copies of implementation reports from Secretariat; decision matrix of meetings,
	minutes of meetings, progress reports as received from departments and
Method of Calculation /	municipalities. Simple count of each type of report per quarter
Assessment	Simple count of each type of report per quarter
Means of verification	Copies of implementation reports, and proof of circulation (proof of circulation
Wearis of verification	can include proof of electronic distribution (e-mail; and/or register signed by
	recipients. Implementation report submitted to DG prior to next meeting.
	Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which
	are still outstanding, current progress, intervention if any are required and
	recommendations.
Assumptions	Departments and municipalities provide progress on decisions made for
	consolidation of report to DG.
Disaggregation of	n/a
Beneficiaries (where	
applicable)	
Spatial Transformation	n/a
(where applicable)	New considering
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Implementation reports on decision matrices submitted to DG within 30 days after meeting is held.
	Director: Cooperative Governance
Indicator Responsibility	

Indicator Title	7. Number of COHOD Meeting decision matrices implementation reports
Definition	COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will service to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of COHOD.
Source of data	Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count
Means of verification	Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and recommendations.
Assumptions	Progress reports received timeously from COHOD members.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where	n/a
applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	n/a
Calculation Type	Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Implementation reports on decision matrices submitted to DG within 10 days after meeting is held.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Cooperative Governance
In dia stor Title	O. Number of Cresial COLIOD Meeting desision metrices
Indicator Title	8. Number of Special COHOD Meeting decision matrices implementation reports
Definition	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being
	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation /	 implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and recommendations.
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and recommendations. Progress reports received timeously from Special COHOD members. n/a
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and recommendations. Progress reports received timeously from Special COHOD members. n/a
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and recommendations. Progress reports received timeously from Special COHOD members. n/a Cumulative
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type Reporting Cycle	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and recommendations. Progress reports received timeously from Special COHOD members. n/a Cumulative Quarterly
Definition Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type	implementation reports Special COHOD meetings are scheduled for at least one per month and are called to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province. At these meetings HODs and the DG make strategic decisions which guide the implementation of COVID interventions for the Province. Decision matrices are produced after each meeting. This report will serve to advise the DG on the progress being made with each resolution of the Special COHOD. Decisions making matrix (summary of key resolutions from agenda) and minutes (draft) – and final signed minutes to be available after ratification from Cooperative Governance. Progress reports from departments and municipalities. Simple count Implementation report on decision matrix submitted to DG prior to next meeting. Implementation report to include all decisions as per previous meetings which are still outstanding, current progress, interventions if any are required and recommendations. Progress reports received timeously from Special COHOD members. n/a Cumulative

Indicator Title	9. International Relations & ODA Strategy implementation monitoring reports
Definition	The International Relations Strategy (including matters related to Overseas Donor Assistance) has been developed to serve as a blueprint in conducting Provincial International Relations. The strategy contains a number of key outcomes which require implementation of key activities. This report provides progress that is being made in terms of the implementation of the strategy.
Source of data	Reports, Media Coverage, Invitations, the International Relations Strategy Implementation Plan.
Method of Calculation /	Simple count of Reports
Assessment Means of verification	Report on the progress being made with implementation to the strategy through the International Relation Strategy implementation plan. The report to cover the following issues: - International Relations strategy implementation plan
	 International Donor Funding plan monitoring and reporting on the funding. Progress report against implementation plan
	ChallengesProposed interventionsRecommendations
	Proof of submission of comprehensive report to be submitted to DG.
Assumptions	International Relations Strategy approved by Executive Council
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	n/a
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	n/a
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Quarterly reports submitted on progress made with implementation of International Relations Strategy.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: International Relations
Indicator Title	10. Number of Twinning Agreements reviewed in line with the South
indicator ritie	African Foreign policy
Definition	To ensure that all International Twinning Agreement in KZN are reviewed to ensure alignment to South African foreign policy.
Source of data	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy
Source of data Method of Calculation / Assessment	
Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy Simple count A report on the KZN international twinning agreements that have been analysed and aligned to the SA Foreign policy. Report to include number of twinning agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign Policy. Report tabled to the Sub-Committee on International Relations.
Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy Simple count A report on the KZN international twinning agreements that have been analysed and aligned to the SA Foreign policy. Report to include number of twinning agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign Policy. Report tabled to the Sub-Committee on International Relations. South African Foreign policy available to utilize to review twinning agreements.
Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy Simple count A report on the KZN international twinning agreements that have been analysed and aligned to the SA Foreign policy. Report to include number of twinning agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign Policy. Report tabled to the Sub-Committee on International Relations. South African Foreign policy available to utilize to review twinning agreements. N/A
Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy Simple count A report on the KZN international twinning agreements that have been analysed and aligned to the SA Foreign policy. Report to include number of twinning agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign Policy. Report tabled to the Sub-Committee on International Relations. South African Foreign policy available to utilize to review twinning agreements.
Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy Simple count A report on the KZN international twinning agreements that have been analysed and aligned to the SA Foreign policy. Report to include number of twinning agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign Policy. Report tabled to the Sub-Committee on International Relations. South African Foreign policy available to utilize to review twinning agreements. N/A
Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy Simple count A report on the KZN international twinning agreements that have been analysed and aligned to the SA Foreign policy. Report to include number of twinning agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign Policy. Report tabled to the Sub-Committee on International Relations. South African Foreign policy available to utilize to review twinning agreements. N/A
Method of Calculation / Assessment Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type	KZN International Agreements, South African Foreign Policy Simple count A report on the KZN international twinning agreements that have been analysed and aligned to the SA Foreign policy. Report to include number of twinning agreements reviewed in line with the South African Foreign Policy. Report tabled to the Sub-Committee on International Relations. South African Foreign policy available to utilize to review twinning agreements. N/A N/A Non-cumulative

Programme 2a

Indicator Title	11. Number of quarterly reports on labour and disciplinary cases submitted to the Executive Council
Definition	Reports submitted to the Executive Council to provide updates on labour and disciplinary cases in KZN provincial departments.
Source of data	Quarterly reports from departments and own HR records
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports submitted to Executive Council
Means of verification	Copy of the Labour Relations reports (Discipline, grievances and disputes), proof of submission to the Executive Council Secretariat.
Assumptions	Report received from departments by the 15th of the month following the end of the Quarter
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year end
Reporting cycle	Biannually
Desired performance	Analyse the trends of misconduct cases in the Province and provide interventions. Compliance reports to be submitted to the relevant structure within 10 working days of the end of the quarter that the report is prepared.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Labour Relations
Indicator Title	12. Number of reports on Technical HR support services on KZN HR policy matters
Definition	Number of quarterly reports on technical support services provided to all HR units in the provincial government of KZN on HR policy interpretation, development and review matters.
Source of data	Quarterly reports from HRM on policies developed (if any), written responses to departments on policy advice and related technical input requests, memoranda relating to technical advice services.
Method of calculation	Simple count of quarterly reports.
Means of verification	Quarterly report signed by Chief Director, and content to be screened for compliance to desired standard and submitted to the Deputy Director-General, Corporate Management Services. Report to include requests received, response rate, trends and need for policy intervention.
Assumptions	Demand driven - departments request assistance from the Office of the Premier on HR Policy related issues.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Reports to be completed within 7 working days after the end of each quarter and reflect progress on matters on the previous quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategic Human Resource Management

Indicator Title	13. Number of Human Resource compliance reports
Definition	Number of Human Resource compliance reports submitted to COHOD.
Source of data	Quarterly reports on compliance analysis.
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports submitted
Means of verification	Copy of report/s, proof of submission to COHOD Secretariat. Number of Human Resource compliance reports submitted to relevant structures = 15, broken down as follows: Provincial Organisation Development: 4 Organisation Design compliance reports Labour Relations: 4 Labour Relations Reports (Discipline, Grievances, Suspensions and Disputes) HR Policy and Practices: 4 Provincial Plan of Action compliance reports and 1 Annual HR Plan report. Persal Management: 1 Provincial Persal Policy Compliance report (based on individual Departmental reports) Employee Wellness: 1 Annual Employee Health and Wellness Compliance Report. All reports
Assumptions	Dependent on provincial departments submitting compliance reports to the Office of the Premier within the given timeframes.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	All quarterly reports related to matters of the preceding quarter, within 7 working days of the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategic Human Resource Management
Indicator Title	14. Number of annual provincial departments ICT governance assessment reports
Definition	Reports to GSCID Cluster on compliance with IT governance requirements and frameworks, based on the standard template.
Source of data	Reports and records from Chief Director: Provincial Information Technology & completed templates from departments as per DPSA Corporate Governance of Information Communication Technology assessment standard.
Method of calculation	Simple count.
Means of verification	Summative report on findings on the templates as completed by departments submitted to the secretariat of the GSCID Cluster.
Assumptions	The receipt of completed templates from provincial departments.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	2 x reports (6 monthly) indicating progress on compliance on key aspects measured by the
Indicator responsibility	standard template. Chief Director: Provincial Information Technology

Indicator Title	15. Number of reports on the implementation of the Operations Management Framework
Definition	The indicator measures the number of monitoring reports on the implementation of the Operations Management Framework by departments in the Province. Operations Management Framework (OMF) is the constant intervention by management, assisted by OD, to the functioning of the unit/s so as to improve productivity. It is divided into various pillars. Chief amongst them is the Standard Operating Procedures (SOPS) and Mapping and improving of processes to ensure enhanced productivity in the form of Business Process Re-engineering.
Source of data	Quarterly reporting templates received from Provincial Departments
Method of calculation	Simple count of one consolidated report per quarter
Means of verification	Report on the progress being made with implementation of the Operations Management Framework in the Province. The report to cover the following issues: - Progress report of each department
	- Challenges - Proposed interventions - Recommendations Proof of submission of comprehensive quarterly report to be submitted to DG.
Assumptions	Reports received from departments by the 1st of the month following the end of the quarter
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Copy of consolidated reports and proof of submission to DG's office within 10 working days of the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Provincial Organisational Development
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Indicator Title	16. Number of reports on productivity assessments
Definition	The indicator measures the product of the implementation of the Operations Management Framework.
Source of data	Quarterly reporting templates on productivity assessments received from Provincial Departments
	
Method of calculation	Simple count of one consolidated report per quarter
Method of calculation Means of verification	
	Simple count of one consolidated report per quarter Copy of consolidated reports based on the previous quarter from provincial departments on productivity assessments in departments who are implementing the Operations Management Framework. Report to be submitted to DDG: Corporate Services for onward submission to COHOD secretariat. Reports received from departments by the 1st of the month following the end of the quarter
Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Simple count of one consolidated report per quarter Copy of consolidated reports based on the previous quarter from provincial departments on productivity assessments in departments who are implementing the Operations Management Framework. Report to be submitted to DDG: Corporate Services for onward submission to COHOD secretariat. Reports received from departments by the 1st of the month following the end of the quarter N/A
Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Simple count of one consolidated report per quarter Copy of consolidated reports based on the previous quarter from provincial departments on productivity assessments in departments who are implementing the Operations Management Framework. Report to be submitted to DDG: Corporate Services for onward submission to COHOD secretariat. Reports received from departments by the 1st of the month following the end of the quarter N/A
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Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Simple count of one consolidated report per quarter Copy of consolidated reports based on the previous quarter from provincial departments on productivity assessments in departments who are implementing the Operations Management Framework. Report to be submitted to DDG: Corporate Services for onward submission to COHOD secretariat. Reports received from departments by the 1st of the month following the end of the quarter N/A N/A Cumulative Quarterly
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Indicator Title	17. Number of COVID-19 Occupational Health and Safety Compliance Reports
Definition	Number of COVID-19 Compliance reports submitted to GSCID Cluster secretariat quarterly. Departments are required to implement COVID-19 Recovery and Mitigation Plans based on Regulation 16.6.b issued in terms of the National Disaster Management Act focusing on occupational health and safety measures.
Source of data	Quarterly reports on compliance analysis.
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports submitted.
Means of verification	Copy of consolidated report/s on the provincial departments' compliance with COVID-19 measures, proof of submission to GSCID Secretariat.
Assumptions	Dependent on provincial departments submitting compliance reports to the Office of the Premier within the given timeframes.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	All quarterly reports to be related to matters on the preceding quarter, within 15 working days of the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Employee Health and Wellness
Indicator Title	18. Number of ICT Strategy implementation monitoring reports
Definition	Digital Transformation Strategy Roadmap is an implementation plan to create an information technology capability for maximum and sustainable value for the Province. The implementation reports indicate the percentage complete for the initiatives detailed in the plan.
Source of data	Roadmap implementation reports of the Digital Transformation Strategy submitted by Provincial Departments.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Bi-annual consolidated monitoring reports and proof of submission to the GSCID Cluster secretariat quarterly. Report to include progress being made with respect to implementation of strategy, roadblocks, interventions and recommendations.
Assumptions	Progress implementation reports received from provincial departments
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year end
Reporting cycle	Bi-annual
Desired performance	1 consolidated annual report completed in addition to 4 quarterly reports, indicating progress on the implementation of the Digital Transformation Strategy Roadmap for the Province.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Information Technology

Indicator Title	19. Strategy for Optimisation and Utilisation of Nerve Centre
Definition	Nerve Centre strategy is a roadmap to repurpose and reposition the Nerve Centre functioning to facilitate monitoring and reporting on service delivery issues in the Province within the context of the wider Provincial ICT framework.
Source of data	Provincial ICT Strategy.
Method of Calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Proof of submission of final Strategy for Optimisation & Utilisation of the Nerve Centre to Departmental EXCO for approval.
Assumptions	Provincial ICT Strategy approved. Nerve Centre transferred to ICT Chief Directorate.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Annual
Desired performance	1 Nerve Centre strategy approved to guide the repositioning and repurposing the functioning of the Nerve Centre in order to facilitate integration and efficiency in service delivery by the Provincial Government by the end of the first quarter.
Indicator Responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Information Technology
Indicator Title	20. Number of monitoring reports on implementation of Provincial Communication Plan
Definition	The indicator refers to the monitoring of the Annual Provincial Communication Plan produced to highlight government's focus on essential monthly thematic and catalytic activities across departments.
Source of data	Data is collected and collated through the Provincial Communicators' Forum (PCF) and reviewed against the Provincial Communication Plan.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	A quarterly report produced to show progress being made against the set Annual Plan submitted to the DG. Contents of the report to include plan, progress made against each activity, interventions for challenge areas and recommendations and media monitoring reports.
Assumptions	Information will be provided from Departmental Communicators timeously.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Quarterly reports submitted within 5 days of end of quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Communications
Indicator Title	21. Number of reports on provincial campaigns communicated
Definition	The indicator refers to provincial campaigns coordinated by the Communications Unit to communicate the plans and work of government in order to have an informed citizenry.
Source of data	Individual campaign reports
Method of calculation	Cumulative
Means of verification	A quarterly report produced to report on provincial campaigns completed submitted to the DG.
Assumptions	The provincial campaigns take place as planned.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	n/a
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	n/a
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	A quarterly report produced to show progress being made against the set Annual Plan. The report to be completed within 5 days of end of quarter submitted to the DG
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Communications

Indicator	22. Number of Public Service Training Academy Revitalisation plan's developed.
Definition	Improving the competencies and skills of public servants for the enhancement of service delivery in the Province. The HRD strategy for the Province is a broad-based plan for all sectors. A targeted Public Service Plan is to be developed to ensure courses offered respond to the imperatives of the 6th Administration, needs to be identified through a skills gap and results of the skills audit exercise, rather than a purely demand driven approach. The need has been identified to train public servants to increase the effectiveness in the areas of generic and transversal skills (leadership, management, development and adult education). There is a strong emphasis on management and leadership development through compulsory and mandatory training programmes to ensure effective implementation of the MTSF. These would also enhance delivery of sound governance. This is done through a structured skills development programme for the public service.
Source of data	Updated drafts and reports
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Public Service Training Academy Revitalisation plan developed and approved by the Director-General by end of December 2020.
Assumptions	Inputs from departments and buy-in from COHOD. The plan to be informed by the outcomes of PPSTA Repositioning
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Public Service Training Academy Revitalisation Plan developed and implemented.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy
Indicator Title	23. Number of Mentorship Programmes developed
Definition	Mentorship Programme developed for Public Servants in the Province of KZN
Source of data	Information from research and benchmarking with other mentorship programmes
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Copy of the approved Mentorship Programme and implementation plan submitted to DDG: Corporate Services.
Assumptions	Accurate information from research and benchmarking
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Approved mentorship programme and implementation
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy

Short definition Number of training sessions for the development of public servants in the Province held by the Provincial Training Academy. Count of the courses delivered for the development of public servants Source of data	Indicator Title	24. Number of training sessions co-ordinated by the Provincial Training Academy
Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Province wide Assumptions Collustric view or even cancelled. N/A Calculation type Cumulative year end Cumulative year end Cumulative year end Collustric view of the third of the third Administration Indicator Title 25. Number of structured partnerships established with institutions of higher learning Definition The Provincial Training Academy to develop structured partnerships with Higher Education Institutions to ensure a co-ordinated effort towards ensuring that demands for skills meets supply and the building of a capable developmental state. Copy of Partnership Agreements/MOUs with HEIs. Assumptions Buy in by the institutions of high learning to enter into the partnership with OTP Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Province wide applicable) Province wide Annual Desired performance Indicator Title 26. Number of reports on the implementation of the HRD Council resolutions Count the number of reports on the implementation of the HRD Council resolutions Count the number of reports on the implementation of the HRD Council resolutions Count the number of reports on the implementation of the Csub-structures (i.e. Technical Working Group (TWC) and Technical Task Teams—and provide reports on the implementation of resolutions. The reports to be circulated to members of the HRD Caunil meetings and meetings of HRDC Sub-structures (i.e. Technical Working Group (TWC) and Technical Task Teams—and provide reports on the progress with implementation of resolutions. The reports to be circulated by Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy 15 days after the end of a quarter in an instance		Number of training sessions for the development of public servants in the Province held by the Provincial Training Academy. Count of the courses delivered for the development
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Indicator Title 26. Number of reports on the implementation of the HRD Council resolutions Count the number of reports on the implementation of HRDC resolutions. The reports will comprise: decisions taken at HRDC Council meetings and meetings of HRDC Substructures (i.e. Technical Working Group (TWG) and Technical Task Teams—and provide reports on the progress with implementing the resolutions. Reports to be circulated to members of the HRDC 3 day before a scheduled Council meeting—and only to the Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy 15 days after the end of a quarter in an instance there is no meeting scheduled during that reporting period. Source of data Minutes of meetings, decision matrix(ces), progress reports received from performance data-sending stakeholders regarding implementation of resolutions. Copies of implementation reports on progress on the implementation of HRDC resolutions emanating from HRDC Decision matrix(ces) for outstanding matters going back one financial year. Reports submitted by Director: HRDC to Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy 15 days after the end of a quarter. Method of calculation Assumptions Timeous submission of progress reports by all performance data-sending stakeholders. HRDC reconstituted for the second term (i.e. 2020-2024)—and HRDC Sub-structures reconstituted and operational. N/A Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Calculation type Cumulative year end Reporting cycle Desired performance 4 reports annually. Reports submitted by the Director: HRDC to the Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy (15 days after the end of a quarter) and where applicable to members of the HRDC 3 days before a scheduled HRDC meeting.		
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Desired performance 4 reports annually. Reports submitted by the Director: HRDC to the Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy (15 days after the end of a quarter) and where applicable to members of the HRDC 3 days before a scheduled HRDC meeting.	Reporting cycle	Quarterly
		4 reports annually. Reports submitted by the Director: HRDC to the Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy (15 days after the end of a quarter) and
	Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Public Service Training Academy

Programme 2b

Indicator Title	27. Number of Quarterly Reports on Provincial Legislative Programme
Definition	Quarterly Reports on Provincial Legislative Programme on the preceding Quarter,
	submitted within 10 working days of the end of each Quarter to the Cluster Secretariat
	to be placed on the Agenda of the Government State Capacity & Institutional Development (GSCID) Technical Cluster.
Source of data	Records and Reports from CD: SLAS.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Copy of Quarterly Report which incorporates information on the number of Provincial
	Laws (Bills, Regulations and Proclamations) drafted, legally edited and certified and
	reports on progress with, and status of, the legislation. Proof of submission to the
	GSCID Technical Cluster Secretariat e.g. email or signed document tracking register
	submitted.
Assumptions	Reports are available and stored electronically and in hard copy format.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where	N/A
applicable)	14/74
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Monthly reports submitted which incorporates information on the number of Provincial
	Laws (Bills, Regulations and Proclamations) drafted, legally edited and certified and
1. 1	reports on progress with, and status of, the legislation.
Indicator responsibility	Chief State Law Advisor: Chief Directorate: SLAS
Indicator Title	28. Number of Premier's Reports on the status of Provincial Investigations
Definition	The Premier report is a consolidated report on all forensic investigations in the province.
	The report outlines forensics cases per department and provides progress, current
	status and recommendations.
Source of data	Forensic investigators forensic reports. Allegations received from various sources.
	Response on follow-up letters sent to AOs. Follow-ups conducted with SAPS
Method of Calculation /	Simple count of reports
Assessment	
Means of verification	Proof of submission of report to the Premier (first page of memo) and last page showing
	signature/s at the end of each quarter. Due to the sensitivity of the issues raised in the
	report, the contents of the report cannot be used for verification.
Assumptions	Forensic investigations proceed without any challenges.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries	Not applicable
(where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where	Not applicable
applicable)	Not applicable
Calculation Type	Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Provincial department reports sent to Executive Authorities
Indicator Responsibility	Chief Director: Forensic Investigations

Indicator Title	29. Number of Provincial Security Co-ordination Frameworks developed
Definition	The OTP as the centre of governance in the Province also has a responsibility to co-
	ordinate security services. Part of this co-ordination is to ensure the availability of a
	Provincial Security Framework.
Source/collection of data	National Security Framework / policy. Provincial Security framework concept.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Draft Provincial Security Framework submitted to Executive Council for approval.
Assumptions	Executive Council will approve Provincial Security Framework.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Provincial Security Framework approved and implemented.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Security Services
Indicator Title	30. Number of quarterly Minimum Physical Security Standards (MPSS) monitoring coordination reports
Definition	Quarterly Minimum Physical Security Services (MPSS) monitoring coordination reports completed to monitor and coordinate security services in the province.
Source of data	Reports from various units, government sources as well as internally generated reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports per quarter
Means of verification	Physical verification security standards report submitted to Chief Director: Security Services detailing progress, challenges, recommendations and progress on implementation. Due to the nature of security reports, these would highlight trends rather than details per department. 1 report per quarter, relating to matters on the preceding quarter.
Assumptions	Compliance by Departments – in terms of timeous(quarterly) submission of reports and availability of security managers within departments
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year- end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Monthly minimum physical security standards monitoring reports submitted.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Security Services Unit

Indicator Title	31. Number of intervention reports on the resolution of service delivery complaints
Definition	Receipt and resolution of complaints are demand driven. Some interventions take longer than others, depending on the nature of the complaint (Birth certificates documents v Housing, e.g.). OTP is a conduit for service delivery complaints through different media (hotlines, walk-ins, letters, etc.) and coordinates referrals and interventions by departments. Progress reports on the receipt and resolution of complaints is the most practical means of monitoring intervention progress and effectiveness.
Source of data	Copy of reports, and Reports to include Complaints register and intervention reports
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Consolidated report supported by the complaints register and interventions. Report to include complaints received, referral to department / municipality, progress on resolution of complaint, challenges experienced, intervention required & recommendations. Retrospective reporting (quarter starts a month before the beginning of the quarter and ends a month before the end of the quarter. Report submitted to Chief Director: Integrity Management.
Assumptions	Compliance by departments and municipalities in terms of timeous submission of intervention reports.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Consolidated quarterly reports within 10 working days of the end of each quarter to ensure timely response to complaints through referrals to line function departments. Reports to include Complaints register and intervention reports. 1 report per quarter, relating to matters on the preceding quarter, within 10 working days of the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Service Delivery Complaints Management
Indicator Title	32. Number of OTP Ombudsperson reports
Definition	OTP Ombudspersons' reports submitted on complaints received and investigated, with recommendations.
Source of data	Complaints received, reports collated from departments and state-owned enterprises
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Copy of quarterly report submitted to the DDG of the Branch. Report to include complaints received, referral to, progress made, challenges, interventions and recommendations.
Assumptions	Complaints are received (demand driven)
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province-wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	1 report per quarter, relating to matters on the preceding quarter, within 5 working days of the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Integrity Management

Indicator Title	33. Number of updated 5-year strategic plans for each target group: 1 x gender equality; 1 x disability, 1 x children; and 1 x senior citizens
Definition	The Office of the Premier is responsible for the co-ordination of programmes targeting vulnerable members of society. These include women, children, disabled and senior citizens. Strategic plans aimed at provision of support for each of these vulnerable groups are developed every 5 years (as per planning cycle). These strategic plans are reviewed annually. Number of strategic plans for each target group = 1 per group which is 4 in total.
Source of data	Copies of plans Director: Human Rights, inputs from each relevant department / sector.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Copies of each Five-year Strategic Plan each Target Group (Gender equality; Disability, Children; and Senior citizens, i.e. 4 Strategic Plans per year submitted to the DDG: Institutional Development.
Assumptions	Departments / sectors will provide the necessary information / inputs required for the development of the plans.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Strategic Plans developed before commencement of financial year for implementation at beginning of financial year.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Human Rights and Director: Office on the Status of Women
Indicator Title	34. Number of coordination reports on the protection and empowerment of designated groups (1 x Women, 1 x Senior Citizens, 1 x Children and 1 x People with disabilities)
Definition	Quarterly reports on the progress of implementation of Women (Gender Equality), Disability, Children & Senior Citizens (GDCSC) plans with specific focus on the protection & empowerment of the designated groups
Source of data	Quarterly Reports on the implementation of the GDCSC Plans for each sector and from each department / sector: 1 report on Women (Gender Equality) 1 report on Disabled 1 report on Children 1 report on Senior Citizens i.e. 4 reports in total per quarter Reports received from stakeholders.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Consolidated report on each designated group as indicated below, highlighting trends & the progress being made with regard to protection and empowerment of rights of designated groups, submitted to DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management: 1 report on Women (Gender Equality) 1 report on Disabled 1 report on Children 1 report on Senior Citizens i.e. 4 reports in total per quarter – NOTE: reports are done on the preceding quarter.
Assumptions	Late or non-submission of reports from sectors, departments and municipalities
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Disaggregated – sector specific reports: 1 report on Gender 1 report on Disabled 1 report on Children 1 report on Senior Citizens
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	4 quarterly reports highlighting trends per sector provided to DG within two months after each quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Human Rights and Director: Office on the Status of Women.

Indicator Title	35. Number of monitoring reports on the implementation of 365 days visible campaigns against GBV as part of the Provincial Anti GBV and Femicide Plan
Definition	The Office of the Premier is responsible for the co-ordination of programmes targeting vulnerable members of society. One of these national programmes is the visible campaign against GBV as part of the Provincial anti GBV and Femicide Plan.
Source of data	Provincial Anti GBV and Femicide Plan, progress from departments /sectors on visible campaign against GBV.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Consolidated quarterly report submitted to DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management: Report to include campaigns planned, held, progress made and challenges with recommendations. Note: reports are done on the preceding quarter.
Assumptions	Late or non-submission of reports from sectors, departments and municipalities
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	4 quarterly reports highlighting trends per sector provided to DG within one month after each quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Office of the Status of Women
Indicator Title	36. Number of consolidated human rights violation monitoring reports
Definition	Measures progress on investigations undertaken on receipt of complaints of human rights violations.
Source of data	Complaints received, progress report form departments / municipalities.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Quarterly report submitted to DDG: Institutional Development outlining human rights violations cases received, the current status of the investigation, progress and challenges.
Assumptions	Cases reported and received for investigation on human rights violations (demand driven).
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Monthly report on consolidated human rights violation monitoring submitted to DDG: Institutional Development.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Human Rights
Indicator Title	37. Number of Integrated Provincial Youth Development Strategy Implementation
	plans
Definition	Integrated Provincial Youth Development implementation plan developed annually to ensure co-ordination of the implementation of youth programmes in the Province.
Source of data	Stats SA, Reports from departments, National Youth Framework, etc.
Method of calculation	Simple count of an approved plan
Means of verification	Integrated Provincial Youth Development Plan approved by DDG: Institutional Development. Plan to include consolidated activities of all departments broken down to a monthly / quarterly level, timeframes, responsibility and budget.
Assumptions	Compliance by departments to prepare annual youth development plans and submit these timeously to OTP for consolidation.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Plan is ready for implementation before the beginning of the financial year.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Youth Development

Indicator Title	38. Number of coordination reports on the implementation of provincial youth development plan
Definition	To provide a progress report on the implementation of the Integrated Provincial Youth Development Plan.
Source of data	Provincial Youth Plan, progress reports from various implementing stakeholders.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Quarterly consolidated progress report submitted to the DDG: Institutional Development on progress made against the annual Integrated Provincial Youth Development Plan. Report to include progress made against outlined activities of the plan, challenges, interventions and recommendations.
Assumptions	Submission of information from departments
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Monthly progress reports provided.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Youth Development
Indicator Title	39. Number of progress reports on the rollout of the Youth Empowerment Fund
Definition	Quarterly progress reports on the roll-out of the 19/20 Youth Empowerment Fund and the 2020/21 rollout of the Youth Empowerment Fund in the province, to promote economic growth and reduce poverty.
Source of data	Reports from stakeholders outside of OTP on the utilisation of the Fund e.g. the youth recipients, EDTEA and Growth Fund. Applications received for 20/21 fund.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Quarterly consolidated progress report submitted to the secretariats of the Economic Cluster. Report to include progress on the progress being made by recipients of the 19/20 Youth Empowerment Fund and the 2020/21 rollout of the Youth Empowerment Fund, in the province. Report to include progress, challenges, interventions and recommendations.
Assumptions	Compliance of submission of information from stakeholders with respect to information required to consolidate reports.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Reports provided within 10 days of end of quarter
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Youth Development
Indicator Title	40. Number of reports on the I Do Right, Even When Nobody is Watching Campaign
Definition	The report on the "I do right campaign" which encompasses a number of programmes to be implemented by the provincial government to encourage ethical behaviour.
Source of data Method of calculation	Reports, implementation plan, Inputs from relevant stakeholders Simple count of reports
Means of verification	Report on I do right campaign", undertaken to promote ethical behaviour in the province, outlining progress against the implementation plan, challenges and recommendations, submitted to the CD: Forensic Investigations The report will be based on retrospective reporting.
Assumptions	Relevant external stakeholders to be consulted will cooperate.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle Desired performance	Quarterly 1 consolidated report of programmes implemented within 10 working days of the end
To Produce to the	of each quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Integrity Management

Source of data Hotline Complaints and the resolution of the complaints. Source of data Hotline Complaints register and intervention reports from departments Method of calculation Means of verification Means of verification Cuarterly reports relating to matters on the preceding quarter, submitted to DDG: Institutional Management. Progress reports to include complaints received and progress on interventions, challenges experienced, and recommendations as well as monitoring of response times. Assumptions Timeous responses from departments. PSC to give limited access to the departments on their system in order to provide responses and updates (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Province wide applicable) Province wide applicable) Province wide applicable of Cumulative year-end Meporting cycle Cumulative year-end Menority progress reports provided on progress made on National Anti-Corruption Hotline cases Indicator responsibility Chief Director: Integrity Management 42. Percentage of provincial cases resolved from the National Anti-Corruption hotline (PSC) Definition The number of cases received via the National Anti-Corruption hotline that are resolved within the specific compliance timeframe. All provincial trauc cases from the national hotline are sent to the Province which then sent to the HODs to investigate. The province response rate and obsour erate are then compared to other provinces and presented to Cabinet by the Public Service Commissioner. National Anti-Corruption Hotline cases received per month, reports received from departments and other stakeholders on progress of cases, Public Service Commission report. Method of calculation Calculation done by PSC – actual measures will be contained within report from PSC Means of verification Quarterly report on the number of cases received from the National Anti-Corruption hotline that are resolved, including percentage of provincial case resolution, submitted to the DDG institution of the province of cases recei	Indicator Title	41. Number of quarterly progress reports (National Anti-Corruption Hotline KZN cases)
Method of calculation Means of verification Method of calculation	Definition	Monitoring and coordination progress reports (National Anti-Corruption Hotline cases) on service delivery complaints and the resolution of the complaints.
Means of verification Quaretry reports relating to matters on the preceding quarter, submitted to DOG institutional Management. Progress reports to include complaints received and progress on interventions, challenges experienced, and recommendations as well as monitoring of response times. Assumptions Timeous responses from departments. PSC to give limited access to the departments on their system in order to provide responses and updates N/A Province wide Province wide wear-end Quarterly Definition Assumption Method of calculation Method of calculation Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries Where applicable) Assumptions Province wide Province wide wear-end Quarterly wear-end Resporting by wear-end Province wide wear-end Assumptions Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries What we report we wind then sent to the HODs to investigate. The province response area and closure rate are then compared to other provinces and presented to Cabinet by the Public Service Commissioner. National Anti-Corruption Hotiline cases received per month, reports received from departments and other stakeholders on progress of cases, Public Service Commissioner. National Anti-Corruption Hotiline cases received per month, reports received from departments and other stakeholders on progress of cases, Public Service Commissioner. National Anti-Corruption Hotiline cases received from the National Anti-Corruption hotiline that are resolved with the service commissioner. National Anti-Corruption Hotiline cases received from the National Anti-Corruption hotiline that are resolved with the service commission of list of complaints and dosure rate from PSC. N/A Ware reporting cycle Quarterly reports within 10 working days of th		Hotline Complaints register and intervention reports from departments
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their system in order to provide responses and updates N/A Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Means of verification	interventions, challenges experienced, and recommendations as well as monitoring of response times.
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Reporting cycle Annual Desired performance Provincial Hotline established and functional.		Cumulative
Desired performance Provincial Hotline established and functional.	-	
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Indicator Title	44. Number of ethics workshops
Definition	Workshops held to build capacity on ethics issues in order to enhance ethical behaviour and integrity in the public service.
Source of data	Agenda and attendance registers, training material
Method of calculation	Count of workshops
Means of verification	Agenda and attendance registers; agenda to demonstrate ethics related content
Assumptions	Stakeholders outside of OTP will attend as invited and participate in workshops.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	More than 1 workshop per quarter held per quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Integrity Management
Indicator Title	45. Number of departmental awareness workshops on anti-fraud and anti-corruption
Definition	Empowerment workshops are aimed at creating awareness of fraud and corruption and ethics in order to improve the understanding of public servants on fraud and corruption and encourage them to report incidents of fraud and corruption utilising the correct channels whenever they come across these.
Source of data	Training material, workshop attendance registers,
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Copy of report on the workshop held. Report to include: Date and venue of workshop (which district / municipal area), when, who attended. It will also cover matters raised, challenges and proposed interventions and timeframes, as well as where matters were referred to line function departments. It will also cover other forms of media used. The report will be for the Unit's use to assist in preparing for other workshops, QPR reporting and to track matters which will be referred to other departments. Report to be submitted to DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management.
Assumptions	Departments are willing and commit to hosting the workshops.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	1 consolidated report within 10 working days of the end of each quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Integrity Management
Indicator Title	46. Number of Fraud and Corruption reports
Definition	Summarised table of statistics released by SAPS on fraud and corruption, detailing amounts involved, convictions, whether public servants or private sector individuals were involved, and resultant financial recoveries.
Source of data	Report from SAP
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports
Means of verification	Consolidated report on fraud and corruption in KZN submitted to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. Report to include statistics as received from SAPS, analysis of these and recommendations.
Assumptions	SAPS will provide fraud statistics timeously
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	n/a
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	1 report per quarter, relating to matters on the preceding quarter, within 10 working days of the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Integrity Management

Indicator Title	47. Number of capacity building sessions conducted for security managers in Provincial Departments
Definition	Threat and risk capacity building sessions held outlining TRA's, counter measures implemented to the Institution and to the entire KZN Government's security managers.
Source of data	Workshop invites, attendance registers, evaluation forms completed by attendees
Method of calculation	Simple count of training sessions held
Means of verification	Attendance registers, invitations, workshop material. Copy of report on the capacity building sessions held. Report to include: Date and venue of capacity building workshop & workshop attendees. It will also cover matters raised, challenges and proposed interventions and timeframes. It will also cover other forms of media used. Report to be submitted to DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management.
Assumptions	State Security and other stakeholders (SAPS) available to conduct workshops.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year-end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Monthly capacity building workshops held.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Security Services Unit
Indicator Title	48. Number Lifestyle Audit reports
Definition	Lifestyle audits conducted on officials as a way to curb corruption. However, the actual implementation of Lifestyle Audits is still under discussion by DPSA with respect to possible violation of Human Rights.
Source of data	Reports from DPSA
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Quarterly reports on the progress of lifestyle audits submitted to DDG: Integrity Management within 10 days of end of each quarter.
Assumptions	The DPSA regulations will be finalised and approved within 2020/ 2021 financial year
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative year end
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	1 consolidated report on actual lifestyle audits conducted rather than a progress report on the regulations.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Integrity Management

Programme 3a

Indicator Title	49. Number of Performance Reports on departments
Definition	The extent to which departments are implementing interventions, programmes and
	projects in line with approved plans. This includes implementation of the MTSF, POA,
	SOPA, Lekgotla Resolutions, One on One with Premier and APP deliverables. Audit
	outcomes form part of the assessment.
Source of data	AWG reports, AG reports, QPR reports
Method of calculation	Simple count of progress report on status of performance of Departments
Means of verification	Proof of submission to the DG (e-mail) and submission to the Deputy Director-
	General as the Branch Head (email and/or document tracking record). Report
	submitted before the end of the quarter, on progress against the previous quarter.
	Submission of report within 60 days of the quarter.
Assumptions	Verified information submitted by departments within the required time frames.
Disaggregation of	N/A
Beneficiaries (where	
applicable)	NI/A
Spatial Transformation (where	N/A
applicable) Calculation Type	Cumulativa
Reporting Cycle	Cumulative Quarterly
Desired performance	Reports submitted within 15 days after the end of each quarter for reporting
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Performance Reporting
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Indicator Title	50. Number of reports on Provincial Priority programmes
Definition	Report on provincial priority programmes. These may include COVID-19, RASET,
Bomillon	RET, Operation Vula and other high-impact provincial programmes.
Source of data	Quarterly Reports submitted by Departments /Clusters or Sub Committees
Method of Calculation /	Simple count of progress report on status of Provincial Priority Programmes
Assessment	
Means of verification	Proof of submission to the Deputy Director-General as the Branch Head (email and/or
	document tracking record). Report submitted before the end of the quarter, on
	progress against the previous quarter. Submission of report within 60 days of the
	quarter
Assumptions	Verified reports submitted within the required timeframes.
Disaggregation of	Where applicable
Beneficiaries (where	
applicable)	Miles and Control
Spatial Transformation (where	Where applicable
opplicable)	
applicable)	Non Cumulativa
Calculation Type	Non-Cumulative Ouartorly
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans
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Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year.
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation	Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1,
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Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year. All provincial departments have submitted their 3-year SDIPs to both OTP and DPSA.
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where	Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year. All provincial departments have submitted their 3-year SDIPs to both OTP and DPSA.
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year. All provincial departments have submitted their 3-year SDIPs to both OTP and DPSA. N/A
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type	Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year. All provincial departments have submitted their 3-year SDIPs to both OTP and DPSA. N/A Cumulative
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type Reporting Cycle	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year. All provincial departments have submitted their 3-year SDIPs to both OTP and DPSA. N/A Cumulative Bi-annual
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year. All provincial departments have submitted their 3-year SDIPs to both OTP and DPSA. N/A Cumulative Bi-annual Submission of monitoring report to COHOD secretariat within 30 days of end of
Calculation Type Reporting Cycle Desired performance Indicator Responsibility Indicator Title Definition Source of data Method of calculation Means of verification Assumptions Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type Reporting Cycle	Quarterly Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement Director: Performance Reporting 51. Number of quarterly Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) implementation monitoring reports Monitoring reports on the implementation of the Service Delivery Improvement Plans (SDIP) Reports from departments and DPSA on implementation of Departmental SDIPs. Simple Count Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. The report will be based on retrospective reporting i.e. Q1 report is the report for the previous financial year Q4 and Q4 report will be based on Quarters 1, 2 & 3 of the current financial year. All provincial departments have submitted their 3-year SDIPs to both OTP and DPSA. N/A Cumulative Bi-annual

Indicator Title	52. Number of Siyahlola reports
Definition	Monitoring reports on the identified projects being implemented within KZN.
Source of data	Site visits (announced and unannounced) conducted by OTP specific projects identified and assessment tool utilized during these visits.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. Report to outline the site visits undertaken, findings during visits, required interventions, progress, recommendations. Reporting is retrospective - the quarterly report is based on the previous quarter i.e. Q2 report will reflect on Q1, Q3 report will reflect on Q2, etc.
Assumptions	Staff availability and reports submitted by departments within the required timeframes for reporting.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation Type	Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Submission of progress report to DDG within 30 days of end of quarter.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Service Delivery Improvement
Indicator Title	53. Number of reports on the Provincial Evaluation Plan
Definition	Progress report on Provincial Evaluation Plan (PEP).
Source of data	Reports from departments on implementation of the Provincial Evaluation Plan
Method of calculation	Simple count of report on the Evaluation Plan.
Means of verification	Proof of submission to the Deputy Director-General as the Branch Head (email and/or
modile of volinisation	document tracking record). Report submitted before the end of the second and fourth quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. Submission of report within 60
	days of the quarter
Assumptions	Reports submitted within the required timeframes for reporting.
Disaggregation of	N/A
Beneficiaries (where applicable)	
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation Type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Bi-annual
Desired performance	Quarterly report on Provincial Evaluation plan submitted to Branch Head.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Monitoring & Evaluation Programmes.
Indicates Title	54 Number of MTCF years at
Indicator Title	54. Number of MTSF reports Consolidated report on progress made in the implementation of programmes and
Definition	Consolidated report on progress made in the implementation of programmes and interventions towards the achievement of MTSF programme of action.
Source of data	Reports from Action Work groups
Method of Calculation /	Simple count of one summative report on status of MTSF.
Assessment	
Means of verification	Proof of submission to the Deputy Director-General as the Branch Head (email and/or document tracking record). Report submitted before the end of the quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. Submission of report within 60 days of the quarter
Assumptions	Reports submitted from departments and AWGs within the required timeframes for reporting.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	As per identified geographical area.
Calculation Type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement by end of July.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Monitoring & Evaluation Programmes.

Indicator Title	55. Number of oversight reports on the District Development Model /OSS
Definition	Analysis of Progress Reports on the implementation of DDM.
Source of data	Reports from COGTA and OTP
Method of calculation	Simple count of oversight report on District Development Model.
Means of verification	Proof of submission to the Deputy Director-General as the Branch Head (email and/or document tracking record). Report submitted before the end of the quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. Submission of report within 60 days of the quarter
Assumptions	Submission of report by COGTA timeously.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where	N/A
applicable)	
Calculation Type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Presentation to COHOD to highlight successes and key areas for improvement.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Monitoring & Evaluation Programmes.
Indicator Title	50. Number of many nation and account inventor
Indicator Title Definition	56. Number of macro policy and research inventory reports Measures policy and research coordination through updated inventories and
	monitoring of progress to facilitate effective review and gap analysis indicated in the reporting on the status of macro policies (and policy instruments), relating to provincial public policies and research in response to the PGDP situational analysis of 2011, as updated in 2016. The focus here is on reporting against an initiative (process of determining what policies are out there, when were they approved, when were they last reviewed, how do they align to key priorities of the Provincial Government (e.g. PGDS and MTSF as defined in the policy audit framework. This stems directly from the PGDP situational analysis of 2011 in which the need was identified to conduct an audit to determine which public policies are in the Provincial domain and what the status is. The audit is performed against a framework developed with the policy and research forums, communicated to HOD's, and serves as a tool for collecting data that informs the report.
Source of data	Summative report on policy and research inventory, and progress from the policy analyst responsible for governance. Data drawn from Departments through populating the inventory templates.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count of one summative progress report on status of policy and research (public policies).
Means of verification	Updated reports and/or, electronic copies of policies submitted to the DDG: Planning Branch – copy of email and reports signed off by the Policy analyst and / or Chief Director. Proof of submission to the DDG (email or document register). 1st report to be submitted within the first 6 months of the year. Updated report to be submitted before 31 March.
Assumptions	Timely and accurate reporting by Departments and line function units.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative Non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	6 monthly
Desired performance	Updated schedule of policies by 31 March, 2 reports per year, outlining progress against the framework and the status of public policies and policy instruments in the Province. It seeks to provide an update of Service Delivery orientated policies relating to the core business of the Department that directs service delivery in the KwaZulu-Natal. These could be in the form of policies, programmes, strategies or other frameworks, e.g. but not limited to initiatives such as Small Towns Rehabilitation Programme (COGTA); sustainable Human Settlement Strategy (Human Settlements); KZN Informal Economic Policy; KwaZulu-Natal Beach Tourism Policy; KwaZulu-Natal Tourism Master Plan. Copy of report to PPC.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Policy and Research

Indicator Title	57. Number of consolidated provincial strategic planning alignment reports
Definition	Technical analysis reports on strategic plans for provincial departments and entities (5-year Strategic Plan and APP) submitted for support and/or analysis. In this regard, the strategic plans are compiled once in 5 years, unless a department is re-tabling in terms of the Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans. Annual Performance Plans, however, are reviewed annually. Plans are assessed for alignment to the national priorities (MTSF) and provincial priorities (KZN MTSF [POA]).
Source of data	Departmental draft Strategic and Annual Performance Plans submitted by departments. The National MTSF plan and KZN MTSF Implementation plan for analysis and assessment purposes.
Method of calculation	Simple count.
Means of verification	Summative report on plans analysed supported by analysis memorandum/correspondence submitted to DDG: Strategic Management before end March of each year.
Assumptions	Departments submit draft strategic planning documents (SP if necessary and APP) by due date, which reflect alignment to the provincial priorities.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Annual
Desired performance	To conduct analysis on alignment of 100% of all plans received (new and revisions) before end of December each year (3 rd quarter).
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Departmental Strategic Planning
Indicator Title	58. Number of reports on the implementation of the Provincial Planning Commission business plan
Definition	To measure functionality of the KwaZulu-Natal Provincial Planning Commission (KZN PPC) and progress being made in terms of its Mandate.
Source of data	Approved Terms of Reference for the PPC (2017); PPC Business Plan; Minutes of PPC meetings, Reports received from Commissioners.
Method of Calculation / Assessment	Simple count and content of report to reflect on the Progress with the implementation of the Business Plan with recommendations.
Means of verification	Proof of submission to the Chairperson of the Provincial Planning Commission (e-mail) and submission to the Deputy Director-General as the Head of the Secretariat
	(email and/or document tracking record). Report submitted before the end of the quarter, on progress against the previous quarter.
Assumptions	quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. PPC members appointed and attending meetings and commitments PPC members reporting on engagements
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. PPC members appointed and attending meetings and commitments PPC members reporting on engagements Quorum of meetings. Not applicable
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. PPC members appointed and attending meetings and commitments PPC members reporting on engagements Quorum of meetings.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type	quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. PPC members appointed and attending meetings and commitments PPC members reporting on engagements Quorum of meetings. Not applicable
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type Reporting Cycle	quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. PPC members appointed and attending meetings and commitments PPC members reporting on engagements Quorum of meetings. Not applicable Non-cumulative Quarterly
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial Transformation (where applicable) Calculation Type	quarter, on progress against the previous quarter. PPC members appointed and attending meetings and commitments PPC members reporting on engagements Quorum of meetings. Not applicable Non-cumulative

Indicator Title	59. PGDS reviewed
Definition	The Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (PGDS) is a strategic Macro Planning Instrument which drives the implementation of the NDP and the MTSF at a Provincial Level. The Implementation of the Plan is driven through the Provincial Growth and Development Plan and/or MTSF Implementation Plan. The PGDS is reviewed every 5 years – last review was undertaken in 2015-2016. The reviews are undertaken to ensure delivery remains responsive to the contextual changes in the delivery environment against the long-term Vision for 2030. The process is driven through the Provincial Planning Commission.
Source of data	Reports from the PGDP Tech Committee Meetings (steering committee) regarding process and progress; Minutes of PPC meetings regarding the PGDS Review and their recommendations.
Method of Calculation /	Simple count (one plan reviewed) and progress monitoring in the development of
Assessment	the strategy
Means of verification	Copies of minutes reflecting progress of sections reviewed, and final reviewed draft strategy submitted to the Provincial Planning Commission for consideration by 31 March.
Assumptions	Participation and inputs by departments, and external stakeholders. Buy-in into the review process and support through Cluster system. Timely processing of inputs by the Provincial Planning Commission
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	Not applicable
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	Not applicable
Calculation Type	Non-cumulative. Qualitative and Simple count. (Completion of report) and progress reflected in PPC and/or PGDP Tech Committee Minutes.
Reporting Cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	PGDS Reviewed by 31 March 2021
Indicator Responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Planning, Research and Policy Coordination
Indicator Title	60. Number of reports on level of compliance with Batho Pele principles
Definition	Reports on level of compliance with Batho Pele principles across provincial departments.
Source of data	Reporting Tool
Method of Calculation	Simple Count
Means of verification	Submission of report to the DDG: Institutional Development and Integrity Management. Report to reflect findings on departments monitored, compliance findings, challenges, interventions and recommendations. Reporting is retrospective i.e. the bi-annual report is based on the previous quarters i.e. Q2 report will reflect on Q1 findings.
Assumptions	Submission of reports from Batho Pele Coordinators in departments within the required reporting requirements.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation Type	Cumulative
Reporting Cycle	Bi-annual
Desired performance	Quarterly reports on levels of Batho Pele compliance submitted.
Indicator Responsibility	Director: Service Delivery Improvement

Programme 3b

Indicator Title	61. Number of KwaZulu-Natal Zulu Royal House Trust quarterly monitoring reports.
Definition	This is a monitoring report by the Chief Directorate to assess and evaluate whether activities of the Trust as a departmental entity are delivering on its mandate
Source of data	Progress reports, photos, agendas and attendance registers.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Monitoring report submitted to the DDG Stakeholder Coordination. The report to include progress being made by the Trust against operational plan indicators and on budget requirements for the next quarter and the budget expenditure for the previous month as well as cash flow projections for the month following.
Assumptions	Validated progress reports received from the entity.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	n/a
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	n/a
Calculation type	Cumulative year end.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Report submitted within 10 day of end of each quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director King's Support and Royal Household.
Indicator Title	62. KwaZulu-Natal Zulu Royal House Trust Annual Performance Plan assessment report.
Definition	This is assessment report by the Chief Directorate to assess and evaluate whether the Trust as a departmental entity is achieving its set APP targets.
Source of data	Annual Performance and Operational Plans from the Zulu Royal House Trust Performance reports, and photos.
Method of calculation	Simple Count
Means of verification	Assessment report submitted to the DDG Stakeholder Coordination. The report to include an assessment of the entity's plan with respect to the agreement between the OTP and the entity and its achievement of its mandate.
Assumptions	Receipt of Annual Performance Plan from the KZN Zulu Royal House Trust.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Report submitted in the 3rd quarter to allow the entity to make the necessary refinements in their plan.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director King's Support and Royal Household
Indicator Title Definition	63. Number of His Majesty the King's support plans developed This relates to the development and implementation of a plan of support services provided by the Chief Directorate to the King.
Source of data	Meetings, plans, agendas, and attendance registers, plan of support signed as approved by the DDG: Stakeholder Management and co-signed by the KwaZulu-Natal Zulu Royal House Trust seven days before the beginning of the new financial year.
Method of calculation	Simple Count
Means of verification	Reports on the progress made per quarter with the implementation of the approved support plan. Report to be submitted to DDG and to include high level activities that were implemented as per support plan, challenges and recommendations.
Assumptions	The Trust will agree with contents of the support plan and provide sign off.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Monitoring reports on the implementation of the plan provided quarterly within 7 days of end of quarter to the DDG.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director King's Support and Royal Household

Indicator Title	64. Number of annual implementation reports on Phase IV of the PEMP Master Plan
Definition	Annual Cumulative Report consolidating the implementation of Phase 4 of PEMP rollout includes challenges experience success etc.
Source of data	Quarterly Reports developed for PEMP AND from Departments Municipalities and other Stakeholders
Method of calculation	Simple Count
Means of verification	Annual Report to the DDG of the Branch before the end of the first quarter of the new financial year on implementation of Phase 4 of PEMP rollout includes challenges experience success etc.
Assumptions	Lack of cooperation from Government Departments Municipalities and other Stakeholders.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Province Wide
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
Desired performance	Quarterly reports consolidating the implementation of Phase 4 of PEMP rollout includes challenges experience success etc.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Priority Programmes
Indicator Title	65. Number of quarterly coordination reports on progress with PEMP implementation by departments
Definition	These reports provide progress of the phase iv on the implementation of the Poverty Eradication Master Plan. The operationalisation of this plan is being facilitated by the Office of the Premier under Programme 3- Stakeholder Coordination.
Source of data	Information collated from Departments and Municipalities on Poverty Eradiation Projects/Programmes and Interventions/challenges.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	1 report per quarter to be submitted to the Branch Head on the implementation of the PEMP programme by departments. Report to include projects progress against project/programmes milestones, challenges and interventions. These reports will also record progress on land reform support.
Assumptions	Commitment and cooperation of departments and stakeholders
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Province wide.
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	1 report on progress per quarter, the report to be submitted to the Branch Head within 10 days of the end of the quarter. Report to include progress against project milestones and business plan, challenges, interventions and recommendations, meetings, resolutions and decision matrices.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Priority Programmes
1	, ,
Indicator Title	66. Number of quarterly reports on the implementation of the revitalised strategy of OSS
Definition	Report on the progress being made with the implementation of the Revitalisation Strategy of Operation Sukuma Sakhe.
Source of data	Quarterly Reports from the District Task Teams on progress being made on the implementation of the Revitalisation Strategy OSS
Method of calculation	Simple Count
Means of verification	Consolidated Quarterly Reports submitted to the DDG: Stakeholder Branch. Content of the report to include progress, challenges, achievements and recommendations.
Assumptions	District Task Teams submit reports on time with correct information.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Province Wide.
Calculation type	Cumulative year end.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Report to be submitted within a month of end of quarter
Indicator responsibility	Director: Special Projects

Indicator Title	67. Number of consolidated multi-sectorial intervention monitoring and coordination reports on HIV and AIDS and TB
Definition	Consolidated multi-sectoral intervention monitoring and coordination report on HIV and AIDS (note: reports are done on the preceding year and / or quarter)
Source of data	Quarterly reports and records from 11 District AIDS Councils, Development Partners and Civil Society Forum
Method of calculation	Simple count of summative reports
Means of verification	Provincial Synthesis Report on progress against targets for selected core indicators of the HIV and AIDS, STIs and TB Provincial Implementation Plan 2017 -2022, submitted to the MANCO at the end of two months after the end of preceding quarter.
Assumptions	Information required from the District AIDS Councils, Development Partnership and Civil Society Forum is provided timeously.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative (Year End)
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Submission of Report to DDG within one month after the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Director: HIV and AIDS
Indicator Title	68. Number of quarterly coordination reports on Inkululeko Development projects
Definition	Reports on the progress of Inkululeko Projects
Source of data	Quarterly reports from the implementing agents i.e. PUBLIC Works and COGTA
Method of calculation	Simple Count
Means of verification	Quarterly Reports including progress against project plan, achievements, and challenges submitted to the DDG: Stakeholder Branch.
Assumptions	Reports from each department that has projects within Inkululeko Development Projects, received timeously.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	uMkhanyakude and uMzinyathi Districts
Calculation type	Simple Count
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Report submitted to DDG within one month before the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Special Projects
Indicator Title	69. Number of Veteran Support Services Coordination Reports
Definition	Quarterly monitoring and coordination reports on sector departments and municipalities support to the military veterans.
Source of data	Quarterly reports of the unit and the reports coordinated from departments and municipalities.
Method of calculation	Simple count of summative reports
Means of verification	Quarterly reports submitted to CD: Stakeholder Management by the end of each quarter. Report to include the progress on the implementation plan of the Military Veterans.
Assumptions	Reports submitted timeously by Departments and municipalities
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Monthly reports on Veteran Support Services provided to the Chief Director.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Human Rights

Indicator Title	70. Number of reports on the Interventions of the Rapid Response Programme
Definition	This is an initiative by both government and the private sector responding to the economic instability created by disturbances coming from various groups due to high unemployment and unscrupulous individuals.
Source of data	Attendance Registers, completed template for Service Delivery Challenges & Recommendations
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Consolidated quarterly reports on the Interventions of the Rapid Response Programme. Reports to include current / new issues and past interventions with current progress reported to the Chief Director: Priority Programmes with updates on all interventions, successes, challenges and where necessary way forward requested and recommendation.
Assumptions	Participation & inputs by relevant (affected) stakeholders outside of OTP.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Province Wide.
Calculation type	Cumulative Year
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Report submitted within 10 day of end of quarter to Branch Head.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Priority Programmes
Indicator Title	71. Number of quarterly reports of District Multi-Sectoral Stakeholder engagements
Definition	Reports on Strategic District Multi-Sectoral Stakeholder Dialogues and Engagements with Business, Labour, Academia, Faith Based Organisations, CBOs, and NGOs in an integrated approach with District Task Teams.
Source of data	Manager's Report on dialogues and engagements on Multi-Sectoral Stakeholders dialogues and engagements which may include Faith Based Organisations, Labour and Academia, CBOs and NGOs. Minutes of DTT meetings.
Method of calculation	Simple count.
Means of verification	One Consolidated Report for District Multi-Sectoral Stakeholder Dialogue and Engagements which may include Faith Based, Traditional Leadership & Business, Labour, Academics, NGOs & CBOs (depending on their availability) to be submitted to the DDG Stakeholder Coordination. Report to include issues discussed, recommendations and interventions.
Assumptions	Attendance and full participation by Multi-Sectoral Stakeholders and relevant Departments and Municipalities.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Province wide
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Monthly Reports on engagements submitted to DDG: Stakeholder Branch within 10 days of end of each month.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Strategic Partnerships

Indicator Title	72. Number of reports on strategic engagements held with farm workers and farm dwellers
Definition	To provide support to farm dwellers and farm workers (labour tenants on farms and land beneficiaries from land reform farms including issues of service delivery.
Source of data	Regular Meetings and Engagements accumulated into a quarterly report. This may include intervention meetings and service delivery meetings. Minutes of meetings, agendas, attendance registers.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Means of verification	Report on the provision of support to farm workers and farm dwellers submitted to the CD: Priority Programmes within 30 days of end of quarter. Report to include nature of support required, support provided & challenges & recommendations. Nature of support could be varied given the complexity of the issues and the vulnerability of the farm workers and farm dwellers encountered e.g. protection of rights, lack of services, unfair practices.
Assumptions	Access to farms and access to data in the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform. Availability of support at the time that farm workers and farm dwellers are available to receive support.
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Province wide.
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	Report submitted to CD: Priority Programmes within 10 days of end of quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Priority Programmes
Indicator Title	73. Number of MRM coordination reports
Definition	This is a programme, which aims at enhancing moral values, Ubuntu, nation building, unity and promotion of social cohesion within various communities to ensure peace throughout the country.
Source of data	Written reports with relevant minutes/agendas/reports and attendance registers (where relevant) signed off by the Chief Director Priority Programmes. Records, agenda's and/or reports from the Chief Director Priority Programmes
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports
Means of verification	Summative coordinated reports on Moral Regeneration Movement structures and activities, including summits. Report to include sectors, nature of interventions, structures, venue, date, attendees, significant value of engagement, challenges and
	interventions (if applicable). Quarterly reports to be submitted to the Chief Director Priority Programmes
Assumptions	Priority Programmes Inputs from stakeholders outside of OTP (Community driven as per moral decay prevalence in specific areas
Assumptions Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable)	Priority Programmes Inputs from stakeholders outside of OTP (Community driven as per moral decay
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial transformation (where applicable)	Priority Programmes Inputs from stakeholders outside of OTP (Community driven as per moral decay prevalence in specific areas Not applicable Province wide
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial transformation (where applicable) Calculation type	Priority Programmes Inputs from stakeholders outside of OTP (Community driven as per moral decay prevalence in specific areas Not applicable Province wide Cumulative
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial transformation (where applicable) Calculation type Reporting cycle	Priority Programmes Inputs from stakeholders outside of OTP (Community driven as per moral decay prevalence in specific areas Not applicable Province wide Cumulative Quarterly
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (where applicable) Spatial transformation (where applicable) Calculation type	Priority Programmes Inputs from stakeholders outside of OTP (Community driven as per moral decay prevalence in specific areas Not applicable Province wide Cumulative

Indicator Title	74. Number of Izimbizo, Sector & Stakeholder engagement co-ordination
	reports
Definition	Number of Izimbizo coordination reports on all the activities of Izimbizo such Premier's Izimbizo which can take the form of a Sectoral Izimbizo, Service Delivery
	Izimbizo and Stakeholder engagements held by the Premier.
Source of data	Consolidated report on Izimbizo and programme initiatives.
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports
Means of verification	Izimbizo reports and other reports generated from the public intervention. These are quarterly generated reports on Premier's/Presidential Izimbizo new matters received for intervention, progress reports on all matters at hand and update on interventions by departments and sectors that are tracked. Report would include Imbizo matters raised by the community, responses and action plan in dealing with matters as would be directed by the Premier. Responses from relevant departments either as committed on site of Imbizo or in response to Imbizo report which gets compiled and sent to all Departments through OSS for action and follow up on progress. Consolidated report submitted to the Chief Director Priority Programmes.
Assumptions	Timeous inputs from Provincial, National and Local Government departments.
Disaggregation of Beneficiaries (where applicable)	N/A
Spatial Transformation (where applicable)	N/A
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
Desired performance	4 Quarterly reports per year. 1 report per quarter, relating to matters on the preceding quarter, within 7 working days of the end of the quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Priority Programmes





ISBN: 978-1-920041-67-0